



A MITEL
PRODUCT
GUIDE

Unify OpenScape UC Application V10

Planning Guide

Planning Guide

04/2026

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1 History of Changes

Date	Changes	Reason
01-11-2019	UC V10 initiation	N/A
25-11-2019	Removed all references to WebClient 1.0	UCBE-21878
05-02-2020	Updated 9.6.1 Planning System Requirements	UCBE-22485
12-03-2020	Updated 9.5.4 Verifying Restrictions	UCBE-20185
01-06-2020	Removed all references to SLES 11	UCBE-23433
23-06-2020	Added: - 8.9 Planning for WebRTC functionality	UCBE-23367
30-07-2020	Added general restrictions for Qualys appliances scans	UCBE-24154
24-08-2020	Updated 6.6.9 Performance Data of the OpenScape Media Server with WebRTC entry	UCBE-24284
07-09-2020	Updated: - 8.9.3 Planning required WebRTC licenses - 8.5.2 Planning System Requirements for the Instant-Messaging System	UCBE-24470 UCBE-24410
21-10-2020	Removed the restriction that only one Merdia Server is supported with WebRTC	UCBE-24499
11-11-2020	Updated: - 8.9 Planning for WebRTC functionality, with OS4K connection	UCBE-23368
09-12-2020	Restriction about SRTP removed	DOCLOC-4023
23-12-2020	Added line about ONS/OND WebRTC setup in: - 8.9.2 Prerequisites	UCBE-25444
11-01-2021	Added restriction about DAKS in: - 7.4.1 Checking technical Restrictions on OpenScape 4000/ Restrictions on OpenScape 4000 V7 and higher	UCBE-25658
29-01-2021	Added line about STMIX boards and SoftGate (virtual HG). STMI2 and STMI4 boards in: - 8.9.2 Prerequisites Added line about ONS (UC user) in the UC user Call Control. - 7.4.1 Checking technical Restrictions on OpenScape 4000	UCBE-25743 UCBE-25794
19-02-2021	Updated: - 7.2 Comparing system-depending Features for a direct Connection	UCBE-25464

History of Changes

Date	Changes	Reason
24-03-2021	Updated: - 7.4.1 Checking technical Restrictions on Connecting - 8.9.1 Restrictions	UCBE-25991
06-07-2021	Removed restriction about UC/CC same BGL/line from: - 7.3 Checking technical Restrictions on OpenScape Voice	
03-08-2021	Updated: - 7.4.1 Checking technical Restrictions on OpenScape 4000/ Restrictions on OpenScape 4000 V7 and higher	UCBE-27013
23-08-2021	Updated: - 7.2 Comparing system-depending Features for a direct Connection - 7.4.1 Checking technical Restrictions on Connecting OpenScape 4000 directly	DOCLOC-4823
02-09-2021	Updated: - 7.9.2 Prerequisite (minor correction to the number of WebRTC licenses for Small deployment)	UCBE-27721
25-10-2021	Added: - 3.3.10 OpenScape UC Desktop Application - 9.10 Planning for OpenScape UC Desktop Application	UCBE-28450
02-12-2021	Updated: - 5.1 Supported Deployment Scenarios - 8.9.1 Restrictions - 8.9.2 Prerequisites - Added UC Desk App and removed Windows 7 support	UCBE-28450 UCBE-28653 UCBE-28780 UCBE-28813
13-12-2021	Added: - 8.9.5 WebRTC Bandwidth Requirements Removed: - Restrictions about Video in OS4K	UCBE-26507 DOCLOC-5182
18-01-2022	Added: - 8.9.8 WebRTC Screen Sharing Updated: - 7.4.1 Checking technical Restrictions on Connecting OpenScape 4000 directly	UCBE-29149 UCBE-29151 UCBE-28813 DOCLOC-4369

Date	Changes	Reason
17-02-2022	Updated: - 9.5.4 Verifying Restrictions - 6.4.7 Performance Data of the OpenScape Media Server - 8.9.3 Planning required WebRTC licenses	UCBE-29257 UCBE-29479
17-03-2022	Updated: - Removed support of JPL devices from 9.10.1 Planning System Requirements	DOCLOC-5566
06-04-2022	Updated: - 9.5.1 Planning OpenScape Fusion for Office System Requirements - 9.10.1 Planning System Requirements	UCBE-29747
13-05-2022	Updated: - 7.4.1 Checking technical Restrictions on Connecting OpenScape 4000 directly	UCBE-30070
21-10-2022	Added: - The "OpenScape UC Application and dialing feature codes on OS4K" section to chapter 7.4.1 Checking technical Restrictions on Connecting OpenScape 4000 directly	DOCLOC-6311
04-11-2022	Updated: - History of Changes	UCBE-31380
07-03-2023	Updated: - 7.4.1 Checking technical Restrictions on Connecting OpenScape 4000 directly	UCBE-32138
27-06-2023	Updated: - 6.6.3 Planning General Hardware Requirements - 6.5.3 Planning General Hardware Requirements Added: - 8.12 Planning for video conferencing - 9.12.1 Load formulas	UCBE-32811
21-07-2023	Updated: - 7.4.1 Checking technical Restrictions on Connecting OpenScape 4000 directly	DOCLOC-7522
19-12-2023	Updated: - 7.4.1 Checking technical Restrictions on Connecting OpenScape 4000	UCBE-33922
26-01-2024	Updated: - 7.4.1 Checking technical Restrictions on Connecting OpenScape 4000	DOCLOC-8240
22-09-2025	Updated chapter: Planning required WebRTC licenses on page 145	UCBE-36936
24-02-2026	Updated: Performance Data of the OpenScape Media Server on page 75 Performance Data of the OpenScape Media Server on page 84	UCBE-39200

History of Changes

Date	Changes	Reason
27-02-2026	Updated: Planning the Hardware Requirements on page 59 Planning General Hardware Requirements on page 68 Planning general Hardware Requirements on page 81 Planning System Requirements for the Instant-Messaging System on page 127	UCBE-39199
19-03-2026	Updates: Checking technical Restrictions on Connecting OpenScape 4000 directly on page 102	DOCLOC-9871
01-04-2026	Updated: Operating System Licenses for central Components on page 190	DOCLOC-10099

2 About this Manual

This chapter provides information about the following topics:

- [Target Group of this Manual](#)
- [This Manual's Content](#)
- [Manual Structure](#)
- [General Conventions](#)
- [Representation Conventions](#)
- [Acronyms used](#)
- [Continuative Documentation](#)
- [Data Protection and Data Security](#)

2.1 Target Group of this Manual

This manual is intended for persons who plan to establish an OpenScape UC Application system in the relevant software version.

Readers should have the following knowledge to use the information provided in this documentation.

- Knowledge of the OpenScape UC Application features
- Knowledge of the general working method of information technology and voice communication systems
- Knowledge of terms used in the information technology and voice communication environment.

2.2 This Manual's Content

This manual describes how to plan a communications solution based on OpenScape UC Application V10.

What you do not find in this manual

This manual does not consider the following topics:

- Deployment scenarios offered by the OpenScape UC Application setup but that do not contain OpenScape UC Application components.
- How to plan deploying the communications system used. You find information about this in the planning guide of the communications system used.
- How to install, upgrade, configure or administer OpenScape UC Application components. You find information about this in the manuals of the system components concerned.

2.3 Manual Structure

This manual is divided into the following chapters:

[About this Manual on page 13](#)

This chapter contains general information about the manual itself. It helps you finding your way on the following pages and to quickly access important and useful information.

[Overview of the UC Application Components on page 20](#)

This chapter introduces you to the OpenScape UC Application components, which are essential for planning a communications solution based on OpenScape UC Application.

[Planning-Process Overview on page 28](#)

This chapter introduces you to the single planning steps you need to execute for planning a communications solution based on OpenScape UC Application and that are described in this manual.

[Selecting the Deployment Scenario on page 29](#)

The information given in this chapter will support you in selecting the OpenScape UC Application deployment scenario from the recommended ones suitable for your application case.

[Planning for central UC Application Components on page 50](#)

This chapter contains information with which you can plan the central OpenScape UC Application components.

[Planning for connecting the external Communications System on page 88](#)

This chapter contains information with which you can plan the connection of communications systems to OpenScape UC Application.

[Planning for Connecting further external Systems on page 114](#)

This chapter contains information with which you can plan the connection of further external systems to OpenScape UC Application.

[Planning for the Connection of OpenScape Clients on page 149](#)

This chapter contains information with which you can plan the use of UC Application clients.

[Planning for Licenses on page 188](#)

This chapter describes which licenses you need to use OpenScape UC Application.

[Environment-dependent Plannings on page 208](#)

This chapter contains information that supports you in planning individual solution scenarios.

[Planning Worksheets on page 209](#)

This chapter contains worksheets that you can use for planning a communications solution based on OpenScape UC Application.

2.4 General Conventions

Version 7 changes the name of the product HiPath 4000 to OpenScape 4000.

In this manual we use the product name OpenScape 4000 as synonym for both name variants. If information depends on the product version, we mention the relevant product version explicitly.

2.5 Representation Conventions

To highlight information, we use the following markups and representations in this manual.

- [Text Markups](#)
- [Further Markups](#)

2.5.1 Text Markups

In this manual we use the following markups to highlight selected text passages.

For the following elements	Example
• Book title	<i>OpenScape UC Application Planning Guide</i>
• System entries and outputs • File names and system directory specifications • File contents	<code>conn %CONNECTION_NAME%</code>
• Menu names and entries in a GUI • Names of GUI entry fields • GUI buttons • GUI tabs • Names of keyboard keys • Highlighted names	Click on Save to ...
Specifications with individual contents.	• C:\<user directory>\ • <address list>
Active cross reference for skipping to the specified passage in the manual.	• Text Markups • About this Manual on page 13
Sequence of menu entries to be selected	Users & Resources > Resources

2.5.2 Further Markups

Critical notes and additional information are indicated in this manual in the following manner:

IMPORTANT: This indicates notes that carry information of **high priority**. Please definitely read and heed such notes to avoid malfunctions, loss of data or damages to devices.

NOTICE: Notes indicated in this way point to information worth knowing or useful tips.

2.6 Acronyms used

In this manual we use the following acronyms.

Table 1: Acronyms used

Acronym	Meaning
AD	Active Directory
API	Application Programming Interface
CA	Certificate Authority
CAD	Calling Number
CALEA	Communications Assistance for Law Enforcement Act
CMP	Common Management Platform
CSR	Certificate Signing Request
CSTA	Computer Supported Telecommunications Applications
CTI	Computer Telephony Integration
CWA	Communicator Web Access
DNS	Domain Name Service
FQDN	Fully Qualified Domain Name
GRUU	Globally Routable User Agent URI
GUI	Graphical User Interface
HTML	Hypertext Markup Language
HTTP	Hypertext Transfer Protocol
HTTPS	Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure
ID	Identification description
IIS	Internet Information Service
IM	Instant Messaging
IP	Internet Protocol

Acronym	Meaning
IPSec	Internet Protocol Security
ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network
LDAP	Lightweight Directory Access Protocol
MAC	Media Access Control
MGCP	Media Gateway Control Protocol
MS	Microsoft
OND	One-number device
ONS	One-number service
OS	OpenScape
OWA	Outlook Web Access
PE	Personal Edition of the OpenScape Desktop Client
PID	Permission ID
PIN	Personal Identification Number
PKCS	Public Key Cryptography Standards
PKI	Public Key Infrastructure
PSTN	Public Switched Telephony Network
QoS	Quality of Service
RTP	Real Time Transport Protocol
SAN	Subject Alternative Names
SIP	Session Initiation Protocol
SIP SM	SIP service manager
SSL	Secure Sockets Layer
TCP	Transmission Control Protocol
TCSPI	Telephony Conferencing Service Provider Interface
TK	Telecommunication
TLS	Transport Layer Security
TSE	Trusted Service Entry
TTM	Trusted Transfer Mode
TTS	Text-to-Speech
TUI	Telephony User Interface

Acronym	Meaning
UC	Unified Communications
UCMA	Unified Communications Managed API
UDP	User Datagram Protocol
URI	Uniform Resource Identifier
WE	Enterprise Web Embedded Edition of the OpenScape Desktop Client
XML	Extensible Markup Language
XMPP	Extensible Messaging and Presence Protocol
XPR	OpenScape Xpressions

2.7 Continuative Documentation

You find a list of all OpenScape UC Application manuals in the manual *OpenScape UC Application, System Description*.

2.8 Data Protection and Data Security

This system also processes and uses personal data for purposes such as billing, displays, and customer data acquisition.

In Germany, the processing and use of such personal data is subject to various regulations, including the regulations of the Federal Data Protection Law (Bundesdatenschutzgesetz = BDSG). For other countries, please follow the appropriate national laws.

The aim of data protection is to protect the rights of individuals being affected by use of their personal data.

In addition, the aim of data protection is to prevent the misuse of data when it is processed and to ensure that one's own interests and the interests of other parties which need to be protected are not affected.

NOTICE: The customer is responsible for ensuring that the system is installed, operated and maintained in accordance with all applicable labor laws and regulations and all laws and regulations relating to data protection, privacy and safe labor environment.

Members of the Unify GmbH & Co. KG are required to observe business and data secrecy as a result of the company's work rules.

In order to ensure that the statutory requirements during service – whether during “on-site service” or during “remote service” – are consistently met, you should always observe the following rules. You will not only maintain the interests of your and our customers, you will also avoid personal consequences.

A conscientious and responsible approach helps protect data and ensure privacy:

- Ensure that only authorized persons have access to customer data.
- Take full advantage of password assignment options; do not allow unauthorized persons to gain access to passwords by writing them down on a piece of paper or via other means.
- Ensure that no unauthorized person is able to process (store, modify, transmit, disable, delete) or use customer data in any way.
- Prevent unauthorized persons from gaining access to storage media, such as backup diskettes or log printouts. This applies to service calls as well as to storage and transport.
- Ensure that storage media which are no longer required are completely destroyed. Ensure that no sensitive documents are left unprotected.

Work closely with your customer contact; this promotes trust and reduces your workload.

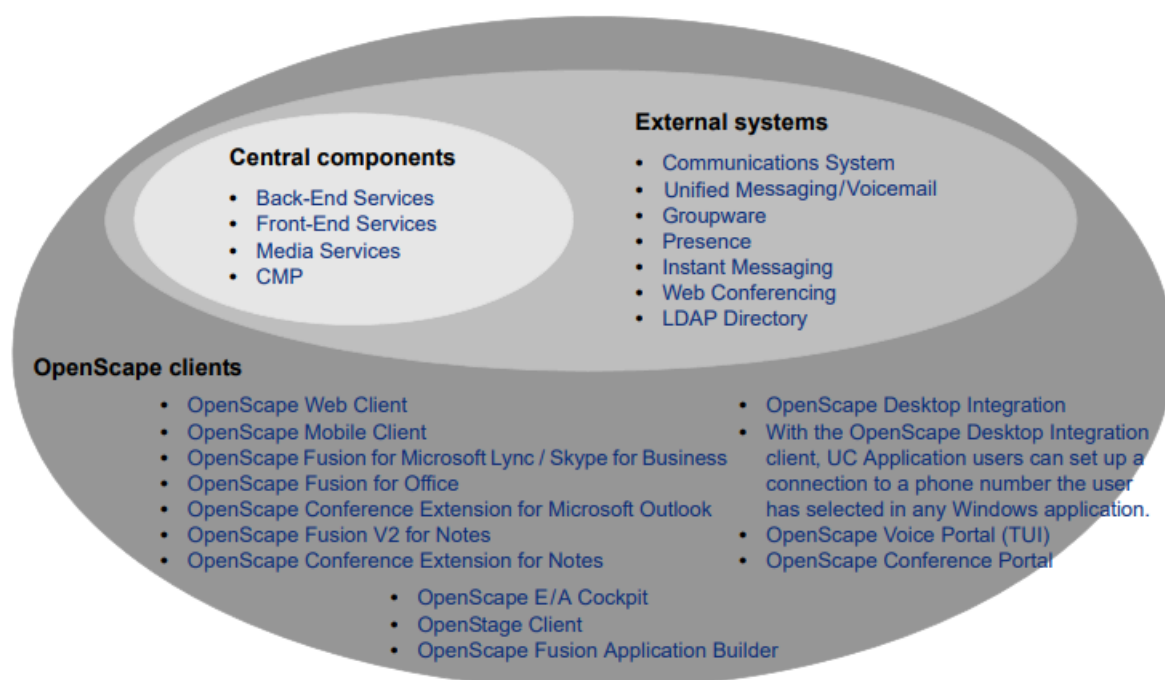
3 Overview of the UC Application Components

This chapter provides information about the following topics:

- [Dividing the Components](#)
- [Central Components Overview](#)
- [Client Components Overview](#)
- [Overview of the Connections to external Systems](#)

3.1 Dividing the Components

The following figure divides the OpenScape UC Application components in three groups. The planning steps in this manual are based on this division.



The following sections of this chapter describe the basic functions of the different OpenScape UC Application components. You find a detailed feature description of OpenScape UC Application in the OpenScape UC Application – System Description manual.

3.2 Central Components Overview

From a simple point of view, OpenScape UC Application consists of the following central components:

- [Back-End Services](#)
- [Front-End Services](#)
- [Media Services](#)

- [CMP](#)

The following sections describe the basic features of these components.

3.2.1 Back-End Services

The back-end services enable the application logic (business logic) of OpenScape UC Application. The OpenScape UC Application data management is also considered a back-end service in this manual.

The back-end services are always installed on the application computer of the UC Application landscape.

3.2.2 Front-End Services

The front-end services represent in OpenScape UC Application the communication interface for the OpenScape Web Client. They are based on a web server of type Apache Tomcat.

The front-end services are installed either on the application computer or on an independent computer system of the UC Application landscape.

3.2.3 Media Services

The OpenScape UC Application media services are provided by the OpenScape Media Server. Their major tasks are:

- Providing the OpenScape UC Application voice portal
- Providing the OpenScape UC Application conference portal
- Processing media streams within OpenScape UC Application
- Generating tones and announcements for operating OpenScape Voice and playing these on terminal devices

The media services are installed either on the application computer or on an independent computer system of the UC Application landscape.

3.2.4 CMP

The CMP is a browser-based configuration interface for the OpenScape communications solution. It contains general management features that you can use to administer default components of the OpenScape communications solution.

In addition to these general management features the CMP can integrate further administration interfaces, which belong to other, independent OpenScape components. For example, the OpenScape Voice Assistant, with

Overview of the UC Application Components

Client Components Overview

which you administer and configure the OpenScape Voice communications system.

The CMP is always installed on the application computer of the UC Application landscape.

3.3 Client Components Overview

OpenScape UC Application supports the following client components:

- [OpenScape Web Client](#)
- [OpenScape Mobile Client](#)
- [OpenStage Client](#)
- [OpenScape Fusion for Microsoft Lync / Skype for Business](#)
- [OpenScape Fusion for Office](#)
- [OpenScape Fusion V2 for Notes](#)
- [OpenScape Conference Extension for Notes](#)
- [OpenScape Conference Extension for Microsoft Outlook](#)
- [OpenScape Desktop Integration](#)
- [With the OpenScape Desktop Integration client, UC Application users can set up a connection to a phone number the user has selected in any Windows application.](#)
- [OpenScape Voice Portal \(TUI\)](#)
- [OpenScape Conference Portal](#)
- [OpenScape Fusion Application Builder](#)
- [OpenScape Auto Attendant](#)
- [OpenScape E / A Cockpit](#)

The following sections describe the basic features of these components.

3.3.1 OpenScape Web Client

UC Application users can deploy OpenScape Web Client to access the OpenScape UC Application services browser-based. The only requirement is here that the user's computer is equipped with a web browser.

3.3.2 OpenScape Mobile Client

UC Application users can deploy OpenScape Mobile Client to access the OpenScape UC Application services via cell phone.

3.3.3 OpenStage Client

The OpenStage client is a server application that you can use on telephones of type OpenStage 60/80 for setting frequently required communications features of OpenScape UC Application.

3.3.4 OpenScape Fusion for Microsoft Lync / Skype for Business

OpenScape Fusion for Microsoft Lync / Skype for Business allows UC Application users to deploy UC Application features from the GUI of their Microsoft Lync / Skype for Business client.

3.3.5 OpenScape Fusion for Office

OpenScape Fusion for Office allows UC Application users to deploy UC Application features from the GUI of their Microsoft Outlook client.

3.3.6 OpenScape Conference Extension for Microsoft Outlook

UC Application users can deploy OpenScape Conference Extension for Microsoft Outlook to schedule and monitor telephone and web conferences in their Microsoft Outlook client. Furthermore, UC Application users can synchronize their OpenScape presence status with their Microsoft Outlook calendar data.

NOTICE: OpenScape Fusion for Office contains OpenScape Conference Extension for Microsoft Outlook, so when OpenScape Fusion for Office is installed there is no need to install OpenScape Conference Extension for Microsoft Outlook.

3.3.7 OpenScape Fusion V2 for Notes

OpenScape Fusion V2 for Notes allows UC Application users to deploy UC Application features from the GUI of their Notes client.

3.3.8 OpenScape Conference Extension for Notes

UC Application users can deploy OpenScape Conference Extension for Notes to schedule and monitor telephone and web conferences in their Notes client. Furthermore, UC Application users can synchronize their OpenScape presence status with their Notes calendar data.

NOTICE: OpenScape Fusion V2 for Notes contains OpenScape Conference Extension for Notes, so when OpenScape Fusion V2 for Notes is installed there is no need to install OpenScape Conference Extension for Notes.

3.3.9 OpenScape Desktop Integration

With the OpenScape Desktop Integration client, UC Application users can set up a connection to a phone number the user has selected in any Windows application.

3.3.10 OpenScape UC Desktop Application

The OpenScape UC Desktop App is an OpenScape UC client that can be installed in the user's computer desktop. It's designed to tightly integrate with the OpenScape UC WebClient, adding extra features with the purpose to allow a better user experience and interaction with the suit of OpenScape products.

The OpenScape UC Desktop App provides all the existing UC WebClient features.

3.3.11 OpenScape Voice Portal (TUI)

The voice portal provides a telephone user interface (TUI) that users can deploy for accessing the extensive Unified Communications services of OpenScape UC Application. The user operates this telephone user interface via telephone keypad or by voice commands.

Please refer to [OpenScape Clients at OpenScape UC Application](#) on page 149 to see which OpenScape UC Application services you can use via the voice portal.

3.3.12 OpenScape Conference Portal

The conference portal provides virtual conference rooms in which users gather for staging audio and video conferences. Users can deploy any phone or softphone as audio terminal device. In [Section 8.11, "Planning for OpenScape Conference Portal"](#), on page 265 you find details about the supported video terminal devices.

Conferences can be scheduled and controlled via a phone interface (TUI) or via OpenScape-UC- Application clients.

3.3.13 OpenScape Fusion Application Builder

The OpenScape Fusion Application Builder is an administrator client. You can use it to create custom, IVR-based applications for the OpenScape Media Server. For this purpose, the flow chart of a passive or interactive voice dialog

application is designed on the GUI of the OpenScape Fusion Application Builder.

3.3.14 OpenScape Auto Attendant

OpenScape Auto Attendant provides the automated attendant – an automated central postmaster for OpenScape UC Application.

3.3.15 OpenScape E / A Cockpit

OpenScape E/A Cockpit enables an extended, dynamic forwarding logic for calls and is based on the status of the E/A group subscribers of OpenScape Voice.

3.4 Overview of the Connections to external Systems

OpenScape UC Application supports connections for the following system families:

- [Communications System](#)
- [Unified Messaging / Voicemail](#)
- [Groupware](#)
- [Presence](#)
- [Instant Messaging](#)
- [Web Conferencing](#)
- [LDAP Directory](#)

The following sections describe the basic features of each of these connections.

3.4.1 Communications System

OpenScape UC Application must always be connected to a communications system. This communications system provides the basic infrastructure for telecommunications services to the OpenScape UC Application components.

The following communications systems can be connected to OpenScape UC Application:

- OpenScape Voice
- OpenScape 4000

NOTICE: You find details of the versions of supported communications systems and the number of connectable systems in [Supported Deployment Scenarios](#) on page 29.

3.4.2 Unified Messaging / Voicemail

To expand the Unified Messaging services of OpenScape UC Application or to enable an improved migration of other systems of this family, other Unified Messaging systems can be connected to OpenScape UC Application.

Of the OpenScape system family, especially OpenScape Xpressions can be connected to OpenScape UC Application.

3.4.3 Groupware

OpenScape UC Application must be connected to a groupware system if no external Unified Messaging system is used – e. g. OpenScape Xpressions. This groupware system serves in particular as voice message store then.

OpenScape users may e. g. access the following personal information in the connected groupware system via a groupware connection:¹

- Private contacts
- Inbox
- Calendar

Of the groupware system family one of the following systems can be connected to OpenScape UC Application:

- Microsoft Exchange
- IBM Lotus Domino

NOTICE: In order for OpenScape users to administrate their Notes contacts in the OpenScape clients, they must be configured as roaming users in the Lotus Domino server or have their private address book actively stored on the Lotus Domino server.

NOTICE: While the groupware connector of OpenScape UC Application enables access to private Domino contacts, DirX or Tivoli realize additional access to global Domino contacts. DirX is not required here if Tivoli Identity Management is available for your system. Professional Services & Solutions (PS & S) of Unify Software and Solutions GmbH & Co. KG provides DirX and integrates and configures DirX individually.

3.4.4 Presence

¹ If you wish to connect an external LDAP directory to OpenScape UC Application (e. g. Microsoft Active Directory), you need to use the LDAP connection of OpenScape UC Application for this purpose. See [LDAP Directory](#) on page 27 on this. In this way you can provide an LDAP-based global contact list to OpenScape users, for example.

OpenScape UC Application can be connected to one the following external presence systems for exchanging presence information with them.

- Openfire
- Microsoft Lync Server / Skype for Business

NOTICE: Connecting Microsoft Lync Server / Skype for Business to OpenScape UC Application requires a project-specific release.

3.4.5 Instant Messaging

OpenScape UC Application can be connected to one the following external instant-messaging systems. This enables OpenScape users to exchange instant messages via the connected system.

- Openfire
- Microsoft Lync Server / Skype for Business

NOTICE: Connecting Microsoft Lync Server / Skype for Business to OpenScape UC Application requires a project-specific release.

3.4.6 Web Conferencing

OpenScape UC Application can in particular be connected to the external web conferencing system OpenScape Web Collaboration. OpenScape users are thus enabled to communicate via web conferences.

3.4.7 LDAP Directory

You connect the OpenScape system to external LDAP directories via an LDAP connection. In this way you can provide an LDAP-based global contact list to OpenScape users, for example.

4 Planning-Process Overview

As already described, you can divide the components of a UC Application system as follows:

- Central components
- OpenScape clients
- External systems

On grounds of this division we spread the planning for a UC Application system over the following sections:

1) [Selecting the Deployment Scenario](#)

You can install OpenScape UC Application in various, so-called deployment scenarios. Each of these deployment scenarios is tuned to a specific scope of system performance and features.

In this first planning step you select the deployment scenario that comes closest to your individual requirements.

2) [Overview of the UC Application Components](#)

After selecting the deployment scenario you plan the requirements of the central OpenScape components. In this planning step you determine e. g. which hardware requirements you must comply with for the central OpenScape components.

3) [Planning for connecting the external Communications System](#)

In this step you plan the requirements for connecting communications systems. For example, the requirements for connecting an OpenScape Voice system to OpenScape UC Application.

4) [Planning for Connecting further external Systems](#)

In this step you plan the requirements for connecting external foreign systems. For example, the requirements for connecting a Microsoft Exchange system to OpenScape UC Application.

5) [Planning for the Connection of OpenScape Clients](#)

In this step you plan all requirements on the infrastructure of the UC Application system so that you can use OpenScape clients.

6) [Planning for Licenses](#)

In this step you plan which licenses you will need for a UC Application system.

7) [Environment-dependent Plannings](#)

If you want to integrate OpenScape UC Application in an already existing communication environment, more individual requirements may have to be met. This last planning step goes into about such requirements.

5 Selecting the Deployment Scenario

This chapter provides information about the following topics:

- [Supported Deployment Scenarios](#)
- [Upgrading and Changing the Deployment Scenario](#)
- [Networking Deployment Scenarios](#)
- [Overview of the Deployment Scenarios' Structure](#)

5.1 Supported Deployment Scenarios

The structure of a UC Application landscape is largely determined by the system performance and features to be provided by the UC Application system.

Considering these properties you should use OpenScape UC Application in one of the following deployment scenarios.

NOTICE: The OpenScape UC Application setup may offer further deployment scenarios for installation. These do not contain any OpenScape UC Application components, though. Therefore they are not discussed in this manual.

- [Integrated Deployment](#)

IMPORTANT: This deployment scenario is not recommended for solutions that require an increased system availability.

- [Integrated Deployment with External Media Server](#)
- [Small Deployment](#)
- [Large Deployment](#)
- [Very Large Deployment](#)

The following table describes the general system load and the possible features for each of these deployment scenarios. The given numbers always apply for the maximum system extension of the relevant deployment scenario.

	Integrated Deployment ²	Small Deployment	Large Deployment	Very Large Deployment
Maximum number of UC Application users	1 250 ^{3, 4}	5000 ^{5, 6}	15 000 ⁵	200 000 ⁷

² Same for Integrated deployment with external media server

³ OpenScape Voice-only users + UC Application users ≤ 5 000

⁴ For the platforms IBM x 3550M3 and FSC RX200 S6

⁵ All UC Application users, either exclusively on the connected OpenScape Voice system or exclusively on the connected OpenScape 4000 systems.

⁶ inclusive OSMO users

⁷ Larger number of users possible on the basis of a project-specific release.

Selecting the Deployment Scenario

	Integrated Deployment ²	Small Deployment	Large Deployment	Very Large Deployment
Maximum number of UC Application users in case of an integrated Voicemail solution (voice portal)	1 250 ^{3, 4}	2 500	5 000	– (OpenScape Xpressions required as ext. UM solution)
Maximum number of UC Application clusters	–	–	–	5 ⁸
Maximum number of UC Application users per cluster	–	–	–	35 000
Maximum number of UC Application users in a virtual environment	1250 ^{3, 4}	2500	15 000	35 000 (per cluster)
Geographic distribution of the UC Application components	–	–	–	
Possible availability models for the application computer⁹	Cold stand-by	Cold stand-by Warm stand-by	Cold stand-by Warm stand-by	Cold stand-by Warm stand-by
Existing availability model for the computer systems of the front-end services	–	–	N + 1	N + 1
Existing availability model for the computer systems of the media services	–	–	N + 1 ¹⁰	N + 1 ¹⁰
System database of UC Application components	solidDB	MySQL ¹¹	MySQL ¹¹	MySQL

² Same for Integrated deployment with external media server

⁸ Larger number of clusters possible on the basis of a project-specific release.

⁹ Only Professional Services & Solutions (PS & S) of Unify Software and Solutions GmbH & Co. KG may configure the described availability models.

¹⁰ In a OpenScape 4000 environment without OpenScape Voice, several OpenScape Media Servers can only be used if a OpenScape 4000 SoftGate SIP Load Balancer is deployed.

¹¹ In V9R0, V9R1 and V9R2 it was solidDB

Selecting the Deployment Scenario

	Integrated Deployment ²	Small Deployment	Large Deployment	Very Large Deployment
Integrated presence feature	✓	✓	✓	✓
Connecting OpenScape Xpressions	✓	✓	✓	✓ (OpenScape Xpressions is always required as external Unified Messaging solution)
Connecting UC applications by third-party suppliers	✓	✓	✓	✓
Maximum number of groupware connections (IBM Lotus Domino or Microsoft Exchange)	1 (required if no external voicemail solution is available)	1 (required if no external voicemail solution is available)	1 (required if no external voicemail solution is available)	1 (per cluster)
Maximum number of Microsoft Lync / Skype for Business connections¹²	1	1	1	–
Maximum number of LDAP directory connections	any	any	any	any
Supports video conferences (video MCU)	–	✓	✓	✓
Number of OpenScape Mobile Clients supported by Facade server	max. number of UC Application users	max. number of UC Application users (virtual environment: 1 000)	max. number of UC Application users ¹³	max. number of UC Application users ¹³
Maximum number of Microsoft Lync / Skype for Business users in case of an Microsoft Lync / Skype for Business connection	max. number of UC Application users	max. number of UC Application users	max. number of UC Application users	–

² Same for Integrated deployment with external media server

¹² Connecting Microsoft Lync Server / Skype for Business to OpenScape UC Application requires a project-specific release.

¹³ Maximum 5 000 per Facade server.

Selecting the Deployment Scenario

	Integrated Deployment ²	Small Deployment	Large Deployment	Very Large Deployment
Maximum number of Openfire users	max. number of UC Application users	max. number of UC Application users	max. number of UC Application users	max. number of UC Application users
Maximum number of OpenScape Web Collaboration users	250	250	250	250 (per OpenScape Web Collaboration server)
Maximum number of E / A Cockpit users	100	250	1 000	1 000 (per cluster)
Maximum number of OpenStage clients	1 000	1 000	1 000	1 000 (per cluster)
Maximum number of OpenScape Fusion Clients V2	1250 ^{3, 4}	2500	5 000	35 000 (per cluster)
Installation in virtual environment / with help of Virtual Appliances	 / –	  /	  /	 / –
Supported Communication Systems	OpenScape Voice	- OpenScape Voice - OpenScape 4000	- OpenScape Voice - OpenScape 4000	- OpenScape Voice - OpenScape 4000
	For the supported versions see the Compatibility Matrix: https://nuxeo.unify.com/nuxeo/site/proxy/nxdoc/view/raw/19807d7c-2588-4c6c-ad1b-5f20d509191d			
Number of connectable OpenScape Voice systems	1	1	1	1 (per cluster)
Number of connectable OpenScape 4000 systems	–	120	120	63 (per cluster)
Combination of different communications systems	–	max. 1 OS Voice + max. 63 OpenScape 4000	max. 1 OS Voice + max. 63 OpenScape 4000	max. 1 OS Voice + max. 63 OpenScape 4000 (per cluster)

The given performance data of the different deployment scenarios is based on the following traffic characteristics.

² Same for Integrated deployment with external media server

Table 2: Traffic Characteristics

Characteristics	Assumption
Calls per user.	An office worker is twice on the phone (in- and outbound) within one hour with an average call duration of 2.5 min. (in- and outbound).
Conferences per user.	An office worker is involved in one conference call per day with an average duration of 25 minutes. A conference call is conversation with more than two subscribers. The average number of conference members is three internal and two external callers.
Percentage of conference calls that use the accept / decline dialog when users join the conference.	In 20 % of the conference calls the accept / decline dialog is deployed when users are called from within the conference.
Meet Me and Ad-hoc conferences ratio	1/3 of a typical user's conferences are ad-hoc conferences.
Percentage of calls to an office worker that are routed to his/her voice mailbox.	20% of calls to an office worker reach his/her voice mailbox. The respective callers leave messages or they don't.
Percentage of callers routed to a voice mailbox who leave a message.	75% of the callers who reach the voice mailbox leave a message .
Average duration of a voice mailbox connection for leaving a message.	The average time to leave a voice message for an office worker is 30 seconds. This includes the message's playback.
Average time a caller is connected to a voice mailbox if no message is left.	If no message is left on the voice mailbox, the average connection duration is 20 seconds. In this case the connected caller only listens to the beginning of the greeting and hangs up without leaving a message.
TTS use in case of the caller leaving a message	The TTS module is being used for 15 % during the recording of a voice message on the voice mailbox. This value is based on the assumption that more than half of the users deploy a greeting they have recorded themselves or a precast one, which do not need TTS.
Average number of calls that each office worker initiates to the voice portal per hour.	An office worker addresses an average of 0.125 calls per hour to his/her voice portal.
Average time an office worker is connected to the voice portal.	An office worker is connected to the voice portal for 100 seconds per connection on average.

Selecting the Deployment Scenario

Upgrading and Changing the Deployment Scenario

Characteristics	Assumption
Percentage of calls to the voice portal for accessing left voice messages.	60 % of the calls each user addresses to the voice portal serve for checking and playing voice messages. If a voicemail system by a third-party supplier is used, these calls are directed to the third-party system without the UC Application voice portal being involved.

5.2 Upgrading and Changing the Deployment Scenario

NOTICE: You find further and more detailed information about upgrading and changing the deployment scenario of OpenScape UC Application in the *OpenScape UC Application, Installation and Upgrade* manual.

The following table shows the deployment scenarios you can toggle with a UC Application V10 system.

Table 3: Changing the deployment scenario within OpenScape UC Application V10

From:	To:	Integrated Deployment	Integrated Deployment with External Media Server	Small Deployment	Large Deployment	Very Large Deployment
Integrated Deployment		–	✓	✓	✓	✓
Integrated Deployment with External Media Server		–	–	✓	✓	✓
Small Deployment		–	–	–	✓	✓
Large Deployment		–	–	–	–	✓
Very Large Deployment		–	–	–	–	–

5.3 Networking Deployment Scenarios

Using Very Large Deployment, you can install OpenScape UC Application with several networked clusters to provide the UC Application services for a maximum number of users.

If required, you can also network all other OpenScape UC Application deployment scenarios using the Federation function of the Openfire system. This is useful, for example, when connecting UC Application environments that were operated separately until a business combination to provide the users

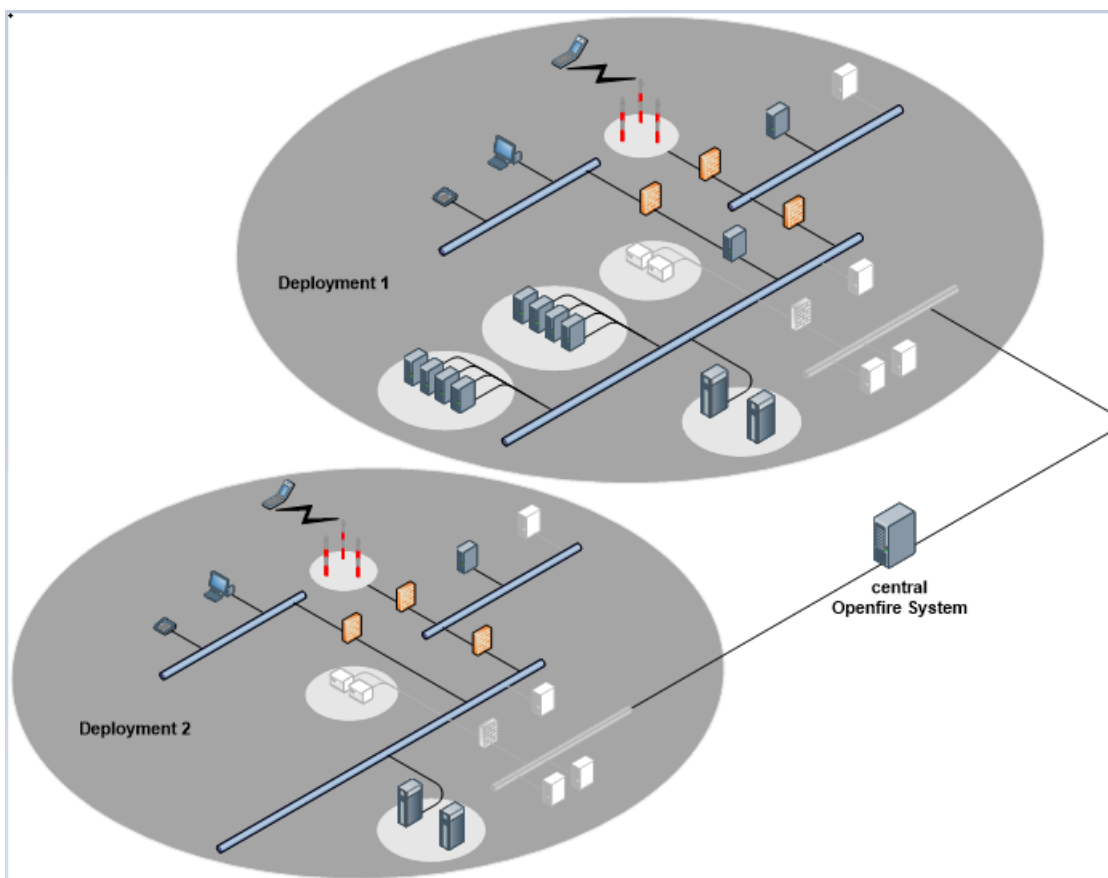
of such UC Application environments with environment-spanning presence information.

Depending on the number of Openfire servers / XMPP domains the eventually networked UC Application environment uses, there are basically two alternatives for this type of networking:

- **Using a shared Openfire server / a shared XMPP domain**

In this case, a shared Openfire server is used for the entire networked UC Application environment. You can prefer this alternative if the deployment scenarios shall be networked immediately after the installation.

Example of networking two deployment scenarios:



IMPORTANT: An Openfire server can support up to 100 000 UC-Application users in total. If more than 100 000 users need to be supported, several Openfire servers must be installed. See [List item](#) on page 35.

- **Using one Openfire server / one XMPP domain per deployment scenario**

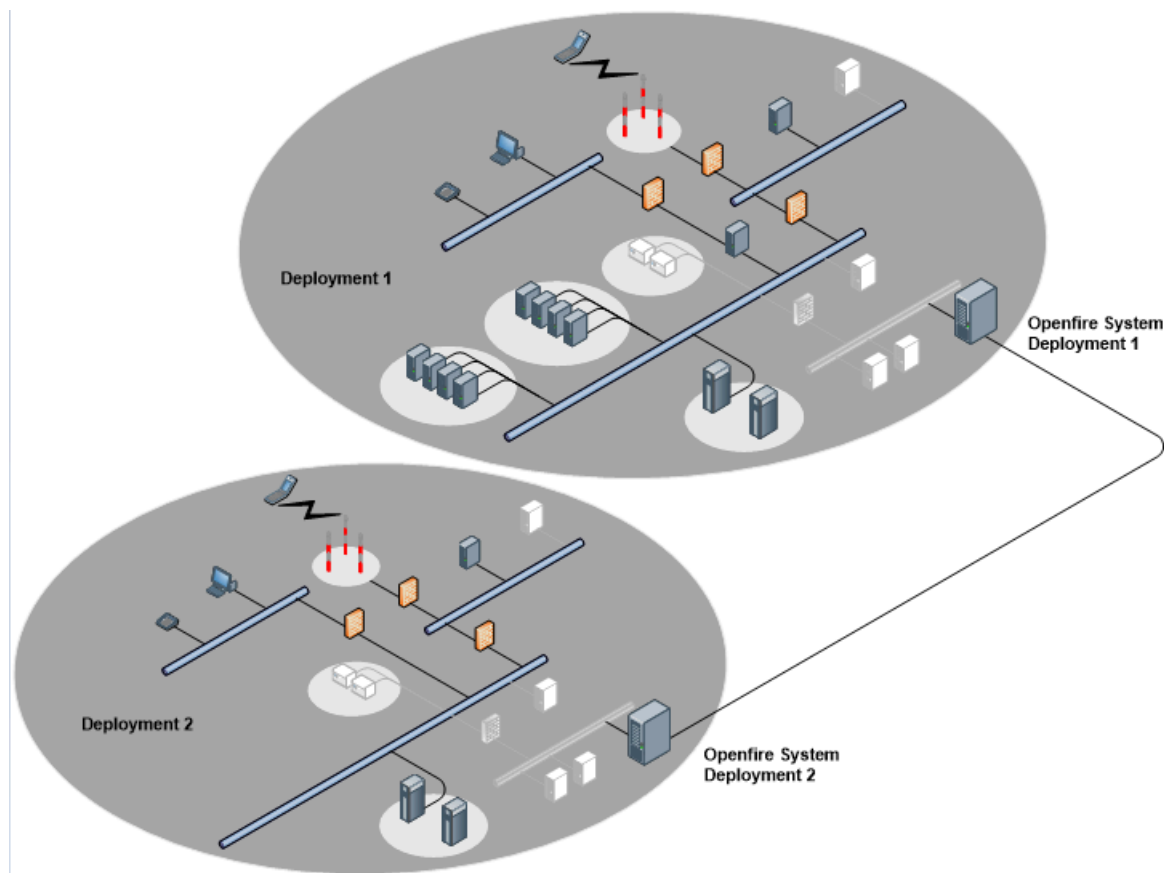
In this case, an individual Openfire server is used for each of the deployment scenarios to be networked. You can prefer this alternative if the deployment

Selecting the Deployment Scenario

Overview of the Deployment Scenarios' Structure

scenarios were already in operation before the networking and shall be networked retrospectively.

Example of networking two deployment scenarios:



NOTICE: If existing deployment scenarios that already use Openfire servers shall be networked, you must uninstall such Openfire servers and set up new versions of the Openfire server.

You find detailed information about configuring these types of networking in the *OpenScape UC Application, Installation and Upgrade* manual.

5.4 Overview of the Deployment Scenarios' Structure

This chapter informs you about the general, simplified structure of the following deployment scenarios and their associated specials.

- [Integrated Deployment](#)
- [Integrated Deployment with External Media Server](#)
- [Small Deployment](#)
- [Large Deployment](#)
- [Very Large Deployment](#)

The respectively represented network infrastructure is merely a planning recommendation. The actual realization of the network infrastructure for a

UC Application landscape depends on various, mostly project-individual circumstances.

Such circumstances may be:

- Whether a network infrastructure concept is already available
- The network security demanded by the customer
- The size of the expected network load
- The distribution of the expected network load
- The size of the network infrastructure budget

Taking these circumstances into consideration we recommend to establish an appropriate network infrastructure concept in addition to the plannings in this manual.

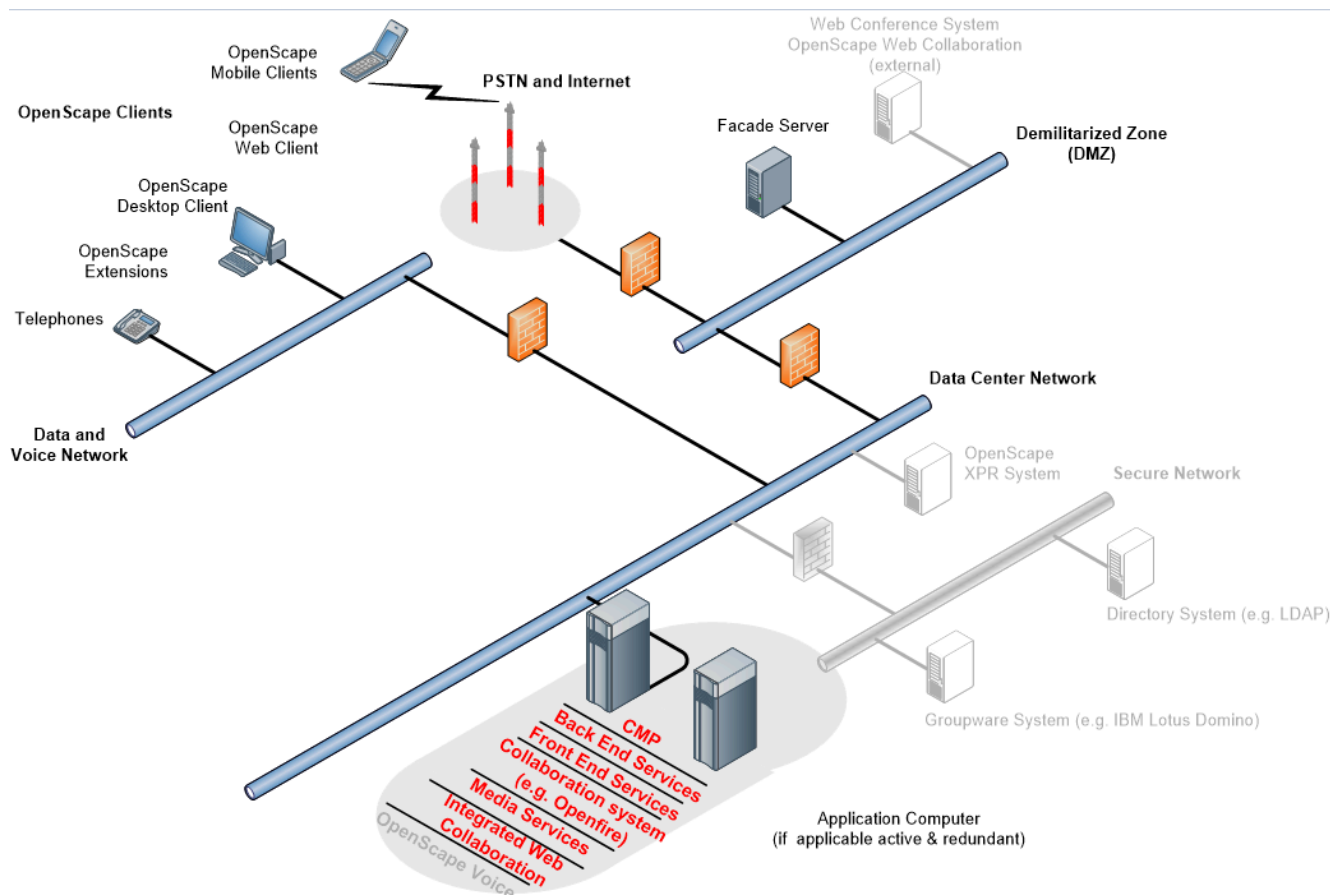
NOTICE: As a rule, we shall not go into product-unrelated system components in the following sections. Consequently, they are grayed out in the associated figures. The exception is Very Large Deployment, for which we also consider selected, product-unrelated components.

5.4.1 Integrated Deployment

IMPORTANT: This deployment scenario is not recommended for solutions that require an increased system availability.

NOTICE: This deployment scenario is available with the OpenScape Voice communications system only.

Selecting the Deployment Scenario



Structure specials

All central OpenScope UC Application components and the OpenScope Voice system are installed on a common computer system – the application computer. The application computer is non-redundantly designed by default.

OpenScope Voice is set up as Simplex system.

In addition to the depicted components, the following systems are, among other things, installed by default on the application computer in this deployment scenario:

- OpenScope Voice Assistant
- OpenScope Web Client
- OpenScope RG8700 Assistant
- CLM system
- HLM system
- DLS system

As alternative, you can install the following components on independent Windows computer systems:

- CLM system
- HLM system
- DLS system

5.4.2 Integrated Deployment with External Media Server

NOTICE: This deployment scenario is recommended in order to support video conference capabilities in an integrated deployment. An external media server for video streaming is connected to the integrated deployment.

IMPORTANT: This deployment scenario is not recommended for solutions that require an increased system availability.

NOTICE: This deployment scenario is available with the OpenScape Voice communications system only.

Structure specials

- All central OpenScape UC Application components and the OpenScape Voice system are installed on a common computer system – the application computer. The application computer is non-redundantly designed by default. OpenScape Voice is set up as Simplex system.
- Video conference media services are activated on an external media server and are disabled from the application computer.

In addition to the depicted components, the following systems are, among other things, installed by default on the application computer in this deployment scenario:

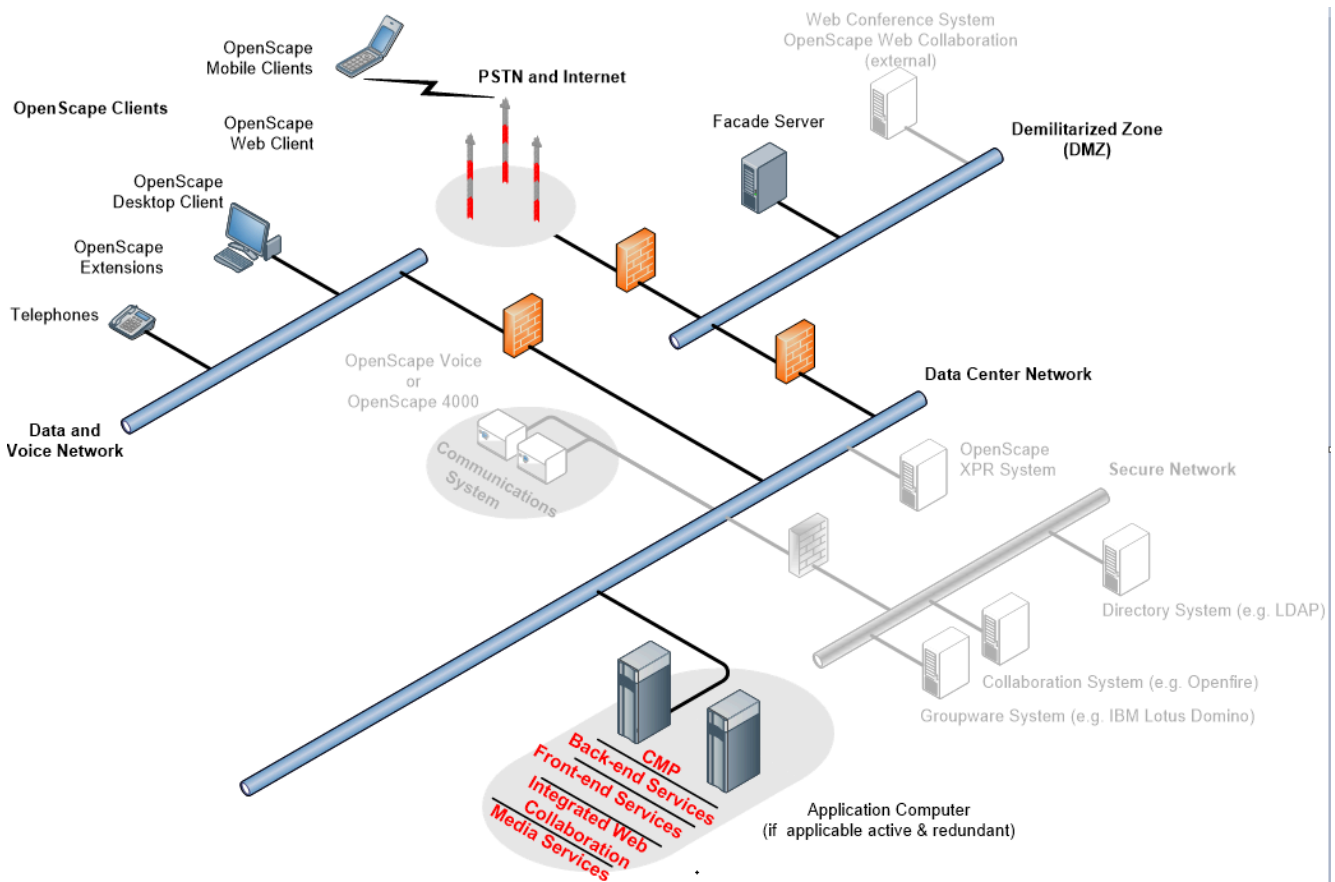
- OpenScape Voice Assistant
- OpenScape Web Client
- OpenScape RG8700 Assistant
- CLM system
- HLM system
- DLS system

As alternative, you can install the following components on independent Windows computer systems:

- CLM system
- HLM system
- DLS system

5.4.3 Small Deployment

Selecting the Deployment Scenario



Structure specials

All centralized OpenScope UC Application components are installed on a common central computer system – the application computer. The application computer is non-redundantly designed by default.

You can design the application computer redundantly as an option. For this purpose, two application computers are connected to a Storage-Area-Network, so that they operate in “Cold” stand-by. With additional cluster software the systems can also work in “Warm” stand-by.

NOTICE: Only Professional Services & Solutions (PS & S) of Unify Software and Solutions GmbH & Co. KG may configure the described availability models.

The communications system is installed independently from the application computer. If OpenScope Voice is used, this system is installed as duplex system.

In addition to the depicted components, in particular the following systems are automatically installed by default on the application computer in this deployment scenario:

- OpenScope Web Client
- HLM system

If OpenScope Voice is used as communications system, also:

- OpenScape Voice Assistant

NOTICE: In this deployment scenario it is sufficient to use a complete OpenScape Voice Assistant on only one of the central computer systems. On the other computer system only OpenScape Voice Assistant components are required – thus a so-called reduced OpenScape Voice Assistant.

- OpenScape RG8700 Assistant

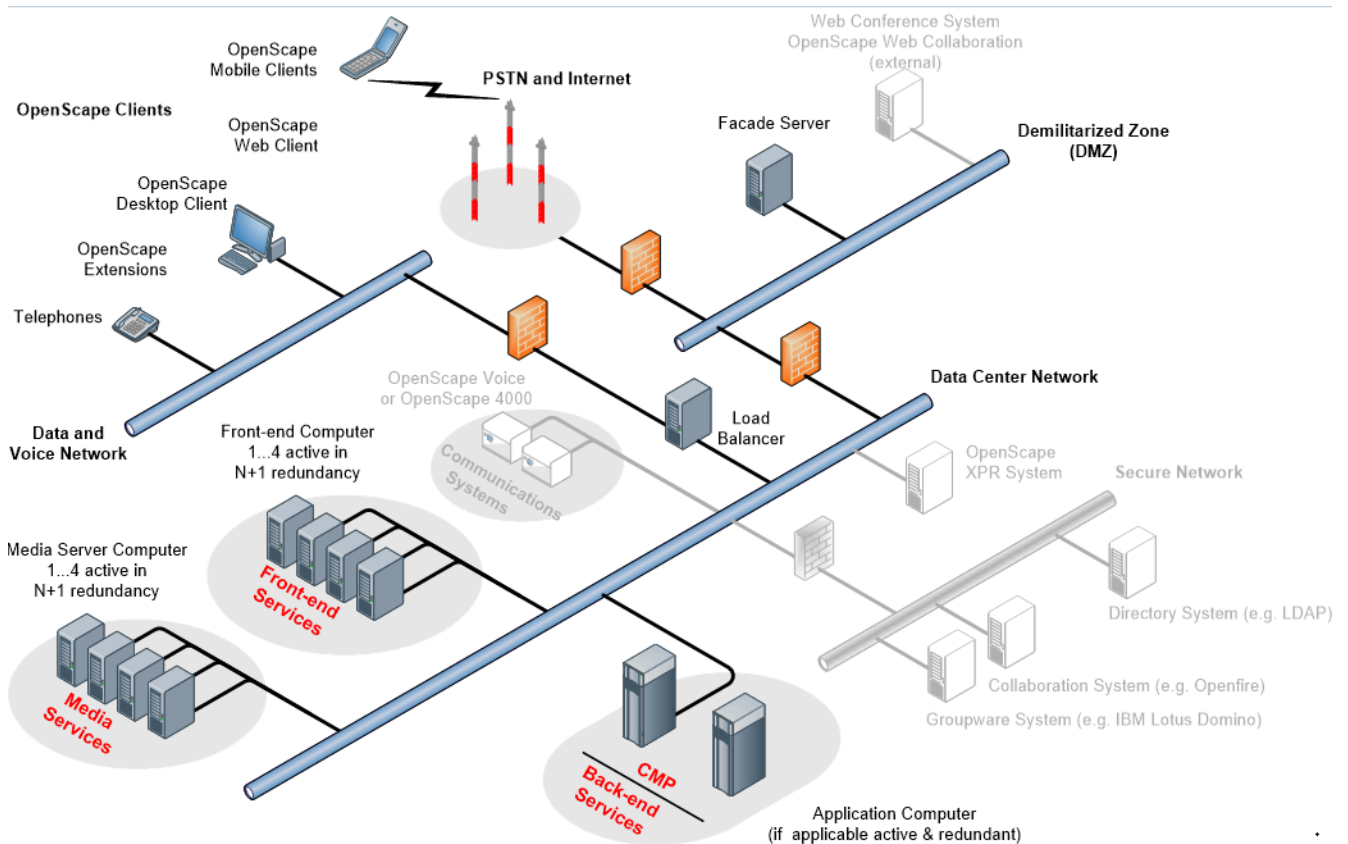
If OpenScape 4000 is used as communications system, also:

- OpenScape 4000 user management
- OpenScape 4000 error management (optional)

In addition to the automatically installed components you need to set up the following components manually:

- A DLS system on an independent Windows computer system
- If OpenScape Voice is used as communications system: At least one CLM system. Either on the application computer or on an independent Windows computer system.

5.4.4 Large Deployment



Structure specials

Of the central UC Application components only the OpenScape back-end services and the CMP are installed on a shared, central computer system – the application computer. The application computer is non-redundantly designed by default.

You can design the application computer redundantly as an option. For this purpose, two application computers are connected to a Storage-Area-Network, so that they operate in “Cold” stand-by. With additional cluster software the systems can also work in “Warm” stand-by.

NOTICE: Only Professional Services & Solutions (PS & S) of Unify Software and Solutions GmbH & Co. KG may configure the described availability models.

All other central OpenScape UC Application components are on independent central computer systems. That concerns:

- OpenScape front-end services

The OpenScape media services may consist of a group of up to four computer systems for scaling the system performance and redundancy reasons. The same OpenScape components are installed on all computer systems of this group.

If several computer systems are used for the OpenScape front-end services, they operate in n+1 redundancy.

A load balancer is required for distributing requests to the OpenScape Web Client among the various computer systems of the OpenScape front-end services. This load balancer is neither an OpenScape UC Application component nor is it installed or configured by the OpenScape UC Application setup.

- OpenScape media services

To scale the system performance and for redundancy reasons, the OpenScape media services may consist of a group of up to four computer systems. The same OpenScape components are installed on the computer systems of the OpenScape media services.

Based on the following criteria you can optimize audio and video conferences and distribute them among the available computer systems:

- Type of conference medium (audio or video)
- Geographic assignment
- OpenScape Media Server load

If several computer systems are used for the OpenScape media services, they operate in n+1 redundancy.

The communications system is installed independently from the application computer also. If OpenScape Voice is used, this system is installed as duplex system.

In addition to the depicted components, in particular the following systems are automatically installed by default on the application computer in this deployment scenario:

- OpenScape Web Client
- HLM system

If OpenScape Voice is used as communications system, also:

- OpenScape Voice Assistant

NOTICE: In this deployment scenario it is sufficient to use a complete OpenScape Voice Assistant on only one of the central computer systems. On the other computer system only OpenScape Voice Assistant components are required – thus a so-called reduced OpenScape Voice Assistant.

- OpenScape RG8700 Assistant

If OpenScape 4000 is used as communications system, also:

- OpenScape 4000 user management
- OpenScape 4000 error management (optional)

In addition to the automatically installed components you need to set up the following components manually:

- A DLS system on an independent Windows computer system
- If OpenScape Voice is used as communications system: At least one CLM system. Either on the application computer or on an independent Windows computer system.

5.4.5 Very Large Deployment

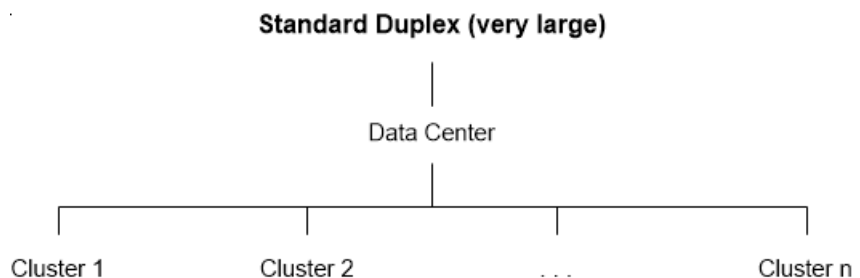
If the system performance of Large Deployment is not sufficient for a communications solution, you can install OpenScape UC Application in Very Large Deployment.

Very Large Deployment is based on single, so-called clusters, which are used to gradually increase the system performance on a UC Application system to exceed the performance of Large Deployment. In this context, there are two restrictions as regards the maximum number of UC Application users.

- Maximum number of UC Application users per cluster
- Maximum number of UC Application users for Very Large Deployment altogether

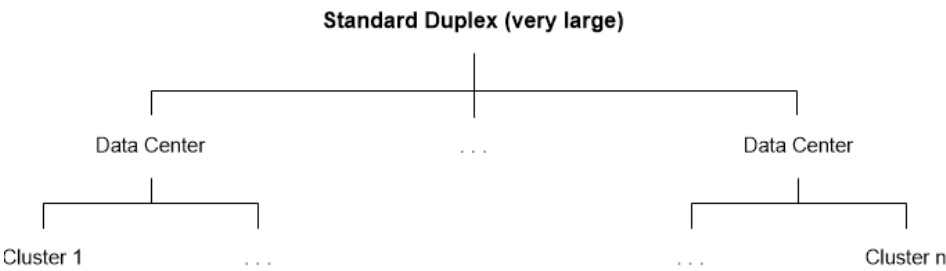
The numbers of users under such restrictions are detailed in [Supported Deployment Scenarios](#) on page 29.

You can always operate all clusters used in a shared location – a so-called datacenter.



You can also distribute the clusters used among several datacenters. For example, components of Very Large Deployment can be distributed among different geographic locations.

Selecting the Deployment Scenario



There is no restriction of the number of UC Application users related to datacenters. But the maximum number of UC Application users per cluster and the total number of UC Application users still applies.

5.4.5.1 UC Application Datacenter

Datacenters group the Very Large Deployment clusters for operating them in a shared location or in several, e. g. geographically separated locations.

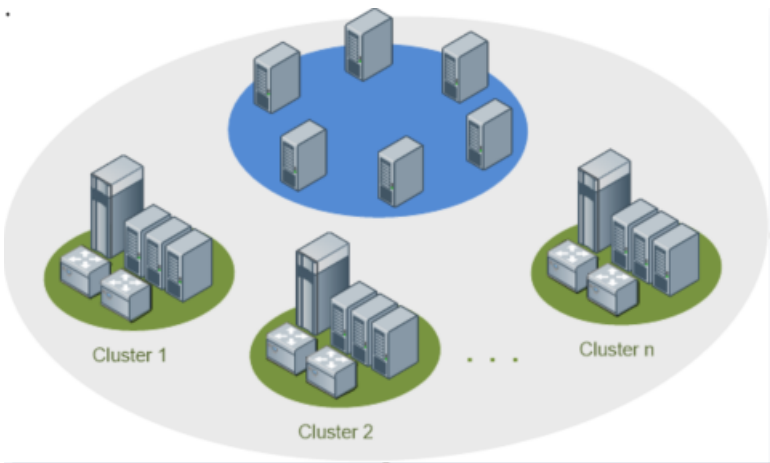


Figure 1: Very Large Deployment with all Clusters in a shared Location

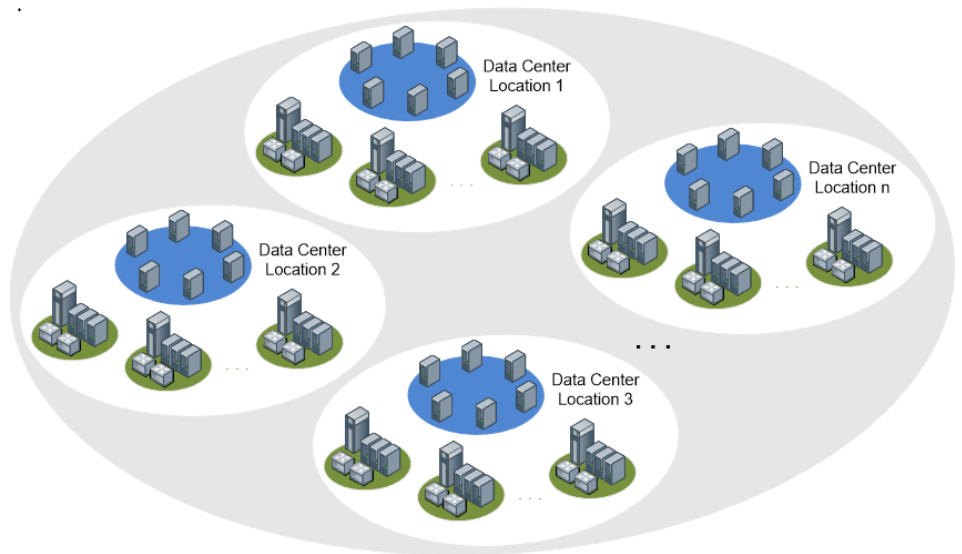


Figure 2: Very Large Deployment with Clusters in several, e. g. geographically separated Locations

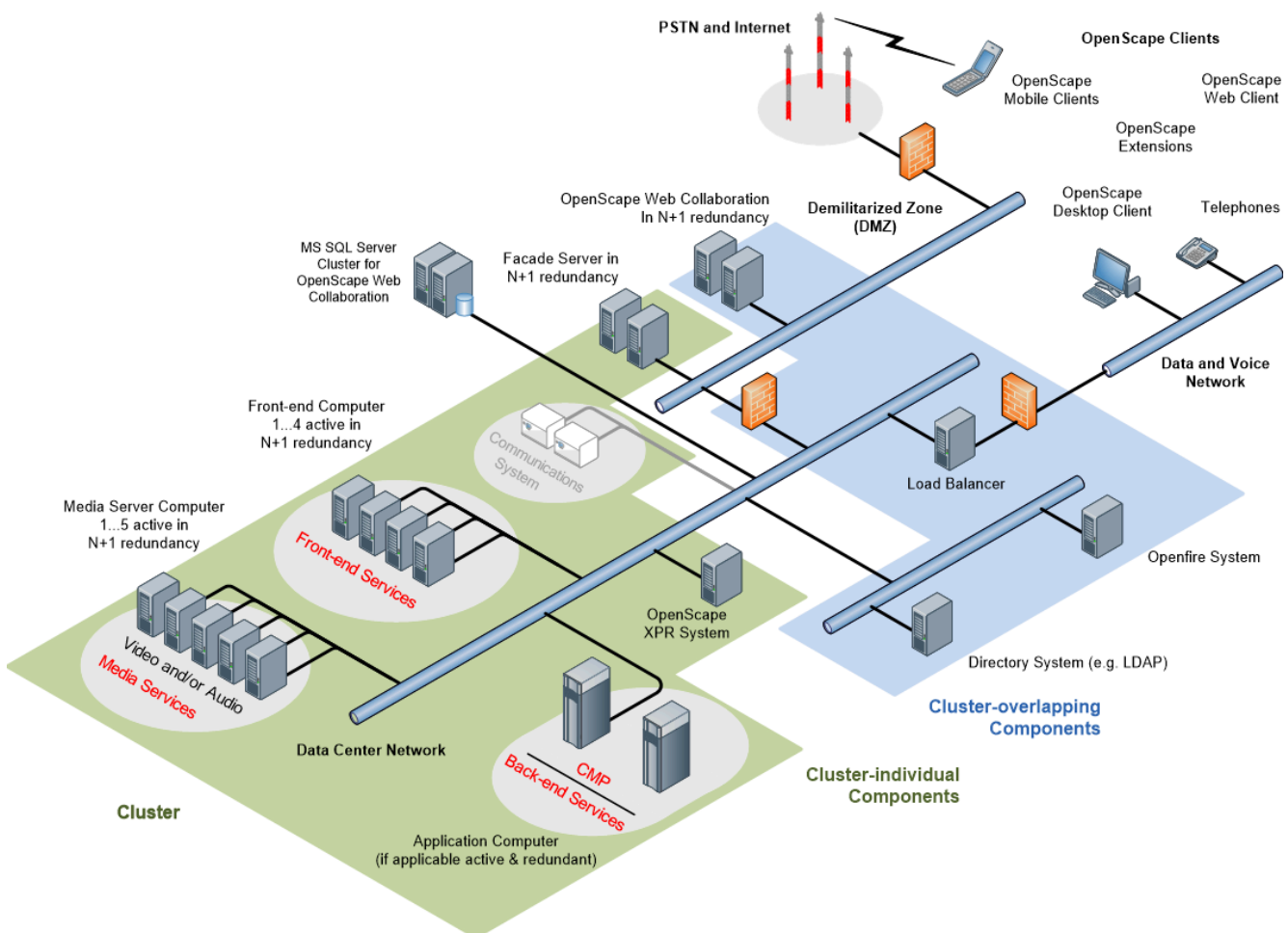
You can divide the UC Application components of a datacenter into the following types:

- Components individual to the cluster. They may only be used by the cluster in which they are installed. The above, simplified figure highlights such components in green.
- Cluster-spanning components that can also be used by the other clusters of the same datacenter. The above, simplified figure highlights such components in blue.
- Furthermore, there are components used across the system. They do not appear in the above figure.

5.4.5.2 Cluster-individual Components

Components individual to the cluster are exclusively used by the cluster in which they are installed. The next figure highlights cluster-individual components in green.

Selecting the Deployment Scenario



Cluster-individual components comprise the following:

- OpenScape back-end services and CMP

The OpenScape back-end services and the CMP are installed on a shared, central computer system – the application computer. The application computer is non-redundantly designed by default.

You can design the application computer redundantly as an option. For this purpose, two application computers are connected to a Storage-Area-Network, so that they operate in “Cold” stand-by. With additional cluster software the systems can also work in “Warm” stand-by.

NOTICE: Only Professional Services & Solutions (PS & S) of Unify Software and Solutions GmbH & Co. KG may configure the described availability models.

- OpenScape front-end services

The OpenScape front-end services may consist of a group of up to four independent computer systems for scaling the system performance and

redundancy reasons. The same OpenScape components are installed on all computer systems of this group.

If several computer systems are used for the OpenScape front-end services, they operate in n+1 redundancy.

A load balancer is required for distributing requests to the OpenScape Web Client among the various computer systems of the OpenScape front-end services. This load balancer is neither an OpenScape UC Application component nor is it installed or configured by the OpenScape UC Application setup.

- OpenScape media services

The OpenScape media services may consist of a group of up to five independent computer systems within a cluster for scaling the system performance. If required, each computer system can be configured to be used exclusively for audio-based or video-based services.

If several computer systems are used for the OpenScape media services, they operate in n+1 redundancy.

The same OpenScape components are installed on all computer systems of the OpenScape media services.

- Communications system

The communications system is also installed on an individual computer system. If OpenScape Voice is used, this system is installed as duplex system.

- Facade server

To connect OS Mobile Clients, each cluster has at least one Facade server. To increase the number of simultaneously supported OpenScape Mobile Clients within a cluster or to operate several Facade servers in an N+1 redundancy, you can configure several Facade servers.

- OpenScape Xpressions

An OpenScape Xpressions system must be configured in each cluster. This system serves mostly as voice message store.

In addition to these components, especially the following systems are automatically installed by default on the application computer in a cluster:

- OpenScape Web Client
- HLM system
- OpenScape Voice Assistant

NOTICE: In this deployment scenario it is sufficient for each cluster to use a complete OpenScape Voice Assistant on only one of the central computer systems. On the other computer systems of the clusters only OpenScape Voice Assistant components are required then – thus a so-called reduced OpenScape Voice Assistant.

- OpenScape RG8700 Assistant

If OpenScape 4000 is used as communications system, also:

- OpenScape 4000 user management
- OpenScape 4000 error management (optional)

In addition to these automatically installed components you need to set up the following components manually:

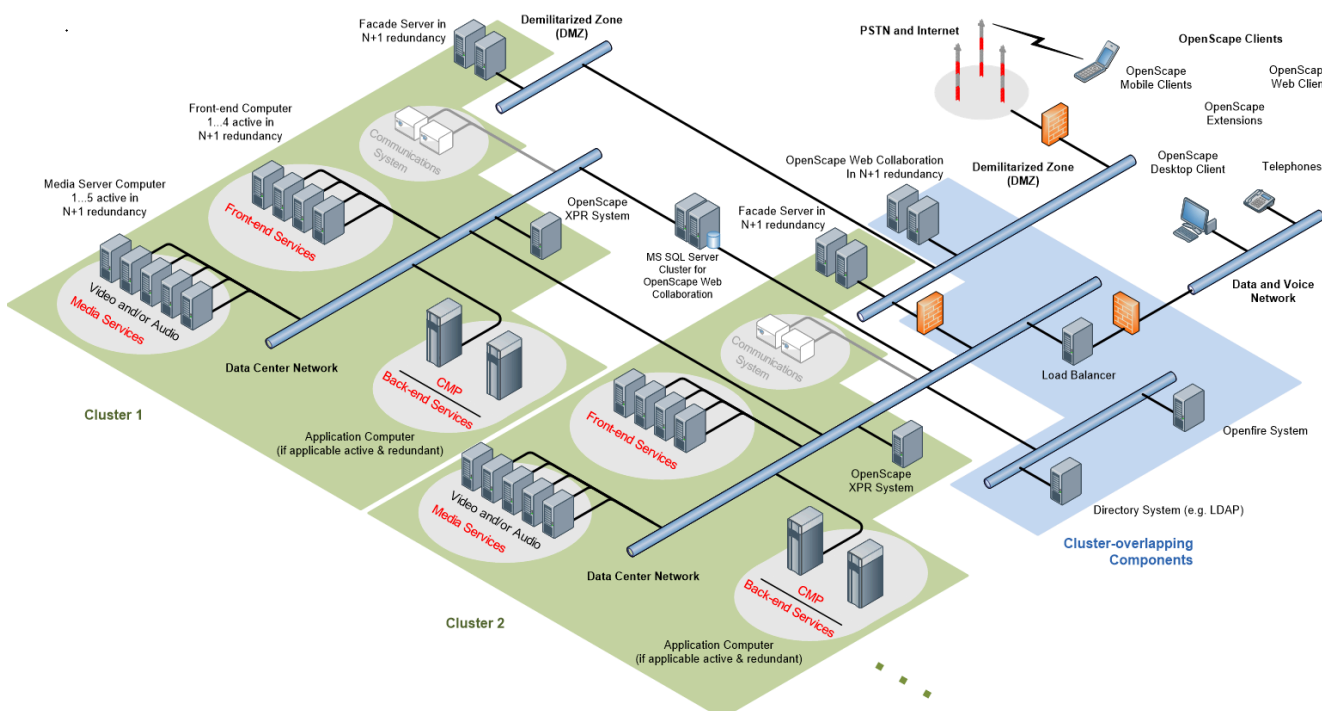
Selecting the Deployment Scenario

- A DLS system on an independent Windows computer system
- At least one CLM system. Either on the application computer or on an independent Windows computer system.

Very Large Deployment cannot be operated with the described cluster-individual components alone. Cluster-spanning components of a datacenter and components used across the system are required in addition.

5.4.5.3 Cluster-spanning Components

Cluster-spanning components are shared by all clusters of a datacenter. The next figure highlights cluster-spanning components in blue.



Cluster-spanning components comprise the following:

- OpenScope Web Collaboration

The total number of installed Web Collaboration servers determines the performance of a Web Collaboration system. Consequently, the minimum number of Web Collaboration servers installed in every datacenter must be sufficient to handle the communication requirements of all associated UC Application users.

How many Web Collaboration users a Web Collaboration server supports is detailed in [Supported Deployment Scenarios](#) on page 29.

You can increase fail-safety e. g. by installing an additional Web Collaboration server that is available as redundancy across a datacenter.

The database of OpenScope Web Collaboration is realized by a clustered database that operates across the system for all available datacenters.

- Directory system (e. g. LDAP server)

To enable UC Application users accessing LDAP-based directory services, appropriate LDAP servers can be configured in each datacenter. Such a directory may be an LDAP-based corporate directory, for example.

- Openfire system

The various Very Large Deployment clusters are networked with each other via the Openfire system. The Openfire Federation feature is used for this purpose. An Openfire server can support up to 100 000 UC Application users in total.

If more than 100 000 users need to be supported, several Openfire servers must be installed. If several geographically distributed data centers are used in this case, we recommend to set up the Openfire servers in different data centers and assign each of them to geographically close UC Application systems. This design reduces the network load.

- Load balancer

A load balancer serves the following purposes:

- Distributing requests to the OpenScape Web Client among the various computer systems of the OpenScape front-end services.
- Distributing the OpenScape Mobile Client communication among several available Facade servers.

These load balancers are neither an OpenScape UC Application component nor are they installed or configured by the OpenScape UC Application setup.

5.4.5.4 Components used across the System

The only component used across the system is the clustered database of OpenScape Web Collaboration.

6 Planning for central UC Application Components

This chapter provides information about the following topics:

- [Overview of the central-UC Application-Components Planning](#)
- [Planning for Integrated Deployment](#)
- [Planning for Integrated Deployment with External Media Server](#)
- [Planning for Small Deployment](#)
- [Planning for Large Deployment](#)
- [Planning for Very Large Deployment](#)
- [Planning for CMP](#)

6.1 Overview of the central-UC Application-Components Planning

Apart from the CMP, planning the central UC Application components depends on the existing deployment scenario to be used.

In the previous chapter you selected from the possible deployment scenarios the one the system performance and features of which correspond to the requirements.

Continue with one of the following sections according to this selection.

NOTICE: The following plannings refer exclusively to the OpenScape UC Application components. You find information about planning the communications system used in the associated planning guide.

- [Planning for Integrated Deployment](#)
- [Planning for Integrated Deployment with External Media Server](#)
- [Planning for Small Deployment](#)
- [Planning for Large Deployment](#)
- [Planning for Very Large Deployment](#)

Planning information concerning the CMP are depicted in the manual *OpenScape Common Management Platform, Administrator Documentation*.

6.2 Planning for Integrated Deployment

This chapter provides information about the following topics:

- [Verifying Restrictions](#)
- [Overview of the Components Distribution](#)
- [Planning the Hardware Requirements](#)
- [Planning Operating System Requirements](#)
- [Planning a Stand-by Strategy](#)
- [Planning required Licenses](#)

- [Performance Data of the OpenScape Media Server](#)
- [Planning the Virtualization](#)

IMPORTANT: This deployment scenario is not recommended for solutions that require an increased system availability.

6.2.1 Verifying Restrictions

Restrictions apply for Integrated Deployment in the following areas.

- [General Restrictions](#)
- [Restrictions on the OpenScape Media Server](#)

6.2.1.1 General Restrictions

The following restrictions apply for the entire system:

- Connections with network address translation (NAT) between system components are not supported.
- Security scans with Qualys appliances can lead to ActiveMQ crash (due to specific code implementation of the 3rd party ActiveMQ library).

6.2.1.2 Restrictions on the OpenScape Media Server

The following restrictions apply for the OpenScape Media Server:

- The OpenScape Media Server does not support video. Consequently, no video features are available in Integrated Deployment.
- Devices display conference connections always as insecure; no encryption icon is thus represented on the device display. This also applies for the event that SRTP has been configured for connections in the OpenScape Media Server.

The reason for this is that the OpenScape Media Server can merely ensure that the data for the respectively first connection segment is encrypted.

6.2.2 Overview of the Components Distribution

The below simplified figure shows how the following central OpenScape UC Application components distribute in the system environment if Integrated - Deployment is used.

- CMP
- Back-end services
- Front-end services
- Media services

NOTICE: Besides the UC Application components of Integrated Deployment, additional OpenScape 4000 systems to be managed by the CMP too may have been installed in the system landscape. The subscribers to such OpenScape 4000 systems cannot use any UC Application features.

6.2.3 Planning the Hardware Requirements

For Integrated Deployment all central OpenScape UC Application components and the OpenScape Voice system are installed on a shared computer system – the application computer.

OpenScape Voice is set up as Simplex system.

Depending on the desired number of users the following hardware configuration must be used for the application computer.

Table 4: Hardware Requirements Integrated Deployment

Hardware configuration – Integrated Deployment			
System component	Number of computers	Configuration	Number of users
Application computer	1	See ¹⁴	Max. 1250 UC Application users

6.2.4 Planning Operating System Requirements

The operating system requirements result for Integrated Deployment from the OpenScape Voice system requirements.

6.2.5 Planning a Stand-by Strategy

Integrated Deployment does not support automated stand-by strategies. A potential system breakdown can only be addressed by a so-called “cold” stand-by.

NOTICE: The described availability models may exclusively be configured by Professional Services & Solutions (PS & S) of Unify Software and Solutions GmbH & Co. KG.

The following additional components are required for using the "Cold Stand-by" availability model:

¹⁴ Configuration features according to the administrator documentation for OpenScape Voice

- One additional application computer, installed and configured exactly like the active application computer. This additional application computer is not integrated in the network in normal operation.

NOTICE: If the "Cold Stand-by" availability model is to include more than the application computer, further additional computer systems may be required.

- A Storage Area Network (SAN) solution

NOTICE: An external SAN solution requires at least two 160 GB 10k RPM SATA harddisk drives in RAID-1 configuration.

Furthermore, the redundancy license for OpenScape UC Application is required. You find details on this in [Planning for Licenses](#) on page 188.

If the active application computer fails, the administrator must execute the following tasks manually in the "Cold Stand-by" availability model:

- He/she needs to reliably detect the failure of the active application computer using available management tools.
- He/she needs to shut down and switch off the failed application computer in a controlled way and remove it from the network.
- He/she needs to switch on and partly pre-configure the additional application computer before integrating it in the network.
- He/she needs to update the configuration of the additional application computer with the information of the Storage Area Network database.

You can obtain continuative information about the "Cold Stand-by" availability model via Professional Services & Solutions (PS & S) of Unify Software and Solutions GmbH & Co. KG.

6.2.6 Planning required Licenses

In [Planning for Licenses](#) on page 188 you plan which licenses you need for an individual communications solution.

6.2.7 Performance Data of the OpenScape Media Server

With reference to the hardware configuration in [Planning the Hardware Requirements](#) on page 53 the OpenScape Media Server has the following performance data.

Table 5: Performance Data Integrated Deployment – OS Media Server

SIP-BHCA applied:	5 000 (a default SIP scenario uses approximately seven SIP messages)
Maximum permissible number of channels:	
• Voice portal (DTMF-based):	Max. 100 G.711 channels (RTP or RTCP) or

• Voice portal (ASR-based):	Max. 10 G.711 channels (RTP or RTCP) or
• OpenScape Auto Attendant:	Max. 200 G.711 channels (RTP or RTCP) or
• Customer-specific application:	Depending on the application up to max. 200 G.711 channels (RTP or RTCP) or
• Conference portal	Max. 200 G.711 channels (RTP or RTCP) (per conference room max. 20 G.711 channels) or
• a combination of shares	
• Text-to-Speech (TTS)	Max. 300 channels

If codecs different from G.711 are used, the following applies:

• One G.722 channel corresponds to	the performance of 2 G.711 channels
• One G.729 channel corresponds to	the performance of 2.4 G.711 channels

NOTICE: See [Integrated Web Collaboration Media Server Performance](#) for an Integrated Web Collaboration scenario.

6.2.8 Planning the Virtualization

Integrated Deployment is installed in the scope of OpenScape Voice. Configuring Integrated Deployment in a virtual environment thus depends on the OpenScape Voice requirements.

You find details on this in the *OpenScape Voice, Service Manual: Installation and Upgrades, Installation Guide* manual.

6.3 Planning for Integrated Deployment with External Media Server

Consult [Planning for Integrated Deployment](#) on page 50 regarding planning for the integrated media server and [Planning for Large Deployment](#) on page 64 regarding planning for the external media server.

6.4 Planning for Small Deployment

This chapter provides information about the following topics:

- [Verifying Restrictions](#)
- [Overview of the Components Distribution](#)

- [Planning the Hardware Requirements](#)
- [Planning Operating System Requirements](#)
- [Planning the Stand-by Strategy for the Application Computer](#)
- [Planning required Licenses](#)
- [Performance Data of the OpenScape Media Server](#)
- [See Integrated Web Collaboration Media Server Performance for an Integrated Web Collaboration scenario.](#)
- [Planning the Virtualization](#)

6.4.1 Verifying Restrictions

Restrictions apply for Small Deployment in the following areas.

- [General Restrictions](#)
- [Restrictions on the OpenScape Media Server](#)
- [Restrictions on a virtualized Environment](#)
- OpenScape 4000 Manager is mandatory for OpenScape 4000 Networks. OpenScape4000 stand alone node can be added in CMP using Assistant.

6.4.1.1 General Restrictions

The following restrictions apply for the entire system:

- Connections with network address translation (NAT) between system components are not supported.
- Security scans with Qualys appliances can lead to ActiveMQ crash (due to specific code implementation of the 3rd party ActiveMQ library).

6.4.1.2 Restrictions on the OpenScape Media Server

The following restrictions apply for the OpenScape Media Server:

- Devices display conference connections always as insecure; no encryption icon is thus represented on the device display. This also applies for the event that SRTP has been configured for connections in the OpenScape Media Server.

The reason for this is that the OpenScape Media Server can merely ensure that the data for the respectively first connection segment is encrypted.

6.4.1.3 Restrictions on a virtualized Environment

The following restrictions apply for virtualized environment:

- The following virtualization platforms have been released for a virtualized environment:
 - VMware ESXi V4.0 / V4.1 (alternative description: VMware vSphere Hypervisor V4.0 / V4.1)
 - VMware ESXi V5 / V5.1 / V5.5 (alternative description: VMware vSphere Hypervisor V5 / V5.1 / V5.5)

NOTICE: We generally recommend using the virtual network board type VMXNET3 of VMware ESXi for virtual system environments. However, a bug in version 5 of VMware ESXi causes the loss of UDP packages. You can use the network board type E1000 as alternative, but this type has a poor data throughput.

- An automated basic installation / configuration (Virtual Appliance) is supported as of VMware ESXi V5.1.
- VMware Fault Tolerance is not supported.
- VMware vMotion is supported with the following restrictions.
 - An active UC Application node may be transmitted from one ESX(i) host to another ESX(i) host of the cluster (Migrate Virtual Machine) only at times of minimal system load. Choosing other times may considerably affect the performance of UC Application services.
 - When an active UC Application node is transmitted from one ESX(i) host to another ESX(i) host of the cluster (Migrate Virtual Machine), the relevant UC Application node may become unavailable for several seconds. However, after this short period it automatically adopts its original operational state again.
 - A dedicated network with a minimum transmission rate of 1 Gbit / s must exist between the ESX(i) hosts. This network must be operated separately from the networks of other applications.
- VMware High Availability is supported.

IMPORTANT: In rare cases, a hardware bug may lead to the system not being restorable because of a damaged file system. This risk is unspecific for OpenScape UC Application. It applies for all virtual systems for which the VMware High Availability is used.

- VMware Data Backup / VMware Data Recovery is supported with the following restrictions.
 - VMware Data Recovery is only supported in version 2.0.1.2374-740238-x86_64 or higher.
 - Data backups with the help of VMware Data Backup / VMware Data Recovery must be executed at times of minimal system load. This is important, because VMware Data Backup / VMware Data Recovery is based on creating and deleting snapshots and VMware ESXi may stop a virtual machine for several seconds while a snapshot is being deleted. If this happens while UC Application services are being executed, time-outs in OpenScape UC Application may be the result. Consequently, the connection to the communications system may be rebooted and telephony features – such as call routing for the One-Number Service (ONS) – may become temporarily unavailable.

- If the **Thick Provision Lazy Zeroed** option is available for the hard-disc space of a virtual computer system, it must be activated in productive systems for application computers and Media Server computers.
- If the **Thick provision Lazy Zeroed** option is active for the hard-disc space of a virtual computer system, free hard-disc space of the same size must be additionally available.

Example: The **Thick provision Lazy Zeroed** option is active for the 130 GB hard-disc of a virtual computer system. In this case, another 130 GB of hard-disc space must be available for the virtual computer system.

This additional space is allocated by VMware Data Recovery when restoring data and made available again after the restoration.

NOTICE: When operating in test and demonstration systems you can save considerable amounts of hard-disc space by activating **Allocate and commit space on demand (Thin provisioning)**. This means that the virtual hard disk grows with the actually required hard disk capacity. This option is supported for all virtual computers of OpenScape UC Application, but we do **not recommend** it for the application and Media Server computer in productive systems as it has negative influences on the performance.

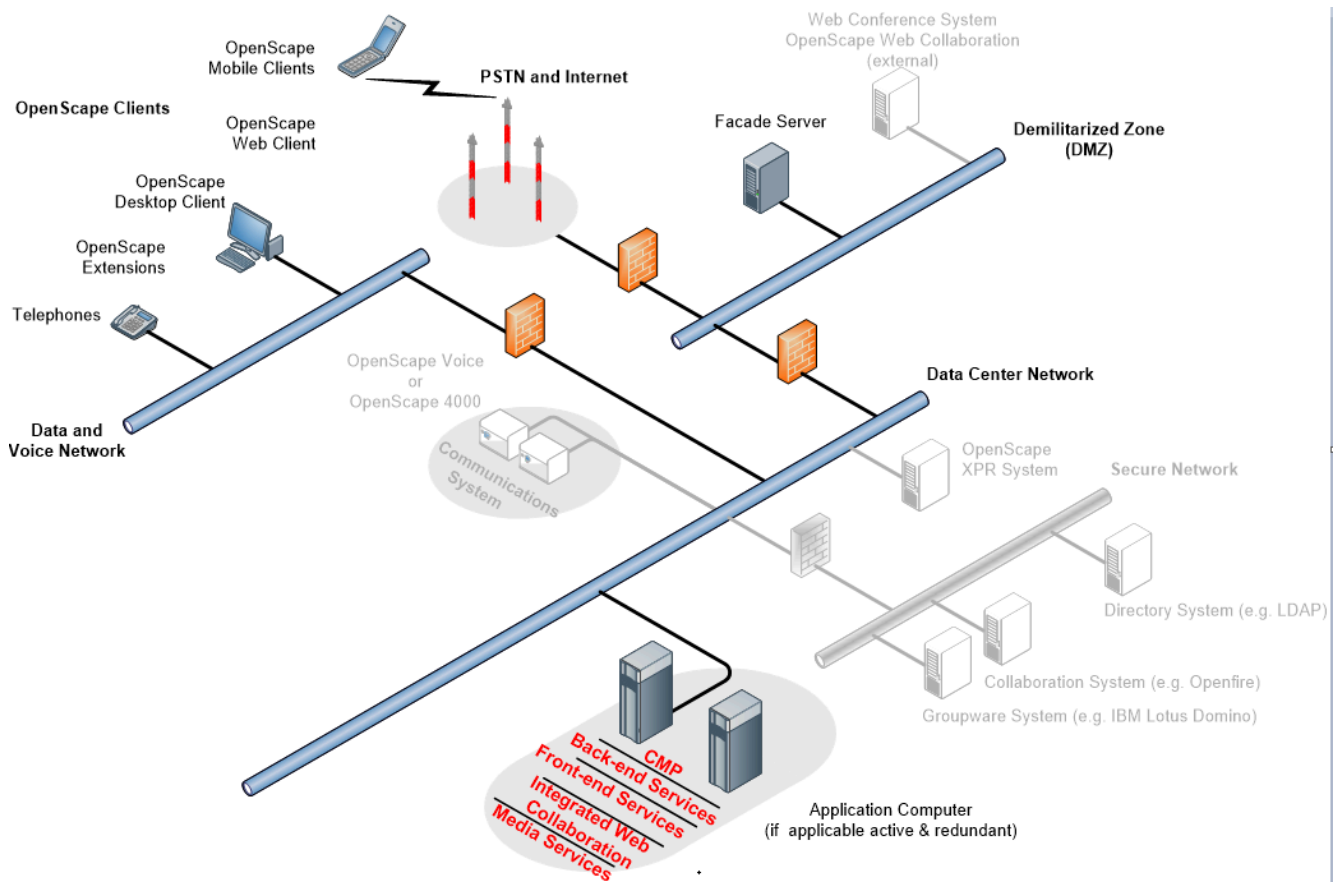
- VMware Snapshots are supported with the following restrictions.
 - Snapshots must be executed at times of minimal system load. The performance of UC Application services may otherwise decrease from the user's perspective.
 - VMware ESXi may stop a virtual machine for several seconds while a snapshot is being deleted. If this happens while UC Application services are being executed, time-outs may be the result. Consequently, the connection to the communications system may be rebooted and telephony features – such as call routing for the One-Number Service (ONS) – may become temporarily unavailable.
 - Only one snapshot per virtual computer may be available at any time.
- VMware Tools are supported.
- No video conferences in the Full-HD format are supported.
- The CPU load of each virtualization platform mapping an OpenScape Media Server must not exceed 75 %.

If a virtualized environment restricts the OpenScape UC Application performance, the table in [Supported Deployment Scenarios](#) on page 29 documents this accordingly.

6.4.2 Overview of the Components Distribution

The below simplified figure shows how the following central OpenScape UC Application components distribute in the system environment if Small Deployment is used.

- CMP
- Back-end services
- Front-end services
- Media services



6.4.3 Planning the Hardware Requirements

For Small Deployment all centralized OpenScope UC Application components are installed on a shared central computer system – the application computer.

The communications system is installed independently from the application computer. If OpenScope Voice is used, this system is installed as duplex system.

The application computer must comply with the following hardware configuration.

Table 6: Hardware Requirements Small Deployment

Hardware configuration – Small Deployment		
System component	Number of computers	Number of users
Application computer	1	max. 2500 UC Application users
Communications system	See planning guide for the communications system	

Hardware configuration – Small Deployment		
System component	Number of computers	Number of users
Configuration (minimum configuration) • Two 4-core CPUs (for example Intel Xeon 5650/2.66GHz 12MB or better configuration) (CINT2006-Rate1¹⁵ >= 340) • 24GB RAM 6×4 DDR3 1333MHz • Two 300GB 10k RPM HD-SAS harddisk drives in RAID-1 configuration • One DVD-ROM drive • Two identical Gigabit-Ethernet network boards • Certified for SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 12 (64-bit version) • Activated hyper threading • Option of BIOS or UEFI-based booting of the computer system.		

Average number of input / output operations for hard disk drives

You can determine the average number of input / output operations required for the hard disk drives used in a first approximation by the following equation:

$$\text{Total IOPS} \approx 0.02 \text{ IOPS} \times \text{<number of UC Application users>}$$

This approximation only applies if you use the default logging settings.

NOTICE: Because manufacturer information about inputs / outputs of their products can hardly be compared and the actual number of inputs / outputs strongly depends on the individual user behavior, the thus determined value is merely a rough benchmark.

6.4.4 Planning Operating System Requirements

You must use the following operating system for the application computer:

- SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 12 (64-bit version)

In the relevant release notes on the product data carrier you find detailed information – e. g. about the service pack and patch level.

The server components of OpenScape UC Application operate on a 64-bit system in the 32-bit mode.

6.4.5 Planning the Stand-by Strategy for the Application Computer

¹⁵ Processor performance based on any number of simultaneous threads according to Standard Performance Evaluation Corporation (SPEC) – <http://www.spec.org/cpu2006/results>

NOTICE: The described availability models may exclusively be configured by Professional Services & Solutions (PS & S) of Unify Software and Solutions GmbH & Co. KG.

Small Deployment can use one of the following stand-by strategies:

- ["Cold Stand-by" Availability Model](#)
- ["Warm Stand-by" Availability Model](#)

6.4.5.1 "Cold Stand-by" Availability Model

The following additional components are required for using the "Cold Stand-by" availability model:

- One additional application computer, installed and configured exactly like the active application computer.

NOTICE: If the "Cold Stand-by" availability model is to include more than the application computer, further additional computer systems may be required.

- A Storage Area Network (SAN) solution

NOTICE: The application computer requires also for the "Cold Stand-by" availability model at least two 160 GB 10k RPM SATA harddisk drives in RAID-1 configuration.

Furthermore, the redundancy license for OpenScope UC Application is required. You find details on this in [Planning for Licenses](#) on page 188.

In the "Cold Stand-by" availability model, an administrator must perform the following tasks when the active application computer fails:

- He/she needs to reliably detect the failure of the active application computer using available management tools.
- He/she needs to shut down and switch off the failed application computer in a controlled way and remove it from the network.
- He/she needs to switch on and partly pre-configure the additional application computer before integrating it in the network.
- He/she needs to update the configuration of the additional application computer with the information of the Storage Area Network database.

Suitable scripts can partly automate and simplify these manual tasks.

You can obtain continuative information about the "Cold Stand-by" availability model via Professional Services & Solutions (PS & S) of Unify Software and Solutions GmbH & Co. KG.

6.4.5.2 "Warm Stand-by" Availability Model

The administrator tasks described for the "Cold Stand-by" availability model can also be taken on by additional cluster software – e. g. the software IBM Tivoli

Automation (TSA). This transfers the "Cold Stand-by" availability model into the "Warm Stand-by" availability model.

Besides additional cluster software, the components additionally required for the "Cold Stand-by" availability model are also required for the "Warm Stand-by" availability model – inclusive the redundancy license. The additional application computer is in normal operation already integrated in the network and system monitoring, though.

You can obtain continuative information about the "Warm Stand-by" availability model via Professional Services & Solutions (PS & S) of Unify Software and Solutions GmbH & Co. KG.

6.4.6 Planning required Licenses

In [Planning for Licenses](#) on page 188 you plan which licenses you need for an individual communications solution.

6.4.7 Performance Data of the OpenScape Media Server

With reference to the hardware configuration in [Planning the Hardware Requirements](#) on page 59 the OpenScape Media Server has the following performance data.

Table 7: Performance Data Small Deployment – OS Media Server

SIP-BHCA applied:	10 000 (a default SIP scenario uses approximately seven SIP messages)
Maximum permissible number of channels:	
• Voice portal (DTMF-based):	Max. 400 G.711 channels (RTP or RTCP) or
• Voice portal (ASR-based):	Max. 50 G.711 channels (RTP or RTCP) or
• OpenScape Auto Attendant:	Max. 1 000 G.711 channels (RTP or RTCP) or
• Customer-specific application:	Depending on the application up to max. 1 000 G.711 channels (RTP or RTCP) or
• Conference portal	Max. 1 000 G.711 channels (RTP or RTCP) (per conference room max. 100 G.711 channels) or
• a combination of shares	
• Text-to-Speech (TTS)	Max. 300 channels
• WebRTC	Max. 200 channels

NOTICE: We assume for the specified number of channels: The OpenScape Media Server can use up to 20 % of the processor power on the computer system.

If codecs different from G.711 are used, the following applies:	
• One G.722 channel corresponds to	the performance of 2 G.711 channels
• One G.729 channel corresponds to	the performance of 2.4 G.711 channels
• Max. eight 720p video channels	
• Max. four 1080p video channels with H.264	
• Max. two 1080p video channels with H.265	

NOTICE: See [Integrated Web Collaboration Media Server Performance](#) for an Integrated Web Collaboration scenario.

6.4.8 Planning the System Synchronization

The system platforms of the following components must be time synchronized with the application computer – e.g. via the Network Time Protocol (NTP).

- Communications system
- Telephones
- available VoIP gateway, if required

During the system operation the system time deviation and possible leaps in time during the synchronization must be smaller than a second.

In addition, the correct time zone must be configured for all systems that communicate with each other via SRTP.

6.4.9 Planning the Virtualization

The OpenScape UC Application components can also be installed based on virtual computer systems.

Minimum requirements to be met for up to 2500 UC Application users

Table 8: Recommended Virtualization Settings (Small Deployment)

System component	Number of computers	Harddisk storage	Number of CPU cores	Clock rate
Application computer	1	300 GB ¹⁷	8	21 280 MHz

¹⁶ Describes the RAM requirement per virtual computer system. Because the physical computer system needs RAM itself, its RAM must be at least 2 GB larger than the sum of the single RAM requirements.

¹⁷ Though the tools of the virtual system environment also provide backup, restore and fallback solutions, we recommend to use the security methods of OpenScape UC Application. This assumes using hard

Planning for central UC Application Components

Planning for Large Deployment

System component	Number of computers	Harddisk storage	Number of CPU cores	Clock rate	RAM
Openfire server	1	100 GB ¹⁸	2	5 320 MHz	4 GB
Facade server	1	40 GB	2	5 320 MHz	4 GB
OpenScape Web Collaboration	1	50 GB	2	2 500 MHz	4 GB

6.5 Planning for Large Deployment

This chapter provides information about the following topics:

- [Verifying Restrictions](#)
- [Overview of the Components Distribution](#)
- [Planning General Hardware Requirements](#)
- [Planning Operating System Requirements](#)
- [Planning general Requirements on the Load Balancer of the Front-end Services](#)
- [Planning the Stand-by Strategy for the Application Computer](#)
- [Planning Special System Requirements for the Network](#)
- [Planning required Licenses](#)
- [Performance Data of the OpenScape Media Server](#)
- [See Integrated Web Collaboration Media Server Performance for an Integrated Web Collaboration scenario.](#)
- [Planning the Virtualization](#)

6.5.1 Verifying Restrictions

Restrictions apply for Large Deployment in the following areas.

- [General Restrictions](#)
- [Restrictions on the OpenScape Media Server](#)
- [Restrictions on a virtualized Environment](#)

6.5.1.1 General Restrictions

The following restrictions apply for the entire system:

- Connections with network address translation (NAT) between system components are not supported.

¹⁶ Describes the RAM requirement per virtual computer system. Because the physical computer system needs RAM itself, its RAM must be at least 2 GB larger than the sum of the single RAM requirements. disks in a virtual system environment of the same size as required for a hardware-based solution. The recommended virtualization settings for the UC server can be found in the OpenScape Virtual Machine Resourcing and Configuration Guide.

¹⁸ In case syncUC functionality is required for the Openfire server, it is necessary to create two LVM partitions, 100 GB each.

- Security scans with Qualys appliances can lead to ActiveMQ crash (due to specific code implementation of the 3rd party ActiveMQ library).

6.5.1.2 Restrictions on the OpenScape Media Server

The following restrictions apply for the OpenScape Media Server:

- Devices display conference connections always as insecure; no encryption icon is thus represented on the device display. This also applies for the event that SRTP has been configured for connections in the OpenScape Media Server.

The reason for this is that the OpenScape Media Server can merely ensure that the data for the respectively first connection segment is encrypted.

6.5.1.3 Restrictions on a virtualized Environment

The following restrictions apply for virtualized environment:

- The following virtualization platforms have been released for a virtualized environment:
 - VMware ESXi V4.0 / V4.1 (alternative description: VMware vSphere Hypervisor V4.0 / V4.1)
 - VMware ESXi V5 / V5.1 / V5.5 (alternative description: VMware vSphere Hypervisor V5 / V5.1 / V5.5)

NOTICE: We generally recommend using the virtual network board type VMXNET3 of VMware ESXi for virtual system environments. However, a bug in version 5 of VMware ESXi causes the loss of UDP packages. You can use the network board type E1000 as alternative, but this type has a poor data throughput.

- An automated basic installation / configuration (Virtual Appliance) is supported as of VMware ESXi V5.1.
- VMware Fault Tolerance is not supported.
- VMware vMotion is supported with the following restrictions.
 - An active UC Application node may be transmitted from one ESX(i) host to another ESX(i) host of the cluster (Migrate Virtual Machine) only at times of minimal system load. Choosing other times may considerably affect the performance of UC Application services.
 - When an active UC Application node is transmitted from one ESX(i) host to another ESX(i) host of the cluster (Migrate Virtual Machine), the relevant UC Application node may become unavailable for several seconds. However, after this short period it automatically adopts its original operational state again.
 - A dedicated network with a minimum transmission rate of 1 Gbit / s must exist between the ESX(i) hosts. This network must be operated separately from the networks of other applications.
- VMware High Availability is supported.

IMPORTANT: In rare cases, a hardware bug may lead to the system not being restorable because of a damaged file system. This risk is unspecific for OpenScape UC Application. It applies for all virtual systems for which the VMware High Availability is used.

- VMware Data Backup / VMware Data Recovery is supported with the following restrictions.
 - VMware Data Recovery is only supported in version 2.0.1.2374-740238-x86_64 or higher.
 - Data backups with the help of VMware Data Backup / VMware Data Recovery must be executed at times of minimal system load. This is important, because VMware Data Backup / VMware Data Recovery is based on creating and deleting snapshots and VMware ESXi may stop a virtual machine for several seconds while a snapshot is being deleted. If this happens while UC Application services are being executed, time-outs in OpenScape UC Application may be the result. Consequently, the connection to the communications system may be rebooted and telephony features – such as call routing for the One-Number Service (ONS) – may become temporarily unavailable.
 - If the **Thick Provision Lazy Zeroed** option is available for the hard-disc space of a virtual computer system, it must be activated in productive systems for application computers and Media Server computers.
 - If the **Thick provision Lazy Zeroed** option is active for the hard-disc space of a virtual computer system, free hard-disc space of the same size must be additionally available.

Example: The **Thick provision Lazy Zeroed** option is active for the 130 GB hard-disc of a virtual computer system. In this case, another 130 GB of hard-disc space must be available for the virtual computer system.

This additional space is allocated by VMware Data Recovery when restoring data and made available again after the restoration.

NOTICE: When operating in test and demonstration systems you can save considerable amounts of hard-disc space by activating **Allocate and commit space on demand (Thin provisioning)**. This means that the virtual hard disk grows with the actually required hard disk capacity. This option is supported for all virtual computers of OpenScape UC Application, but we do **not recommend** it for the application and Media Server computer in productive systems as it has negative influences on the performance.

- VMware Snapshots are supported with the following restrictions.
 - Snapshots must be executed at times of minimal system load. The performance of UC Application services may otherwise decrease from the user's perspective.
 - VMware ESXi may stop a virtual machine for several seconds while a snapshot is being deleted. If this happens while UC Application services are being executed, time-outs may be the result. Consequently, the connection to the communications system may be rebooted and telephony features – such as call routing for the One-Number Service (ONS) – may become temporarily unavailable.

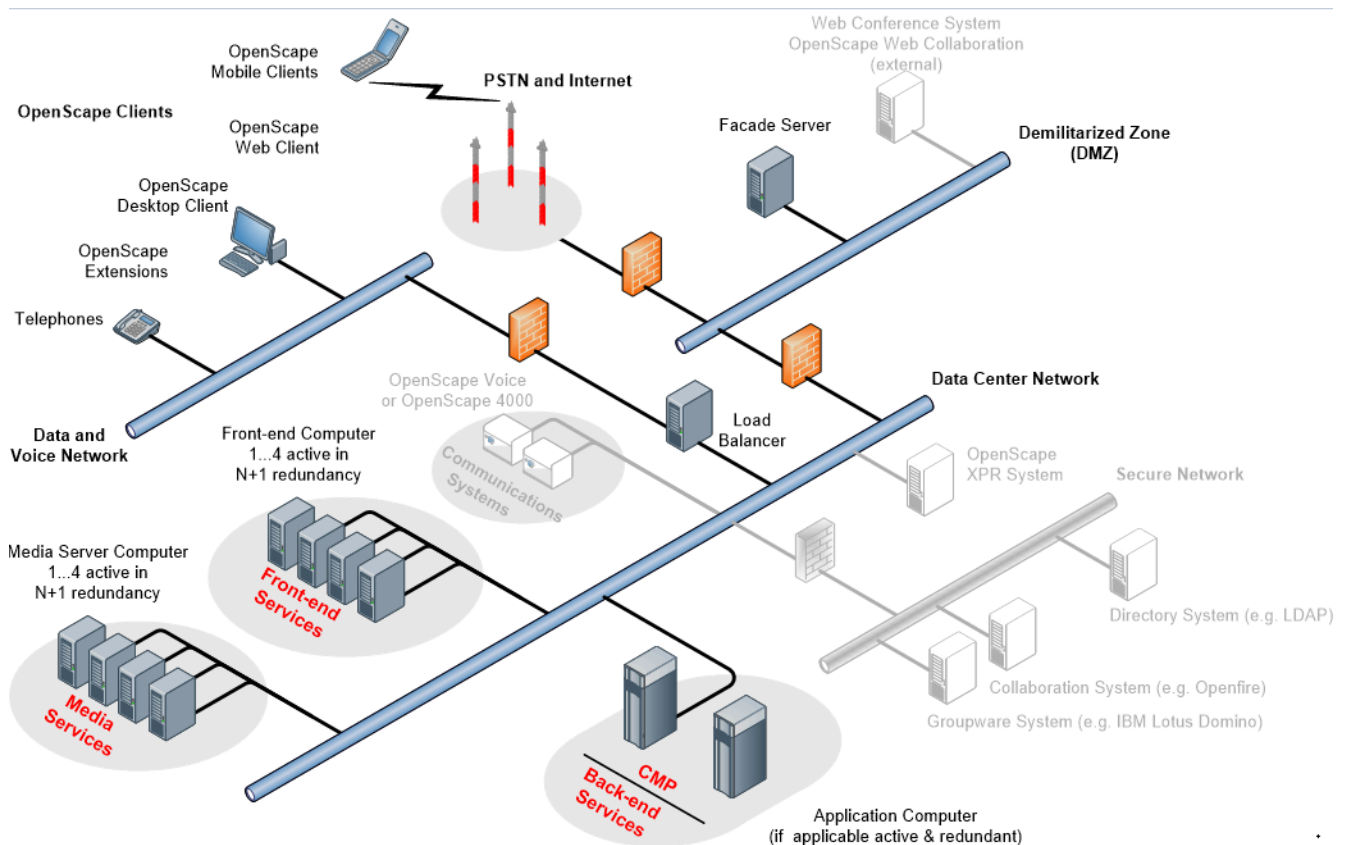
- Only one snapshot per virtual computer may be available at any time.
- VMware Tools are supported.
- No video conferences in the Full-HD format are supported.
- The CPU load of each virtualization platform mapping an OpenScape Media Server must not exceed 75 %.

If a virtualized environment restricts the OpenScape UC Application performance, the table in [Supported Deployment Scenarios](#) on page 29 documents this accordingly.

6.5.2 Overview of the Components Distribution

The below simplified figure shows how the following central OpenScape UC Application components distribute in the system environment if Large Deployment is used.

- CMP
- Back-end services
- Front-end services
- Media services



6.5.3 Planning General Hardware Requirements

Of the central UC Application components only the OpenScape back-end services and the CMP are installed on a shared computer system – the application computer.

All other central OpenScape UC Application components are on independent computer systems. That concerns:

- OpenScape front-end services
- OpenScape media services

To scale the system performance and for redundancy reasons each of these two components can consist of a group of up to four parallel computer systems. The same OpenScape components are installed on all computer systems of such a group.

The communications system is installed independently from the application computer. If OpenScape Voice is used, this system is installed as duplex system.

If several computer systems for media services are configured with the deployment scenario, a TTS engine is installed on each of these computer systems.

If several computer systems are configured for front-end services with the deployment scenario, a load balancer is required in the network. This load balancer serves the following purposes:

- Distributing the communication of the OpenScape Web Clients among the different front-end computers.
- Performing the TLS encryption and decryption to relieve the UC Application servers from this task.

NOTICE: The load balancer is neither an OpenScape UC Application component nor is it installed or configured by the OpenScape UC Application setup. Requirements on the load balancer are described in [Planning general Requirements on the Load Balancer of the Front-end Services](#) on page 71.

If several computer systems are configured for OpenScape media services with the deployment scenario, the communications system used must distribute the requests for media services to the different media service computers. Therefore, the communications system must be configured accordingly.

The application computer and the computer systems for the OpenScape media services and the front-end services must comply with the following hardware configurations.

Table 9: Hardware Requirements Large Deployment –General

Hardware configuration			
System component	Number of computers	Configuration	Number of users
Application computer	1	1	Max. 15000 ¹⁹ UC Application users
Front-end computer	1 to 4	2	max. 5000 UC Application users per computer
Media Server computer	1 to 4 ²⁰	2	Max. 5000 ²¹²² /2500 ²³ UC Application users per computer
Communications system	-	See planning guide for the communications system	
Load balancer for front-end services (3rd-party system)	1	See Planning general Requirements on the Load Balancer of the Front-end Services on page 71 and the planning guide of the 3rd party manufacturer	
“Warm” standby option	-	See Planning the Stand-by Strategy for the Application Computer on page 73	

¹⁹ In case of an external Unified Messaging solution

²⁰ In full configuration a computer system as redundancy

²¹ If the voice and conference portal are used in parallel without Media Sever operation for OpenScape Voice

²² If no video conferences are used.

²³ If video conferences are used also

Hardware configuration			
System component	Number of computers	Configuration	Number of users
Configuration 1 (minimum configuration) - Two 4-core CPUs (for example Intel Xeon 5650/2.66GHz 12MB or better configuration) (CINT2006-Rate ≥ 340) 24GB RAM 6×4 DDR3 1333MHz - Two 300GB 10k RPM HD-SAS harddisk drives in RAID-1 configuration - One DVD-ROM drive - Two identical Gigabit-Ethernet network boards - Certified for SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 12 (64-bit version) - Activated hyper threading - Option of BIOS or UEFI-based booting of the computer system.			
Configuration 2 (minimum configuration) - Two 4-core CPUs (for example Intel Xeon 5650/2.66GHz 12MB or better configuration) (CINT2006-Rate²⁴ ≥ 340) 12GB RAM 6×2 DDR3 1333MHz - Two 300GB 10k RPM HD-SAS harddisk drives in RAID-1 configuration - One DVD-ROM drive - Two identical Gigabit-Ethernet network boards - Certified for SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 12 (64-bit version) - Option of BIOS or UEFI-based booting of the computer system. - For Media Server computers with video support applies: - Processor with CINT2006-Speed²⁵ ≥ 30 required - Processor must support SSE 2.x or later			

NOTICE: Detailed Virtual Machine configuration tables can be found in the corresponding chapter of the OpenScape Solution Set, Virtual Machine Resourcing and Configuration Guide.

Average number of input / output operations for hard disk drives

You can determine the average number of input / output operations required for the hard disk drives used in a first approximation by the following equation:

$$\text{Total IOPS} \approx 0.02 \text{ IOPS} \times \text{<number of UC Application users>}$$

This approximation only applies if you use the default logging settings.

NOTICE: Because manufacturer information about inputs / outputs of their products can hardly be compared and the actual

²⁴ Processor performance based on any number of simultaneous threads according to Standard Performance Evaluation Corporation – <http://www.spec.org/cpu2006/results>

²⁵ Processor performance based on a single thread according to Standard Performance Evaluation Corporation (SPEC) – <http://www.spec.org/cpu2006/results>

number of inputs / outputs strongly depends on the individual user behavior, the thus determined value is merely a rough benchmark.

6.5.4 Planning Operating System Requirements

The operating system must comply with the following requirements for the various server components:

Application computer / front-end computer / Media Server computer

You must use the following operating system for computer systems:

- SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 12 (64-bit version)

NOTICE: All computer systems must always use the same operating system versions.

In the relevant release notes on the product data carrier you find detailed information – e. g. about the service pack and patch level.

The server components of OpenScape UC Application operate on a 64-bit system in the 32-bit mode.

OpenScape Voice computer

See planning guide for OpenScape Voice.

Load balancer (foreign system)

See producer documentation for the load balancer used.

6.5.5 Planning general Requirements on the Load Balancer of the Front-end Services

NOTICE: The load balancer is neither an OpenScape UC Application component nor is it installed or configured by the OpenScape UC Application setup.

If several computer systems are configured for front-end services with the deployment scenario, a load balancer is required in the network. This load balancer serves the following purposes:

- Distributing the communication of the OpenScape Web Clients among the different front-end computers.
- Performing the TLS encryption and decryption to relieve the UC Application servers from this task.

The load balancer used must have at least the following general features.

- Availability of at least 99.9995%.
- Distribute requests for new TLS, HTTP and HTTPS connections to different computer systems.
- Classify communication to treat it as follows.
 - Distribute to different groups of computer systems. (e.g. web communication to web servers, SOAP communication to application computers)
 - Distribute to individual computer systems.

Communication classification needs to be possible at least according to the following criteria.

- Destination IP address
- Protocol port
- URL pattern
- Session persistence feature to hold a client during a classified connection on the original computer system.

The session persistence feature must at least be based on the following criteria.

- Source IP address
- SSL ID
- Cookie
- Detection of server availability to distribute communication to similar functioning systems in case of computer or software failure.

The availability of computer systems or software must at least be recognized based on the following criteria.

- Response time of the computer systems
- Error/cause code of the TCP / TLS and HTTP protocols
- TLS / SSL offloading to realize encryption, decryption and re-encryption for TLS and SSL on the load balancer.
- Session persistence feature for HTTP 1.1

OpenScape uses persistent HTTP connections for sending events to the clients. Therefore, existing HTTP connections must not be cleared by the network components for at least 15 minutes.

- Existing security features must be configurable so that the usual OpenScape communication does not initiate security violations.

That applies especially to the application based denial of service protection against attacks with HTTP GET requests since OpenScape UC Application uses these requests for the communication with the OpenScape clients.

- At “busy hours”, the load balancer must provide for OpenScape UC Application at least the following performance capacities:
 - 280 MBit for SSL data traffic
 - 75 000 simultaneous HTTPS connections

These estimations are based on 10 000 OpenScape users, which is a typical number. The actually required load balancer performance depends on the OpenScape clients used and on the number of clients being simultaneously active at “busy hours”.

6.5.6 Planning the Stand-by Strategy for the Application Computer

NOTICE: The described availability models may exclusively be configured by Professional Services & Solutions (PS & S) of Unify Software and Solutions GmbH & Co. KG.

Large Deployment can use one of the following stand-by strategies:

- ["Cold Stand-by" Availability Model](#)
- ["Warm Stand-by" Availability Model](#)

6.5.6.1 "Cold Stand-by" Availability Model

The following additional components are required for using the "Cold Stand-by" availability model:

- One additional application computer, installed and configured exactly like the active application computer.

NOTICE: If the "Cold Stand-by" availability model is to include more than the application computer, further additional computer systems may be required.

- A Storage Area Network (SAN) solution

NOTICE: The application computer requires also for the "Cold Stand-by" availability model at least two 160 GB 10k RPM SATA harddisk drives in RAID-1 configuration.

Furthermore, the redundancy license for OpenScape UC Application is required. You find details on this in [Planning for Licenses](#) on page 188.

If the active application computer fails, the administrator must execute the following tasks manually in the "Cold Stand-by" availability model:

- He/she needs to reliably detect the failure of the active application computer using available management tools.
- He/she needs to shut down and switch off the failed application computer in a controlled way and remove it from the network.
- He/she needs to switch on and partly pre-configure the additional application computer before integrating it in the network.
- He/she needs to update the configuration of the additional application computer with the information of the Storage Area Network database.

Suitable scripts can partly automate and simplify these manual tasks.

You can obtain continuative information about the "Cold Stand-by" availability model via Professional Services & Solutions (PS & S) of Unify Software and Solutions GmbH & Co. KG.

6.5.6.2 "Warm Stand-by" Availability Model

The administrator tasks described for the "Cold Stand-by" availability model can also be taken on by additional cluster software – e. g. the software IBM Tivoli Automation (TSA). This transfers the "Cold Stand-by" availability model into the "Warm Stand-by" availability model.

Besides additional cluster software, the components additionally required for the "Cold Stand-by" availability model are also required for the "Warm Stand-by" availability model – inclusive the redundancy license. The additional application computer is in normal operation already integrated in the network and system monitoring, though.

You can obtain continuative information about the "Warm Stand-by" availability model via Professional Services & Solutions (PS & S) of Unify Software and Solutions GmbH & Co. KG.

6.5.7 Planning Special System Requirements for the Network

Application computers and front-end computer systems of OpenScape UC Application intercommunicate via variable, dynamically allocated protocol ports. Therefore no network component must have been configured between these two components since it hinders this type of communication.

A network component that automatically closes non-active TCP connections between the application computer and the front-end computer systems must not exist between these components.

The computer system of the OpenScape Media Server must always be accessible via at least one IPv4 address. The TTS / ASR engine of OpenScape UC Application can otherwise not be used.

Whenever possible, the OpenScape UC Application components should not fail because of defective LAN switches. Every OpenScape UC Application computer system should therefore be connected to two independently operated LAN switches. In this context, the documented hardware requirements contain two identical network boards per computer system.

The OpenScape UC Application components must be connected via a 100 / 1000 Mbit/s Ethernet-LAN. This assumes a homogeneous network that does not have any critical bottlenecks between sub-networks.

Time-outs may disturb the system communication or make it completely impossible if the computer systems communicate with each other via a WAN connection. This concerns in particular connections to external systems such as a groupware environment.

The following system requirements apply for the network between audio client and OpenScape Media Server.

- Package loss rate when using G.711 less than 10 %²⁶.

²⁶ The specified package loss rates are benchmarks. The actual perception of the described quality levels depends on the subjective feeling of the single user and on acoustic influences that affect the environment of the device used.

1) 0 – 5 % package loss:	good sound quality
1) 5 - 10 % package loss:	restricted sound quality

- Package loss rate when using G.722 smaller than 2 %²⁶.

1) 0 % package loss:	good sound quality
1) 1 - 2 % package loss:	restricted sound quality

If video shall be used, additional system requirements apply for the network. See [Planning System Requirements for Video \(Video MCU\)](#) on page 178 on this.

6.5.8 Planning required Licenses

In [Planning for Licenses](#) on page 188 you plan which licenses you need for an individual communications solution.

6.5.9 Performance Data of the OpenScape Media Server

With reference to the hardware configuration in [Planning General Hardware Requirements](#) on page 68 the OpenScape Media Server has the following performance data.

SIP-BHCA applied:	10 000 (a default SIP scenario uses approximately seven SIP messages)
Maximum permissible number of channels:	
• Voice portal (DTMF-based):	Max. 620 G.711 channels (RTP or RTCP) or
• Voice portal (ASR-based):	Max. 80 G.711 channels (RTP or RTCP) or
• OpenScape Auto Attendant:	Max. 1 540 G.711 channels (RTP or RTCP) or
• Customer-specific application:	Depending on the application up to max. 1 540 G.711 channels (RTP or RTCP) or
• Conference portal	Max. 1 540 G.711 channels (RTP or RTCP) (per conference room max. 250 ²⁷ G.711 channels) or
• a combination of shares	
• Text-to-Speech (TTS)	Max. 300 channels

²⁷ In the case of moderated conferences without conference portal dial-out, up to **500** G.711 channels are supported per conference room – if the participants dial in during approx. one minute (approx. 30 000 BHCA).

• WebRTC	Max. 1000 channels
----------	--------------------

NOTICE: We assume for the specified number of channels: The OpenScape Media Server can use up to 40 % of the processor power on the computer system.

If codecs different from G.711 are used, the following applies:	
• One G.722 channel corresponds to	the performance of 2 G.711 channels
• One G.729 channel corresponds to	the performance of 2.4 G.711 channels
• One 720p video channel corresponds to	the performance of 180 G.711 channels
• One 1080p video channel (H.264) corresponds to	the performance of 350 G.711 channels
• One 1080p video channel (H.265) corresponds to	the performance of 700 G.711 channels

NOTICE: See [Integrated Web Collaboration Media Server Performance](#) for an Integrated Web Collaboration scenario.

WebRTC Performance

WebRTC endpoints have been added as a new capability for OpenScape UC users to facilitate web audio and video calls using the WebRTC endpoint either as an OND or ONS line for the users on the OpenScape UC Web client.

NOTICE: Provisioning of other services on Media Server should be disabled to achieve the maximum capacity for WebRTC calls.

WebRTC channels exclusive usage in one Media Server: 350 to 1000 channels depending on codecs used and Hardware specs and number of vCPUs.

Depending on your Hardware installation you can use the following formulas to calculate the BHCA rates:	
For AMD Epyc or equivalent processor:	
1) 16 vCPUs	CPU usage % approximately
$\text{CPU16} = (\text{BHCAG711} * 23\% + \text{BHCAG722} * 38\% + \text{BHCAG729} * 40\% + \text{BHCAOpus} * 46\%) / 72K$	
1) 8 vCPUs	CPU usage % approximately
$\text{CPU8} = \text{CPU16} / 2.33$	
For Intel Xeon E5 2698v4:	

CPU=CPU(AMD Epyc)/1.37 (for same vCPUs)	CPU usage % approximately
---	---------------------------

6.5.10 Planning the System Synchronization

The system platforms of the following components must be time synchronized with the active application computer – e.g. via the Network Time Protocol (NTP).

- OpenScape Voice
- Telephones
- Front-end computer
- Media Server computer
- available VoIP gateway, if required

During the system operation the system time deviation and possible leaps in time during the synchronization must be smaller than a second.

In addition, the correct time zone must be configured for all systems that communicate with each other via SRTP.

6.5.11 Planning the Virtualization

The OpenScape UC Application components can also be installed based on virtual computer systems. The minimum requirements to be met by the necessary virtual computer systems correspond to those of a hardware-based system solution ([Planning General Hardware Requirements](#) on page 68).

How the maximum number of supported UC Application users depends on the number of front-end and Media Server computers corresponds too to the description of the hardware-based system solution ([Planning General Hardware Requirements](#) on page 68).

If a virtualized environment restricts the OpenScape UC Application performance, the table in [Supported Deployment Scenarios](#) on page 29 documents this accordingly.

NOTICE: If you install Large Deployment in a virtual environment based on the automated basis installation / configuration (Virtual Appliance), an Openfire server too will always be installed on an individual computer system. Consequently, a virtual computer system must always be planned for the Openfire server too, no matter whether or not the Openfire server will later be required for operating OpenScape UC Application.

6.6 Planning for Very Large Deployment

This chapter provides information about the following topics:

- [Verifying Restrictions](#)
- [Overview of the Components Distribution](#)

- [Planning general Hardware Requirements](#)
- [Planning Operating System Requirements](#)
- [Planning general Requirements on the Load Balancer of the Front-end Services](#)
- [Planning the Stand-by Strategy for the Application Computer](#)
- [Planning Special System Requirements for the Network](#)
- [Planning required Licenses](#)
- [Performance Data of the OpenScape Media Server](#)
- [Planning the System Synchronization](#)
- [Planning the Virtualization](#)

6.6.1 Verifying Restrictions

Restrictions apply for Very Large Deployment in the following areas.

- [General Restrictions](#)
- [Restrictions on the OpenScape Media Server](#)
- [Restrictions on a virtualized Environment](#)

6.6.1.1 General Restrictions

The following restrictions apply for the entire system:

- Connections with network address translation (NAT) between system components are not supported.
- Security scans with Qualys appliances can lead to ActiveMQ crash (due to specific code implementation of the 3rd party ActiveMQ library).

6.6.1.2 Restrictions on the OpenScape Media Server

The following restrictions apply for the OpenScape Media Server:

- Devices display conference connections always as insecure; no encryption icon is thus represented on the device display. This also applies for the event that SRTP has been configured for connections in the OpenScape Media Server.

The reason for this is that the OpenScape Media Server can merely ensure that the data for the respectively first connection segment is encrypted.

6.6.1.3 Restrictions on a virtualized Environment

The following restrictions apply for virtualized environment:

- The following virtualization platforms have been released for a virtualized environment:
 - VMware ESXi V4.0 / V4.1 (alternative description: VMware vSphere Hypervisor V4.0 / V4.1)
 - VMware ESXi V5 / V5.1 / V5.5 (alternative description: VMware vSphere Hypervisor V5 / V5.1 / V5.5)

NOTICE: We generally recommend using the virtual network board type VMXNET3 of VMware ESXi for virtual system environments. However, a bug in version 5 of VMware ESXi causes the loss of UDP packages. You can use the network board type E1000 as alternative, but this type has a poor data throughput.

- VMware Fault Tolerance is not supported.
- VMware vMotion is supported with the following restrictions.
 - An active UC Application node may be transmitted from one ESX(i) host to another ESX(i) host of the cluster (Migrate Virtual Machine) only at times of minimal system load. Choosing other times may considerably affect the performance of UC Application services.
 - When an active UC Application node is transmitted from one ESX(i) host to another ESX(i) host of the cluster (Migrate Virtual Machine), the relevant UC Application node may become unavailable for several seconds. However, after this short period it automatically adopts its original operational state again.
 - A dedicated network with a minimum transmission rate of 1 Gbit / s must exist between the ESX(i) hosts. This network must be operated separately from the networks of other applications.
- VMware High Availability is supported.

IMPORTANT: In rare cases, a hardware bug may lead to the system not being restorable because of a damaged file system. This risk is unspecific for OpenScape UC Application. It applies for all virtual systems for which the VMware High Availability is used.

- VMware Data Backup / VMware Data Recovery is supported with the following restrictions.
 - VMware Data Recovery is only supported in version 2.0.1.2374-740238-x86_64 or higher.
 - Data backups with the help of VMware Data Backup / VMware Data Recovery must be executed at times of minimal system load. This is important, because VMware Data Backup / VMware Data Recovery is based on creating and deleting snapshots and VMware ESXi may stop a virtual machine for several seconds while a snapshot is being deleted. If this happens while UC Application services are being executed, time-outs in OpenScape UC Application may be the result. Consequently, the connection to the communications system may be rebooted and telephony features – such as call routing for the One-Number Service (ONS) – may become temporarily unavailable.

- If the **Thick Provision Lazy Zeroed** option is available for the hard-disc space of a virtual computer system, it must be activated in productive systems for application computers and Media Server computers.
- If the **Thick provision Lazy Zeroed** option is active for the hard-disc space of a virtual computer system, free hard-disc space of the same size must be additionally available.

Example: The **Thick provision Lazy Zeroed** option is active for the 130 GB hard-disc of a virtual computer system. In this case, another 130 GB of hard-disc space must be available for the virtual computer system.

This additional space is allocated by VMware Data Recovery when restoring data and made available again after the restoration.

NOTICE: When operating in test and demonstration systems you can save considerable amounts of hard-disc space by activating **Allocate and commit space on demand (Thin provisioning)**. This means that the virtual hard disk grows with the actually required hard disk capacity. This option is supported for all virtual computers of OpenScape UC Application, but we do **not recommend** it for the application and Media Server computer in productive systems as it has negative influences on the performance.

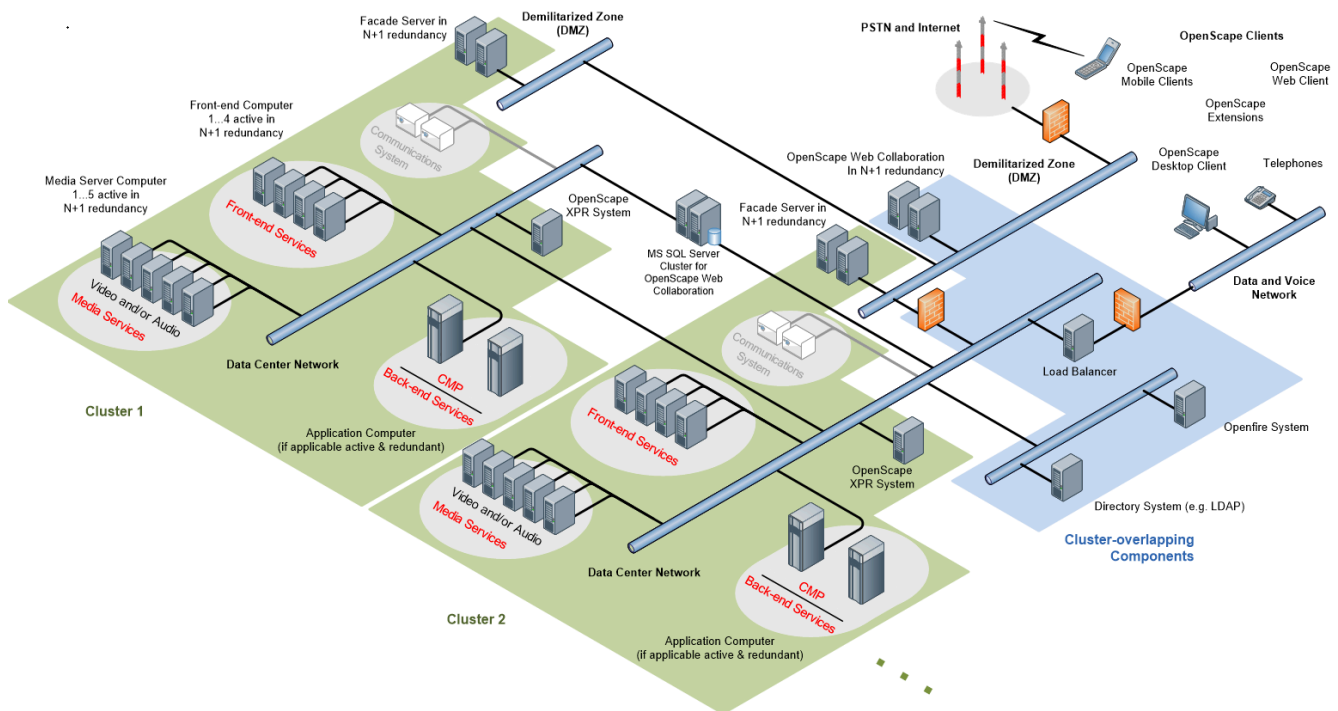
- VMware Snapshots are supported with the following restrictions.
 - Snapshots must be executed at times of minimal system load. The performance of UC Application services may otherwise decrease from the user's perspective.
 - VMware ESXi may stop a virtual machine for several seconds while a snapshot is being deleted. If this happens while UC Application services are being executed, time-outs may be the result. Consequently, the connection to the communications system may be rebooted and telephony features – such as call routing for the One-Number Service (ONS) – may become temporarily unavailable.
 - Only one snapshot per virtual computer may be available at any time.
- VMware Tools are supported.
- No video conferences in the Full-HD format are supported.
- The CPU load of each virtualization platform mapping an OpenScape Media Server must not exceed 75 %.

If a virtualized environment restricts the OpenScape UC Application performance, the table in [Supported Deployment Scenarios](#) on page 29 documents this accordingly.

6.6.2 Overview of the Components Distribution

The below simplified figure shows how the following central OpenScape UC Application components distribute in the system environment if Very Large - Deployment is used.

- CMP
- Back-end services
- Front-end services
- Media services



6.6.3 Planning general Hardware Requirements

Of the central UC Application components of each cluster only the OpenScape back-end services and the CMP are installed on a shared computer system – the application computer of the respective cluster.

All other central OpenScape UC Application components are on independent computer systems. That concerns:

- OpenScape front-end services

The OpenScape front-end services may consist of a group of up to four independent computer systems within a cluster for scaling the system performance and redundancy reasons. The same OpenScape components are installed on all computer systems of this group.

- OpenScape media services

The OpenScape media services may consist of a group of up to five independent computer systems within a cluster for scaling the system performance. If required, each computer system can be configured to be used exclusively for audio-based or video-based services.

The same OpenScape components are installed on all computer systems of the OpenScape media services.

The communications system is installed independently from the application computer. If OpenScape Voice is used, this system is installed as duplex system.

If several computer systems are configured for front-end services with the deployment scenario, a load balancer is required in the network. This load balancer serves the following purposes:

- Distributing the communication of the OpenScape Web Clients among the different front-end computers.

- Performing the TLS encryption and decryption to relieve the UC Application servers from this task.

NOTICE: The load balancer is neither an OpenScape UC Application component nor is it installed or configured by the OpenScape UC Application setup. Requirements on the load balancer are described in [Planning general Requirements on the Load Balancer of the Front-end Services](#) on page 71.

The application computer and the computer systems for the OpenScape media services and the front-end services must comply with the following hardware configurations.

Table 10: Hardware Requirements Very Large Deployment – General

Hardware configuration			
System component	Number of computers	Configuration	Number of users
Application computer (per cluster)	1	1	Max. 40 000 UC Application users
Front-end computer (per cluster)	1 to 4 ²⁸	2	Max. 15 000 UC Application users
Media Server computer (per cluster)	1 to 5 ²⁹	2	Max. 10 000 UC Application users
Openfire server (for approximately 100000 users)	min. 1	See: Planning System Requirements for the Instant-Messaging System on page 127 See planning guide for the communications system	
Communications system (per cluster)	-		
Load balancer for front-end services (3rd-party system) (per datacenter)	1	See: Planning general Requirements on the Load Balancer of the Front-end Services on page 71 - Planning guide of the 3rd-party manufacturer	

²⁸ In full configuration a computer system as redundancy.

²⁹ In full configuration a computer system for increased video performance and a computer system as redundancy.

Hardware configuration			
System component	Number of computers	Configuration	Number of users
“Warm” standby option	-	See Planning the Stand-by Strategy for the Application Computer on page 73	
Configuration 1 (minimum configuration) - Two 4-core CPUs (for example Intel Xeon 5650/2.66GHz 12MB or better configuration) (CINT2006-Rate ≥ 340) 24GB RAM 6×4 DDR3 1333MHz - Two 300GB 10k RPM HD-SAS harddisk drives in RAID-1 configuration - One DVD-ROM drive - Two identical Gigabit-Ethernet network boards - Certified for SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 12 (64-bit version) - Activated hyper threading - Option of BIOS or UEFI-based booting of the computer system. Configuration 2 (minimum configuration) - Two 4-core CPUs (for example Intel Xeon 5650/2.66GHz 12MB or better configuration) (CINT2006-Rate³⁰ ≥ 340) 12GB RAM 6×2 DDR3 1333MHz - Two 300GB 10k RPM HD-SAS harddisk drives in RAID-1 configuration - One DVD-ROM drive - Two identical Gigabit-Ethernet network boards - Certified for SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 12 (64-bit version) - Option of BIOS or UEFI-based booting of the computer system. - For Media Server computers with video support applies: - Processor with CINT2006-Speed³¹ ≥ 30 required - Processor must support SSE 2.x or later			

Average number of input / output operations for hard disk drives

You can determine the average number of input / output operations required for the hard disk drives used in a first approximation by the following equation:

$$\text{Total IOPS} \approx 0.02 \text{ IOPS} \times \text{<number of UC Application users>}$$

This approximation only applies if you use the default logging settings.

NOTICE: Because manufacturer information about inputs / outputs of their products can hardly be compared and the actual number of inputs / outputs strongly depends on the individual

³⁰ Processor performance based on any number of simultaneous threads according to Standard Performance Evaluation Corporation (SPEC) - <http://www.spec.org/cpu2006/results>

³¹ Processor performance based on a single thread according to Standard Performance Evaluation Corporation (SPEC) – <http://www.spec.org/cpu2006/results>

user behavior, the thus determined value is merely a rough benchmark.

6.6.4 Planning Operating System Requirements

Planning the operating system requirements corresponds to the description for Large Deployment in [Planning Operating System Requirements](#) on page 71.

6.6.5 Planning general Requirements on the Load Balancer of the Front-end Services

Planning general requirements on the load balancer of the front-end services corresponds to the description for Large Deployment in [Planning general Requirements on the Load Balancer of the Front-end Services](#) on page 71.

6.6.6 Planning the Stand-by Strategy for the Application Computer

Planning the cluster-individual stand-by strategy for the application computer corresponds to the description for Large Deployment in [Planning the Stand-by Strategy for the Application Computer](#) on page 73.

6.6.7 Planning Special System Requirements for the Network

In case of Very Large Deployment the data centers can be networked via WAN connection. In this case time-outs may disturb the system communication or make it completely impossible.

Beyond that, the planning statements from [Planning Special System Requirements for the Network](#) on page 74 apply also.

6.6.8 Planning required Licenses

In [Planning for Licenses](#) on page 188 you plan which licenses you need for an individual communications solution.

6.6.9 Performance Data of the OpenScape Media Server

With reference to the hardware configuration in [Planning general Hardware Requirements](#) on page 81 the OpenScape Media Server has the following performance data.

SIP-BHCA applied:	10 000 (a default SIP scenario uses approximately seven SIP messages)
Maximum permissible number of channels:	

• Voice portal (DTMF-based):	Max. 620 G.711 channels (RTP or RTCP) or
• Voice portal (ASR-based):	Max. 80 G.711 channels (RTP or RTCP) or
• OpenScape Auto Attendant:	Max. 1 540 G.711 channels (RTP or RTCP) or
• Customer-specific application:	Depending on the application up to max. 1 540 G.711 channels (RTP or RTCP) or
• Conference portal	Max. 1 540 G.711 channels (RTP or RTCP) (per conference room max. 250 ³² G.711 channels) or
• a combination of shares	
• Text-to-Speech (TTS)	Max. 300 channels
• WebRTC	Max. 1000 channels

NOTICE: We assume for the specified number of channels: The OpenScape Media Server can use up to 40 % of the processor power on the computer system.

If codecs different from G.711 are used, the following applies:	
• One G.722 channel corresponds to	the performance of 2 G.711 channels
• One G.729 channel corresponds to	the performance of 2.4 G.711 channels
• One 720p video channel corresponds to	the performance of 180 G.711 channels
• One 1080p video channel (H.264) corresponds to	the performance of 350 G.711 channels
• One 1080p video channel (H.265) corresponds to	the performance of 700 G.711 channels

NOTICE: See [Integrated Web Collaboration Media Server Performance](#) for an Integrated Web Collaboration scenario.

WebRTC Performance

WebRTC endpoints have been added as a new capability for OpenScape UC users to facilitate web audio and video calls using the WebRTC endpoint either as an OND or ONS line for the users on the OpenScape UC Web client.

³² In the case of moderated conferences without conference portal dial-out, up to **500** G.711 channels are supported per conference room – if the participants dial in during approx. one minute (approx. 30 000 BHCA).

NOTICE: Provisioning of other services on Media Server should be disabled to achieve the maximum capacity for WebRTC calls.

WebRTC channels exclusive usage in one Media Server: 350 to 1000 channels depending on codecs used and Hardware specs and number of vCPUs.

Depending on your Hardware installation you can use the following formulas to calculate the BHCA rates:

For AMD Epyc or equivalent processor:

1) 16 vCPUs

CPU usage % approximately

$CPU_{16} = (BHCAG711 * 23\% + BHCAG722 * 38\% + BHCAG729 * 40\% + BHCAOpus * 46\%) / 72K$

1) 8 vCPUs

CPU usage % approximately

$CPU_8 = CPU_{16} / 2.33$

For Intel Xeon E5 2698v4:

$CPU = CPU(AMD\ Epyc) / 1.37$ (for same vCPUs)

CPU usage % approximately

6.6.10 Planning the System Synchronization

Planning the stand-by strategy corresponds to the description for Large - Deployment in [Performance Data of the OpenScope Media Server](#) on page 75.

6.6.11 Planning the Virtualization

The OpenScope UC Application components can also be installed based on virtual computer systems. The minimum requirements to be met by the necessary virtual computer systems correspond to those of a hardware-based system solution ([Planning general Hardware Requirements](#) on page 81).

The maximum number of supported UC Application users depends on the number of front-end and Media Server computers as follows:

Table 11: Number of users in a virtualized environment (Very Large Deployment)

System component	Number of computers	Number of users
Application computer (per cluster)	1	Max. 35 000 UC Application users per cluster
Front-end computer (per cluster)	1st computer	Max. 15 000 UC Application users

System component	Number of computers	Number of users
	2nd – 4th computer ³³	Max. 10 000 additional UC Application users per computer
Media Server computer (per cluster)	1st computer	Max. 15 000 UC Application users per computer
	2nd - 5th computer ³⁴	Max. 10 000 additional UC Application users per computer

The event of a virtualized environment restricting the OpenScape UC Application performance with the described virtualization settings is documented in the table in [Supported Deployment Scenarios](#) on page 29.

6.7 Planning for CMP

Planning information concerning the CMP are depicted in the manual *OpenScape Common Management Platform, Administrator Documentation*.

³³ In full configuration a computer system as redundancy.

³⁴ In full configuration a computer system for increased video performance and a computer system as redundancy.

7 Planning for connecting the external Communications System

IMPORTANT: OpenScape UC Application must always be connected to a communications system. This communications system provides the basic infrastructure for telecommunications services to the OpenScape UC Application components.

IMPORTANT: Each communications system connected to OpenScape UC Application must be adequately dimensioned for processing the load of the planned UC Application users. This is particularly true for Very Large Deployment. Please obtain details of the performance data and dimensioning recommendations for the relevant communications systems from the associated product documentation.

The following released communications systems can be connected to OpenScape UC Application:

- OpenScape Voice
- OpenScape 4000

NOTICE: You find details of the versions of supported communications systems and the number of connectable systems in the table in [Supported Deployment Scenarios](#) on page 29.

It is also possible to have a mixed mode in the meaning that OpenScape UC Application can be connected to both OpenScape 4000 and OpenScape Voice simultaneously.

IMPORTANT: The mixed mode requires a project-specific release.

Furthermore, you can connect other communications systems in addition, but the OpenScape UC Application features are then, as far as these communications systems are concerned, available significantly restrictedly.

To connect a communications system to OpenScape UC Application you need to execute the following planning steps:

- [Planning a Connection Type for a Communications System](#)
- If different types of communications systems are available for direct connections: [Comparing system-depending Features for a direct Connection](#)
- In case of connecting OpenScape Voice: [Checking technical Restrictions on OpenScape Voice](#)
- In case of connecting OpenScape 4000: [Checking technical Restrictions on OpenScape 4000](#)

7.1 Planning a Connection Type for a Communications System

Two connection types, which differ conceptionally and in their scope of services, are available for connecting a communications system to OpenScape UC Application.

- **Direct connection**

In this manner you can connect communications systems to OpenScape UC Application that are approved for OpenScape UC Application by name. Compare [Supported Deployment Scenarios](#) on page 29.

In case of a direct connection, all line features of OpenScape UC Application are available that have been released for the relevant communications system.

To use OpenScape UC Application it must be directly connected to at least one released communications system.

- **Indirect connection**

In this manner you can connect any available communications systems to OpenScape UC Application; also those not approved for OpenScape UC Application by name.

Not all line features of OpenScape UC Application can be used via an indirect connection. The respectively connected communications system determines which line features are supported and to what extent.

Connecting communications systems indirectly is optional. If you use indirect connections, there must also always be one OpenScape Voice system connected to OpenScape UC Application directly.

NOTICE: Connecting a communications system to OpenScape UC Application directly requires a project-specific release.

7.1.1 Direct Connection to a released Communications System

To use OpenScape UC Application it must be directly connected to at least one released communications system.

How to connect a communications system to OpenScape UC Application directly depends on the number and type of the communications systems to be connected.

For connecting communications systems directly we differentiate three scenarios:

- [Connecting a single communications system directly](#)
- [Connecting several communications systems of the same type directly](#)
- [Connecting several communications systems of different type directly](#)

Connecting a single communications system directly

A singly connected communications system must be connected to the central components of OpenScape UC Application in two ways:

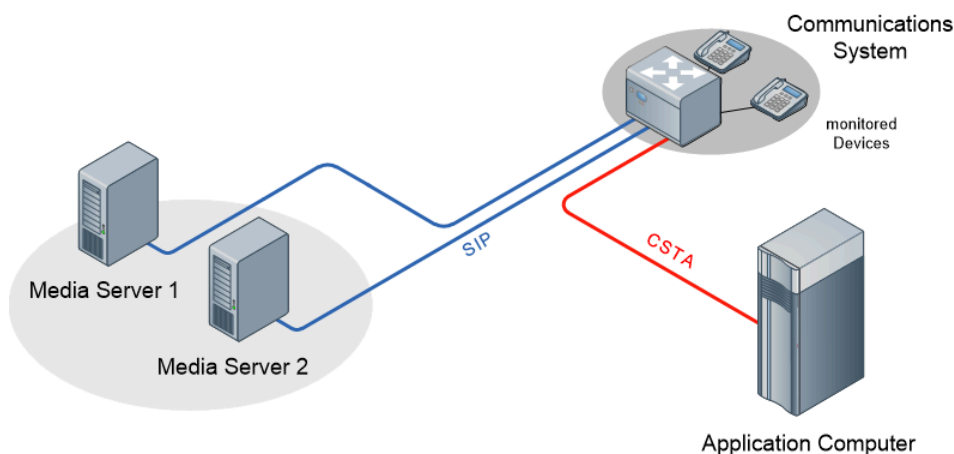
Planning for connecting the external Communications System

- Via an SIP trunk between the directly connected communications system and the computer system on which the OpenScape Media Server is installed. In and outbound phone connections for Media Server applications – e. g. for the voice and conference portal – are routed via this SIP trunk.

If several OpenScape Media Servers are installed with OpenScape UC Application, every OpenScape Media Server must be connected to the directly connected communications system via an SIP trunk.

NOTICE: In a OpenScape 4000 environment without OpenScape Voice, several OpenScape Media Servers can only be used if a OpenScape 4000 SoftGate SIP Load Balancer is deployed.

- Via a CSTA connection between the directly connected communications system and the application computer of OpenScape UC Application. Via this connection, the statuses of the relevant phones are monitored and the associated phone connections controlled.

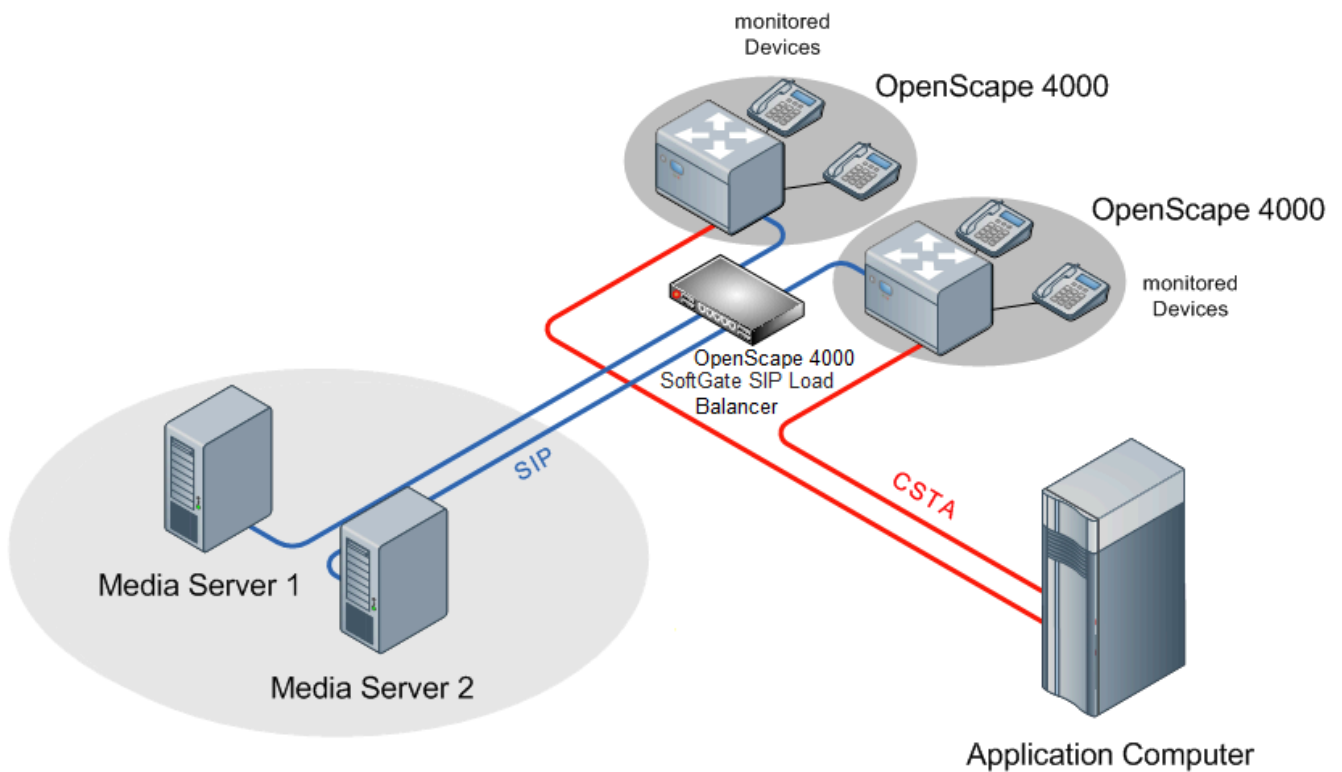


Connecting several communications systems of the same type directly

NOTICE: For the time being, this connection type can only be used with OpenScape 4000.

In this scenario, all OpenScape 4000 systems are connected to the central components of OpenScape UC Application via two ways.

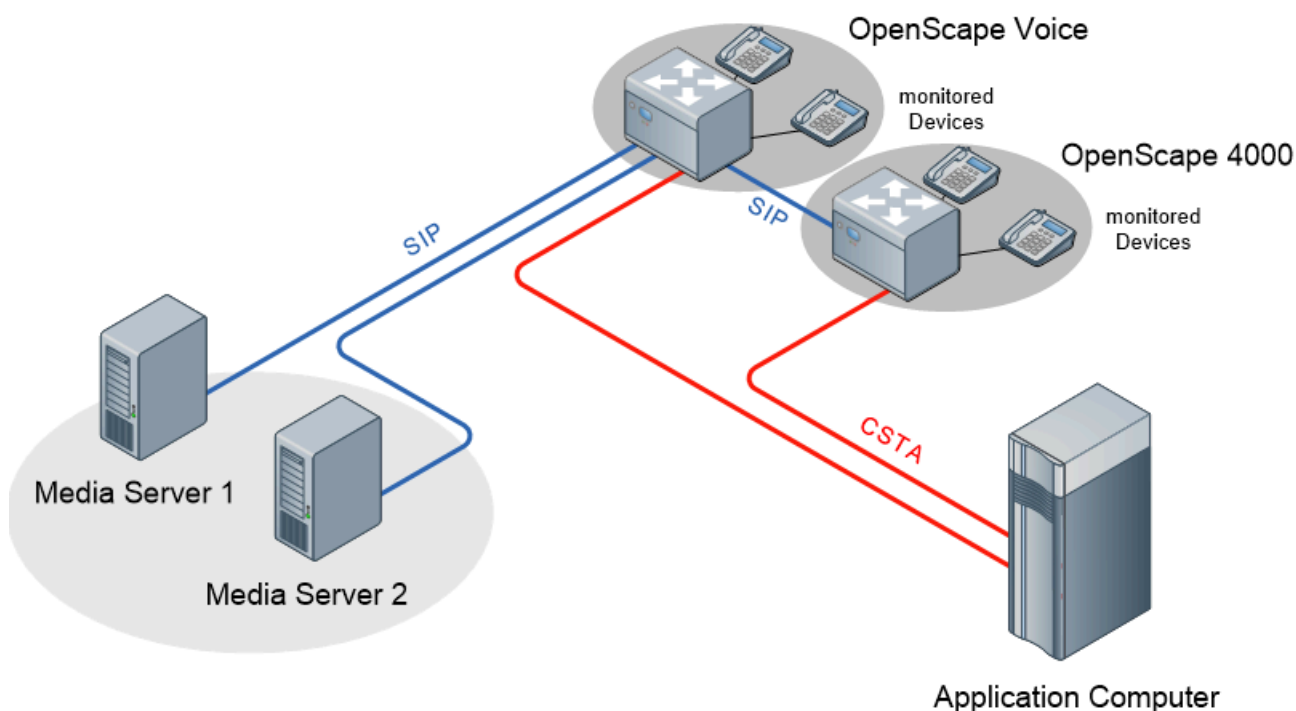
- Via an SIP trunk between the SIP load balancer of the OpenScape 4000 systems and the computer system on which the OpenScape Media Server is installed. In and outbound phone connections for Media Server applications – e. g. for the voice and conference portal – are routed via this SIP trunk.
- Via a CSTA connection between the OpenScape 4000 system and the application computer of OpenScape UC Application. Via this connection, the statuses of the relevant phones are monitored and the associated phone connections controlled.



NOTICE: The table in [Supported Deployment Scenarios](#) on page 29 describes how many communications systems of any type can be simultaneously and directly connected to OpenScape UC Application.

Connecting several communications systems of different type directly

The following figure shows how to connect several communications systems of different type to OpenScape UC Application directly.



NOTICE: The table in [Supported Deployment Scenarios](#) on page 29 describes how many communications systems can be simultaneously and directly connected to OpenScape UC Application and in which combinations.

In this scenario OpenScape Voice is connected to OpenScape UC Application as if it was the only connected communications system.

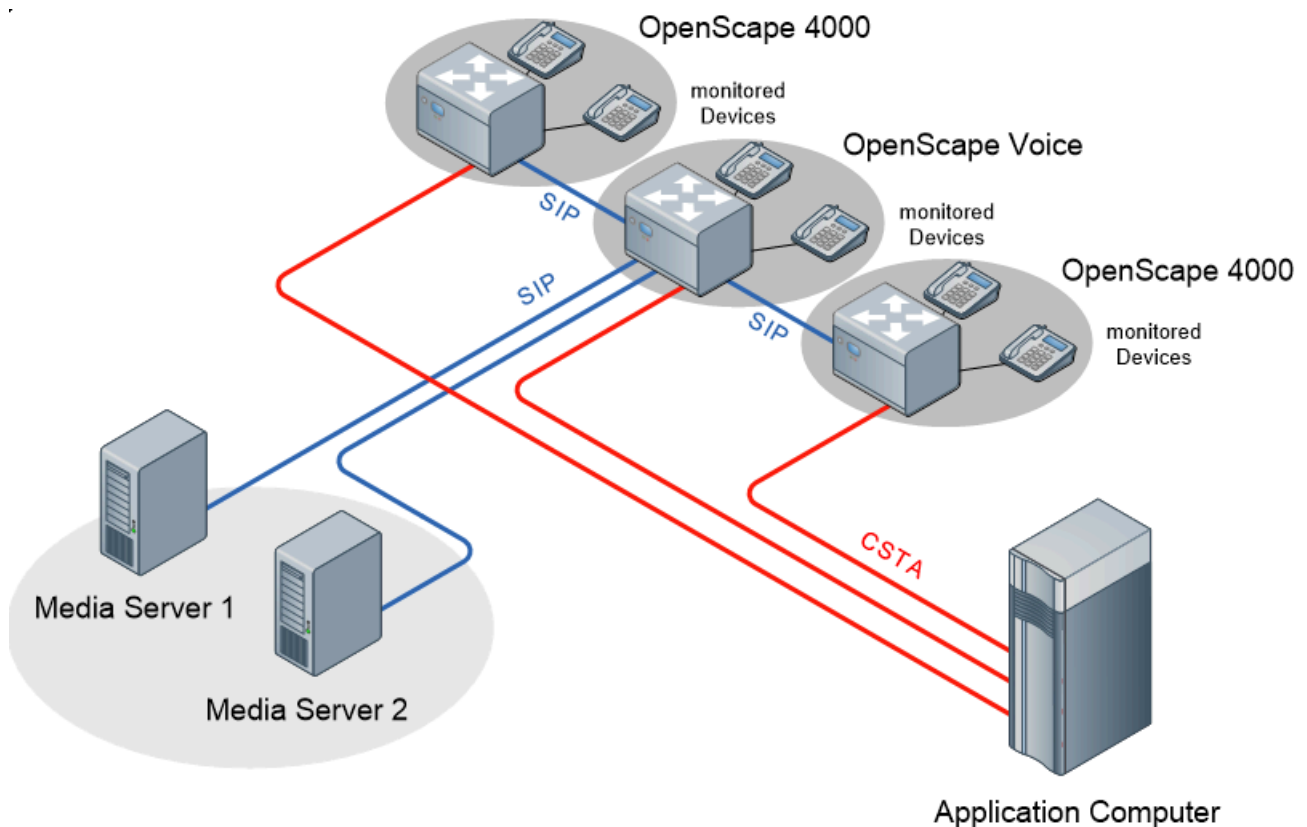
- Via an SIP trunk between OpenScape Voice and the computer system on which the OpenScape Media Server is installed. In and outbound phone connections for Media Server applications – e. g. for the voice and conference portal – are routed via this SIP trunk.

If several OpenScape Media Servers are installed with ICN EN HS D 533, every OpenScape Media Server must be connected to OpenScape Voice with an SIP trunk.

- Via a CSTA connection between OpenScape Voice and the application computer of OpenScape UC Application. Via this connection, the statuses of the relevant phones are monitored and the associated phone connections controlled.

The OpenScape 4000 system is also connected to the application computer of OpenScape UC Application using a CSTA connection. However, there is no SIP trunk between OpenScape 4000 and the available OpenScape Media Servers. Instead, an SIP trunk connects OpenScape 4000 and OpenScape Voice.

If several OpenScape 4000 systems shall be used besides OpenScape Voice, all of them are connected to OpenScape Voice and OpenScape UC Application in the same way.



7.1.2 Indirect Connection to an available Communications System

NOTICE: Connecting a communications system to OpenScape UC Application directly requires a project-specific release.

You can integrate an already available communications system in a UC Application solution via an indirect connection. It can be assumed that a published phone number already exists in the available communications system for every user to deploy OpenScape at a later date. This phone number is to be kept in the scope of OpenScape UC Application.

Under these circumstances, it is best for an indirect connection to shift the already published phone numbers of the available communications system to the communications system directly connected to OpenScape UC Application.

Summarized, the following must happen:

- Every already published phone number must be deleted on the available communications system and configured on the communications system directly connected to OpenScape UC Application.
- In OpenScape UC Application, every phone number shifted in this way must be assigned to the relevant OpenScape user as ONS number.
- In the available communications system, a new phone number must be configured for the office phone of each OpenScape user to replace the shifted phone number.

Planning for connecting the external Communications System

- The available communications system must be configured so that all calls directed to the published phone numbers are transferred to the directly connected communications system.

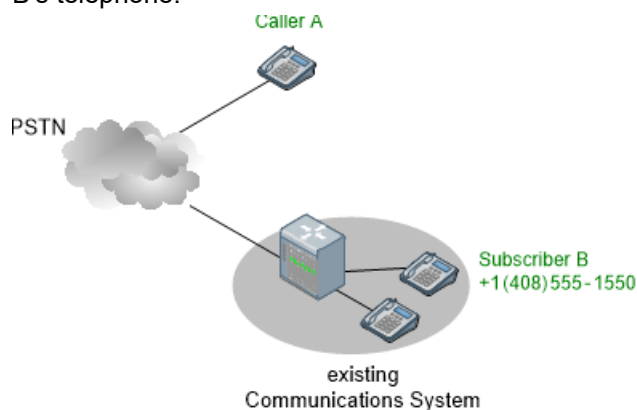
NOTICE: If OpenScape UC Application and the directly connected communications system are added to the available system environment, the topology of the phone network changes. In this changed topology it must be made sure that all subscribers can be reached from any point in the phone network.

Connecting several available communications systems indirectly

You can also connect several available communications systems to OpenScape UC Application indirectly in the described manner.

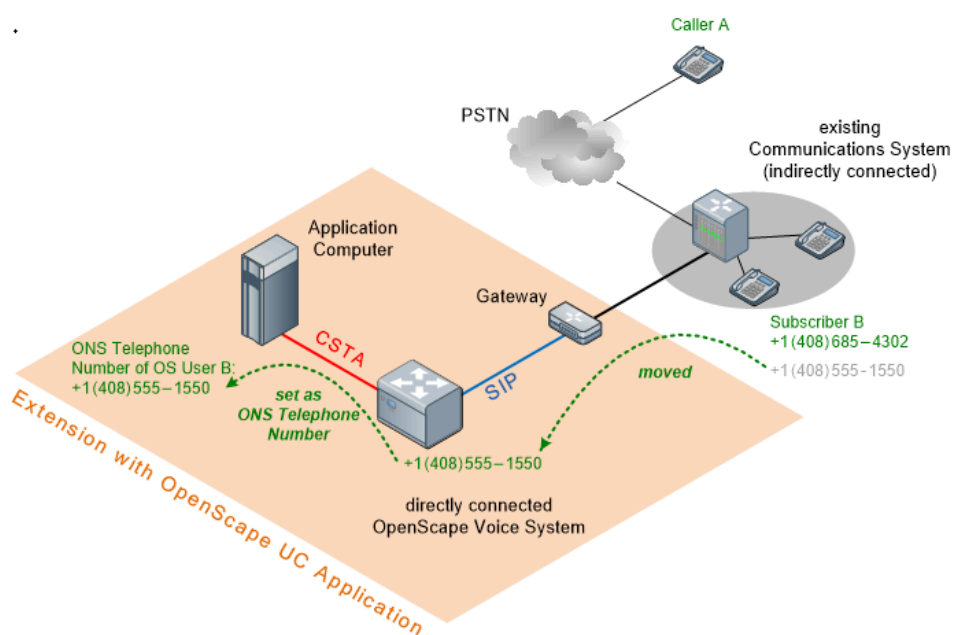
Function example of an indirect connection

In the available communications system, subscriber B has the published phone number +1(408) 555-1550. When caller A calls subscriber B, the call is routed through the PSTN and the available communications system over to subscriber B's telephone.

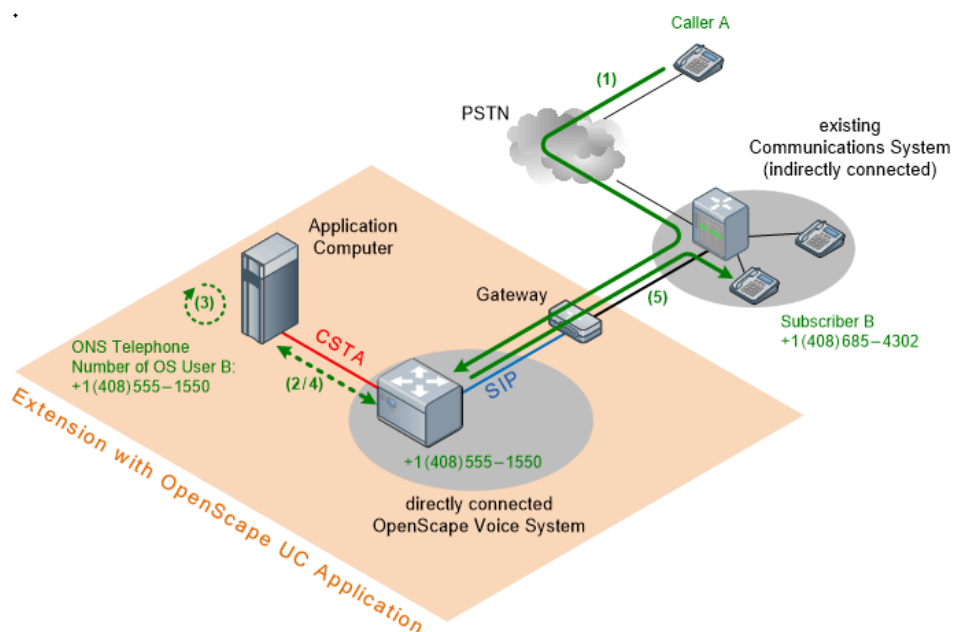


If OpenScape UC Application is to be added to the available system environment, calls addressed to OpenScape users must be forwarded to the communications system directly connected to OpenScape UC Application. OpenScape UC Application then provides the one-number service the directly connected communications system can use for monitoring and controlling calls.

Planning for connecting the external Communications System



This forwarding requires shifting the originally published phone number +1(408) 555-1550 from the available communications system to the directly connected communications system. Subsequently, a new phone number must be assigned to the user's original office phone in the available communications system, so that OpenScape UC Application can route calls to this number if required. In the depicted example this is phone number +1(408) 685-4302. The published number thus remains the same, but is now under the control of OpenScape UC Application.



After this reconfiguration the system behaves as follows:

- 1) Calls to subscriber B reach through the PSTN the available communications system and are routed to the gateway of the directly connected communications system from there.

Planning for connecting the external Communications System

Comparing system-depending Features for a direct Connection

- 2) Using CSTA, the directly connected communications system notifies OpenScape UC Application about a call arriving for phone number +1(408) 555-1550.
- 3) Since this phone number has been configured as ONS number for OpenScape user B, OpenScape UC Application applies all routing rules this user has configured in OpenScape UC Application to this call.
- 4) If the user has defined his/her phone of the available communications system as preferred device, OpenScape UC Application has the directly connected communications system forward the call to phone number +1(408) 685-4302 using CSTA.
- 5) The call is then signalled at the relevant device of the available communications system. When subscriber B accepts the call, then caller A is connected to subscriber B.

If subscriber B has defined another preferred device, OpenScape UC Application has the directly connected communications system reroute the call to the relevant device.

Please note that two channels are allocated in the gateway for every call – one for directly connecting caller A to the connected communications system and one for forwarding to subscriber B. If both connection partners are subscribers to the available communications system, not only two but four channels are allocated in the gateway. Please keep this in mind when dimensioning the gateway.

7.2 Comparing system-depending Features for a direct Connection

The following table gives an overview which of the most important UC Application features are supported via the directly connectable communications systems.

The *OpenScape UC Application, System Description* manual describes via which UC Application clients the supported features can be used.

Table 12: Communications System Function Dependencies

	OpenScape Voice		OpenScape 4000			
UC Application Service	as regards ONS device	as regards preferred device	as regards ONS device		as regards preferred device	
			V8	V10	V8	V10
Call Control						
• Initiate call	✓	✓	✓		✓	
• Hold call	✓	✓	✗		✗	
• Reconnect call	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓

Planning for connecting the external Communications System

UC Application Service	OpenScape Voice		OpenScape 4000			
	as regards ONS device	as regards preferred device	as regards ONS device		as regards preferred device	
			V8	V10	V8	V10
• Transfer call via consultation call	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
• Transfer call without consultation call	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
• Initiate consultation call	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
• Reject connection	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
• Clear connection	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
• Alternate connection	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
• Request callback	✓	✓	✓		✗	
Note: Request callback to / from external preferred device is not supported. However, request callback from internal preferred device (residing on the same OS4k system) is supported.						
• Call waiting	✓	✓	✓		✗	
Note: Call waiting is not supported for WebRTC and Fusion Clients. However, it is supported for devices.						
• Dial with the help of function keys via plug-in	✓	✓	✓		✓	
• SIP-URI dialing	✓	✓	✗		✗	
• Backup Preferred Device Routing	✓	✓	✗		✗	
Call Control User Interface						
• Inbound / outbound calls are displayed	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
• Phone number and/or name of a caller is displayed	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
• Record conversation (with SIP Softphone only)	✓	✓	✗		✗	

Planning for connecting the external Communications System

	OpenScape Voice		OpenScape 4000			
UC Application Service	as regards ONS device	as regards preferred device	as regards ONS device		as regards preferred device	
			V8	V10	V8	V10
Change of Device						
• User can redirect incoming call to one of his/her preferred devices or any other device	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
• User can hand active call over to one of his/her preferred devices or reroute it to any other device	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Audio Conference – Ad-hoc						
• Server-based Ad-hoc conference supported	✓	✓	✓		✓	
• User can select any contacts, start an Ad-hoc conference and subsequently remove contacts from the conference and add them to the conference	✓	✓	✓		✓	
Audio Conference – Meet Me						
• Open and administrate open conferences without moderator	✓	✓	✓		✓	
• Create and administrate conferences that are controlled by a moderator	✓	✓	✓		✓	
• Define other moderators	✓	✓	✓		✓	
• Provide acces PIN	✓	✓	✓		✓	
• Show all conference participants that have logged on to the conference or not yet (participant name or phone number)	✓	✓	✓		✓	
• Selectively mute audio transmissions of other conference participants	✓	✓	✓		✓	
• Mute conference	✓	✓	✓		✓	
• Delete single participants from conference	✓	✓	✓		✓	
• Block active conference for callers who wish to participate	✓	✓	✓		✓	

Planning for connecting the external Communications System

UC Application Service	OpenScape Voice		OpenScape 4000			
	as regards ONS device	as regards preferred device	as regards ONS device		as regards preferred device	
			V8	V10	V8	V10
Identify conference participant who is currently talking	✓	✓	✓		✓	
Record and play name of conference participants at the beginning of the conference	✓	✓	✓		✓	
Add document links and URLs to the conference in order to make them accessible for other conference participants. Start web conference session	✓	✓	✓		✓	
Participants may select whether to be called by the system for a conference or to dial in by themselves	✓	✓	✓		✓	
Participate at an active conference without entering access number and PIN	✓	✓	✓		✓	
Initiate scheduled conference	✓	✓	✓		✓	
Contact list management						
Administrate server-based contact list stored on the OpenScape server	✓	✓	✓		✓	
Administrate server-based contact list that is stored on the Groupware server (Microsoft Exchange)	✓	✓	✓		✓	
Administrate contacts via searching, grouping and sorting function	✓	✓	✓		✓	
Search in global address books – e. g. in corporate directories (LDAP, Microsoft Exchange)	✓	✓	✓		✓	
Search for personal contacts in connected groupware (LDAP, Microsoft Exchange)	✓	✓	✓		✓	
Import and export personal contact list	✓	✓	✓		✓	
Call journal						
Log the following calls: incoming calls, outgoing calls, lost calls, forwarded calls, calls forwarded to voicemail	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓

Planning for connecting the external Communications System

	OpenScape Voice		OpenScape 4000			
UC Application Service	as regards ONS device	as regards preferred device	as regards ONS device		as regards preferred device	
			V8	V10	V8	V10
• Administrate server-based call journal that is stored on the OpenScape server	✓	✓	✓		✓	
• Administrate call journal via searching and sorting function	✓	✓	✓		✓	
One-Number Service (ONS)						
• The user ONS phone number is displayed to the caller (independent of user device)	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
• Named device list is displayed	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
• User can administrate list of preferred devices	✓	✓	✓		✓	
• ONS device can be member of a multi-line hunt group of OpenScape Voice	✓					
• ONS device can be member of a group function of OpenScape 4000			see Restrictions		see Restrictions	
OpenScape Messaging						
• Accept voice messages and forward as e-mail attachment to preferred e-mail inbox (Microsoft Outlook)	✓	✓	✓		✓	
OpenScape Xpressions Integration						
• Quick access to voice messages via operating elements for e.g. start, stop, break, delete and save	✓	✓	✓		✓	
• Transfer between the OpenScape Xpressions TUIs and voice portal (Trusted Transfer Mode)	✓		✗			
• Message Waiting Indication	✓		✓			
Instant Messaging						
• Initiate audio call from IM session	✓	✓	✓		✓	

Planning for connecting the external Communications System

Checking technical Restrictions on OpenScape Voice

UC Application Service	OpenScape Voice		OpenScape 4000			
	as regards ONS device	as regards preferred device	as regards ONS device		as regards preferred device	
			V8	V10	V8	V10
Initiate audio conference from IM session	✓	✓	✓		✓	
Presence						
Show presence, telephony presence, notes and time zone information	✓	✓	✓		✓	
Show OpenScape 4000 telephony presence	✓	✓	✓		✓	
Show presence status and telephony presence status of contacts in call journal	✓	✓	✓		✓	
Video						
Initiate video connection to a participant who uses the SIP softphone OpenScape Personal or OpenScape Fusion	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓
Initiate video connection to another SIP participant	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓

7.3 Checking technical Restrictions on OpenScape Voice

If OpenScape Voice is connected to OpenScape UC Application directly, the following restrictions apply:

- If a phone number is already monitored by a CSTA application, it must not be simultaneously configured as ONS phone number. This refers e.g. to phone numbers already monitored by ComAssistant or OpenScape Contact Center.
- An ONS phone number must not be simultaneously assigned to several endpoint devices because, in this case, the **Auto Answer** feature does not work.
- An ONS phone number must not be simultaneously configured as Circuit phone number.
- If a caller initiates a callback from his/her preferred device (OND), the callback will in due course not be indicated on the preferred device but on the device with the associated ONS number.
- You cannot use named device lists to forward calls from a keyset line to a rollover line.

Planning for connecting the external Communications System

Checking technical Restrictions on OpenScape 4000

- The following restrictions apply for the use of multi-line hunt groups (MLHG):
 - The relevant UC Application users may not use the named device list for their preferred devices.
 - The relevant UC Application users may not configure call routing rules..
 - For the relevant OpenScape Voice subscribers, displaying the pilot phone number for outgoing calls should not be configured.
 - If the One Number Service is to be used for UC Application users that are subscribers of a multi-line hunt group (MLHG), the following applies: The OpenScape Voice services **CSTA** and **One Number Service** must be configured not only for the subscribers of the multi-line hunt group but also for the pilot number of the multi-line hunt group.
- Provisioning of OpenScape UC users as hunt group members is supported with the following configuration regarding MLHG pilot DN:
 - MLHG pilot DN must be provisioned as "profile only" with CSTA and ONS services.
 - MLHG pilot DN can not be an OpenScape UC user.
- If a named device list is set as preferred device (OND) and one device of the named device list is busy, a waiting caller always receives a busy tone.
- Expanding a two-person conversation to a UC Application-based conference (transfer conference, Merge Calls) is not supported.
- Expanding a two-person conversation with a Web Collaboration session is not supported.
- OpenScape UC Application monitors by default only those subscribers, that use a well-known country code. If in a customer environment an unknown system-dependent country code needs to be used, this country code must be added on every application computer and every OpenScape Media - Server to the file `dialingRules.xml`. This file is saved in the following directory: `<Osc-Install>/common/conf/`

7.4 Checking technical Restrictions on OpenScape 4000

Restrictions on connecting OpenScape 4000 depend on whether OpenScape 4000 is connected to OpenScape UC Application directly or indirectly.

- [Checking technical Restrictions on Connecting OpenScape 4000 directly](#)
- [Checking technical Restrictions on Connecting OpenScape 4000 indirectly](#)

7.4.1 Checking technical Restrictions on Connecting OpenScape 4000 directly

If OpenScape 4000 is connected to OpenScape UC Application directly, the following restrictions apply depending on the software version of OpenScape 4000 used:

- [Restrictions on OpenScape 4000 V7 and higher](#)

Restrictions on OpenScape 4000 V7 and higher

- Is not supported for Integrated Deployment.
- 5000 UC Application users may be assigned to each OpenScape 4000 system at the most.

- At OpenScape 4000, the number of possible OpenScape Media Server channels is generally restricted by the OpenScape 4000 gateways. However, if a OpenScape 4000 SoftGate SIP Load Balancer is used, the number of possible channels can be notched up. Such an SIP load balancer can manage several OpenScape 4000 gateways in connection with up to four OpenScape Media Servers.

Information about the OpenScape 4000 gateway's channel restriction is contained in the *OpenScape 4000 IP Solutions, Service Documentation*.

- In a OpenScape 4000 environment without OpenScape Voice and without OpenScape 4000 SoftGate SIP Load Balancer you can use the OpenScape 4000 systems only in connection with a single shared OpenScape Media Server.

The single OpenScape Media Server is only connected to one of the OpenScape 4000 systems used. All further OpenScape 4000 systems must route connections for the OpenScape Media Server via this selected OpenScape 4000 system.

In such an environment there is no redundancy for the media services.

- Private numbering plans are not supported.
- Auto Attendant feature is not supported for OpenScape 4000 systems.
- Expanding a two-person conversation to a UC Application-based conference (transfer conference, Merge Calls) is not supported.
- Users cannot be forwarded from OpenScape Xpressions PhoneMail to the voice portal with help of the Trusted-Transfer-Mode (TTM). If OpenScape Xpressions PhoneMail as well as the voice portal shall be used, at least two independent access numbers must be configured.
 - One access number in OpenScape Xpressions that allows the user to access his/her PhoneMail inbox.
 - One access number in OpenScape UC Application that lets users set for example their presence status or preferred device in the voice portal.
- The call waiting feature works only at the OpenScape 4000 device with the ONS number. That means:
 - If a terminal device and not a named device list has been set as preferred device (OND): The call waiting feature works only if the OpenScape 4000 device with the ONS number has been selected as preferred device (OND). If another device has been set as preferred device (OND), a second caller will always receive a busy tone; no matter which setting has been performed for the call waiting feature on the terminal device.
 - If a named device list has been set as preferred device (OND): An incoming second call is always routed to the next free device of the named device list and signaled there. This, however, is not true if the OpenScape 4000 device with the ONS number is contained in the named device list and the call waiting feature is active for this device. In this case an incoming second call is also signaled on a busy device with the ONS number. If the second call remains unaccepted, it is routed to the next free device of the named device list.
- You can use OpenScape UC Application with the signaling and payload encryption (SPE) of OpenScape 4000. However, encryption signaling is not displayed in the UC Application clients.
- No OpenScape Desktop Client Web Embedded features controlled via the classic phone menu, feature codes or phone keys are supported.

- The following local OpenScape 4000 group features are supported at OpenScape UC Application only passively for UC Clients:

- Call pickup
- Hunt group
- CHESE-integrated secretarial unit

Passively means that an ONS device can be a member of those groups. However, if the user is a UC client, the operation is only possible at the ONS device and not in the UC Application client.

If the user is a webRTC client, it is only possible to receive call pickup notifications in the UC Application Client.

Also, a UC user with additional WebRTC resource, will receive call pickup notifications in the web client only if the webRTC resource is a member of those pickup groups.

NOTICE: If OpenScape Desktop Client WE is used as ONS device, such group features cannot be operated on the ONS device either.

The displays in the UC Application client are correct as regards the call control and the journal.

The state of Hunt Group members is based on the HGMEMB buffer. The buffer is initialized with the first call.

The correct information about member's status is guaranteed only when the HGMEMB buffer is created. Therefore, there could be inconsistencies before the first call via Hunt Group or after a soft restart, when HGMEMB buffers are deleted.

- You cannot use a postmaster account as preferred device (OND).
- You cannot use GroupNumbers like HuntGroup, AttendantGroup, DNIT, OS4K ONS, voice mail as preferred device (OND)
- OpenScape UC Application cannot control phones that are connected to OpenScape 4000 via classic SIP interface (S0PP).
- Unify SIP Deskphones (like CP, OpenStage etc.) are not supported as UC ONS for classic SIP (S0PP) or UFIP SIP interface.
- OpenScape UC Soft Clients are supported as UC ONS using UFIP SIP interface.
- Fusion clients of OpenScape UC Application can be used as softphone at OpenScape 4000 starting with OpenScape 4000 V8 and higher (OpenScape 4000 V7 is not supported).

NOTICE: For details, please refer to appropriate OpenScape 4000 Documentation (V8 and higher)

- The following features must not be configured in OpenScape 4000 for all types of devices/clients used by the OpenScape UC Application:
 - Attendant Console
 - Nightservice
 - Follow me
 - PIN identification

NOTICE: The feature **PIN4** can be used by entering the PIN with the keys of the OpenScape 4000 telephone. The PIN can not be entered in the UC Application clients.

- H4k ONS functionality
- Silent / Tone Monitoring
- Network-wide hunt group
- Hunt group parallel ringing
- Network-wide executive / secretary function
- Integrated Key Functionality / Multi Line Access (Keyset)
- COM group features
- Speaker Call – One-Way Broadcast
- Network-wide pickup group
- Personal device group (twinning) not supported with UC soft phones (SIP-UFIP)
- When using a CMI DECT handset configured as a UC ONS number, the UC client interface does not display an answer button for incoming calls. Calls can only be answered from the CMI handset.
- If the CMI handset is out of range, the UC Application is not informed. The UC client will not reflect that the CMI device is unreachable.
- Callback free to SIP or Analog station can't be set via UC. Callback to external preferred device (residing in central office or in other OpenScape 4000 system) is not possible. Also, it is not possible to request callback from UC when using external preferred device (residing in central office or in other OpenScape 4000 system).
- Virtual device numbers like tie trunks (for example xpressions) are not correctly handled by UC.
- In case of digit prefixing (English: TDCSU:DGTPR, German TDCSU:ZIVO) on trunk connections:
 - UC contact search after phone number fails in case OpenScape 4000 extension number is used as search criteria. Same restriction in case Easy UC application is used.
 - Incoming calls from media server needs additional OpenScape 4000 configuration in order to add the prefix digit
- Multiple alert and speed extend from attendant when a UC client is involved not supported by UC.
- It is recommended to configure Xpressions with Single Step Call Transfer (SSCT) instead of 2 step transfer in case UC is configured using Call Transfer Settings tab and setting the "Allow blind transfers" option.
- Keysystem - UC is supported only for the primary line
- Signaling and Payload Separation (SPS) interconnectivity with UC is not supported
- The CHESE calls are routed to the preferred device (OND) of the right member (executive, secretary or substitute), depending on the current

secretary xfer and substitute settings. But if CHESE member is acting on any OND different than ONS the other CHESE members are not alerted and on the OND all CHESE specific group indications (i.e. indications on PUS keys and DSS keys, calling party display on executive phone, splash ring and substitute executive ring and the possibility to pick up a specific) are missing.

- In case pickup member has OND set, OND different than ONS - the pickup group indication at pickup members is missing.
- VNR systems only VNR code + extension or E164 dialing is supported
- By default, DAKS calls do not follow the preferred device settings. This is intentional to ensure Alarm calls truly call the intended physical device. However, starting from V8 R2, this behavior can be changed by activating the optional feature flag 722 via AMO ZANDE.
- Actions initiated by the OND (preferred device) and not by the ONS (UC user), will not be reflected in the UC user Call Control.
- Networking forward scenario: in order to have correct information in call control in case of network call forward, parameters FWDN and FNAN must be added on the trunk COT.

OpenScape UC Application and dialing feature codes on OS4K:

Users can dial feature codes (DARs) from their UC client (for all types of endpoints) and WebRTC client to activate or deactivate OS4k features. The following DARs are available:

1) Hunt group in/out

Example for hunt group in:

- The AHTVCE WABE code for hunt in is *13
- An UC user (12100) who wants to change its hunt group status needs to dial *13
- OS4K receives CSTA MAKE CALL REQUEST from 12100 to *13
- The following information is displayed in ACL:

Call from 12100 to empty number is initiated, to put the station in DIAL state;

Dial digits *13 from 12100 are invoked;

A MAKE CALL RESPONSE will be generated:

- POSITIVE response: the feature was activated
- NEGATIVE response: the feature code is invalid

NOTICE: There is no UI element in UC to mark the hunt group status (IN or OUT).

2) Number/name suppression on

Example of number suppression:

- The activation code for number suppression ON is *50.
- An UC user (12100) who wants to call another UC user (13100) with number suppression needs to dial *5013100.
- OS4K receives a MAKE CALL REQUEST from 12100 to *5013100.
- Call from 12100 to 13100 is initiated with calling number suppression on.
- No acknowledgement (no special CSTA event) is generated to mark the feature activation/deactivation.
- A CSTA MAKE CALL RESPONSE will be generated:
 - POSITIVE response: the feature was activated and a call was initiated.
 - NEGATIVE response: either the feature code is invalid, or the destination is invalid.

The minimum software requirements for complete feature activation are listed below:

- UC 10.4.6.0
- OS4K CSTA V10 R1.34.2
- OS4K RMX V10 R1.34.6

OpenScape UC Application interaction with IVRs on OS4K and UC Media Server IVR (in particular used with Application Builder):

- A common IVR behaviour is to reuse the CLI of an incoming call on the outgoing call leg so that the original party A number is presented directly to the called destination, upon ringing. If party A is a device monitored via UC (meaning that party A will be an internal station), the UC call engine cannot identify that the call was established via IVR, without special identification.
- The special identification is communicated via the parameter "voiceUnitCall" in the CSTA 'privateData' field. The "voiceUnitCall" parameter will be set automatically whenever the trunk Cornet-N field 'Call Transaction Type' "Generic Server" is received.
- Xpressions can set this field directly. However, for 3rd party IVRs and UC Media Server (in particular used with Application Builder), the parameter SPSR must be set in the COT of the trunk used for the IVR or MS to trigger this identification.

Starting with OpenScape 4000 V10R0 Feature Pack 2021 the following restrictions are not longer valid:

- In case of consultation to non UC device after callback (free or busy) is initiated call control window still shows outgoing call, callback is executed.
- Virtual device numbers like Pilot Hunt Group, DNIT, attendant Groups, are not correctly handled by UC.

NOTICE: OpenScape 4000 provides Diallable Numbers to UC for Pilot Hunt, Attendant Group and ACD. In order to activate this feature the following flag should be activated in CSTA advance configuration: `PRESENT_DIALABLE_NO_FOR_GROUPS = 1` Diallable numbers should be added in UC address translation table in order to be correctly normalized.

Planning for connecting the external Communications System

- Transfer to busy device - not supported - not valid starting with OpenScape4000 RMX HF32, CSTA HF7, UC V10R3 FR11.
- Support of numbering plans
 - The following numbering plans are supported:

Unknown Closed Numbering / Extension Dialing	
Unknown Networking with:	
– Numbering Plan Identifier (NPI)	= UNKNOWN, ISDN
– Type of Number (TON)	= UNKNOWN
Dialing the extension received via the line as Called Party Number – <i>example: 20725</i>	

E.164 Numbering / Public Number or Extension Dialing	
E.164 Networking with:	
– Numbering Plan Identifier (NPI)	= ISDN
– Type of Number (TON)	= International, National
Dialing the fully qualified phone number or extension received via the line as fully qualified Called Party Number – <i>example: 20725</i>	

North American 10 digit

VNR Standalone
If the KNDDEF parameter VNRGRP is not used. It allows grouping various VNR nodes in a VNR group to enable Extension Dialing between the different VNR nodes of a VNR group.

Open Numbering / Access Code + Extension Dialing	
Unknown Networking with:	
– Numbering Plan Identifier (NPI)	= UNKNOWN
– Type of Number (TON)	= UNKNOWN
Dialing the access code + extension; both are received via the line as Called Party Number – <i>example: 96-20725</i>	
Usage of Digit Prefixing (TDCSU: DGTPR) on trunk connections German: Ziffernvoreinstellung (TDCSU: ZIVO)	

This feature is used to reach an extension by means of digit prefixing from outside (DDI).

Example: To route the Called Party Number 234 to the internal extension 30234, the digit prefixing 30 is configured on the trunk (TDCSU).

Networked VNR Systems

- The following numbering plans are **not** supported:

VNR Standalone

If the KNDDEF parameter VNRGRP is used. It allows grouping various VNR nodes in a VNR group to enable Extension Dialing between the different VNR nodes of a VNR group.

This VNRGRP feature is rarely used.

PNP Private Numbering Plan

E.189 Networking with:

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| – Numbering Plan Identifier (NPI) | = PRIVATE |
| – Type of Number (TON) | = Level 2, Level1, Local |

This numbering plan is rarely used.

- OpenScape 4000 Manager is mandatory for OpenScape 4000 Networks. OpenScape4000 stand alone node can be added in CMP using Assistant.

7.4.2 Checking technical Restrictions on Connecting OpenScape 4000 indirectly

If OpenScape 4000 is connected to OpenScape UC Application indirectly, the following restrictions apply:

- Only the status of the OpenScape 4000 devices can be monitored by CTI. Consequently, you cannot use the OpenScape 4000 devices as ONS devices.
- OpenScape users cannot be notified about new voicemails in UC Application clients.

The following table documents the features supported via the SIP-Q connection between OpenScape Voice and OpenScape 4000. A possible support may depend on whether the relevant feature is initiated by OpenScape Voice or OpenScape 4000.

Table 13: Supported Features between OpenScape Voice and OpenScape 4000 via SIP-Q

Feature	... if initiated by OpenScape Voice:	... if initiated by OpenScape 4000:
One-Number Service (ONS)	✓	✓ (only simulated)
Three Party Conference	✓ (only if initiating device is the OND)	✓
Call Deflection	✓	✓
Call Hold	✓	—
Call Retrieve	✓	—
Consult	✓	✓
Alternate call	✓	✓
Recall	✓	✓
Call Pickup-Group	✓	(—)
Call Transfer	✓	✓
Recall after Call Transfer	✓	✓
Call Waiting (Terminating)	✓	✓
Completion of Calls to busy Subscriber (CCBS)	✓	✓ (only call-related)
Call Completion on no Reply (CCNR)	✓	✓ (only call-related)

Planning for connecting the external Communications System

Feature	... if initiated by OpenScape Voice:	... if initiated by OpenScape 4000:
Calling Line Identification Presentation (CLIP)	✓	✓
Calling Line Identification Restriction (CLIR)	✓	✓
Connected Line Identification Presentation (COLP)	✓	✓
Connected Line Identification Restriction (COLR)	✓	✓
Calling Name Identification Presentation (CNIP)	✓	✓
Calling/Connected Name Identification Restriction (CNIR)	✓	✓
Do Not Disturb/Override	✓ (only passive)	✓ (only passive)
Emergency Intrusion	✓ (only compatible)	(-)
Emergency LIN	✓ (only compatible)	(-)
Emergency Ringing	✓ (only compatible)	(-)
Executive Intrusion/Override	✓ (only compatible)	(-)
Forced Release	✓ (only compatible)	(-)
Intercom / Speaker Call	✓ (only compatible)	(-)
Message Waiting Indication	with internal message store supported via SIP (not via CSTA)	with internal message store supported via SIP (not via CSTA)

Planning for connecting the external Communications System

Feature	... if initiated by OpenScape Voice:	... if initiated by OpenScape 4000:
Private Numbering Plan (PNP)	✓	✓
Remote Members:		
• Business Groups	✓ (only passive)	✓ (only passive)
• Simultaneous Ringing	–	–
• Serial Ringing	✓ (only passive)	(–)
• Selective Call Appearance	✓ (only passive)	✓ (only passive)
• Selective Call Rejection	✓ (only passive)	✓ (only passive)
• Anonymous Call Rejection	✓ (only passive)	✓ (only passive)
• Multi-line Hunt-Group	✓	(–)
Signalling and Payload Encryption	✓	✓
Single Step Call Transfer	✓	✓
Video Calling	–	–

Meaning of the specified support levels and selected restrictions:

✓	– The feature is supported. Restrictions are specified in brackets where applicable.
• –	– The feature is not supported.
• (–)	– The function of this feature has not been tested yet.
• only compatible	– The CSTA interface of OpenScape Voice behaves for this feature like in a scenario without OpenScape UC Application.

• only passive	– The feature is not initiated by OpenScape UC Application.
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7.5 Several UC Application Systems at a shared OpenScape Voice System

Several UC Application systems can be simultaneously connected to an OpenScape Voice system (multi-tenant environment). In this case, all connected UC Application systems operate completely independently from each other and each of the UC Application systems has only the UC Application data and UC Application settings of a selected tenant.

To ensure in a multi-tenant scenario that each UC Application system can only access the OpenScape Voice data of the associated tenant, only the data of the associated OpenScape Voice business group may be transmitted to each UC Application system.

You can configure this setting individually for each UC Application system in the associated CMP.

NOTICE: An individual CMP must be installed for each UC Application system. The central OpenScape Voice system can then be administered from any of these CMPs but a UC Application system can only be administered from the respectively associated CMP.

8 Planning for Connecting further external Systems

This chapter provides information about the following topics:

- [External Systems at OpenScape UC Application](#)
- [Planning for External Unified Messaging Systems](#)
- [Planning for Groupware Systems](#)
- [Planning for Presence Systems](#)
- [Planning for Instant-Messaging Systems](#)
- [Planning for Web Conference Systems](#)
- [Planning for LDAP Directories](#)
- [Reverse Proxy](#)
- [Planning for WebRTC functionality](#)

8.1 External Systems at OpenScape UC Application

IMPORTANT: Each external system connected to OpenScape UC Application must be adequately dimensioned for processing the load of the planned UC Application users. This is particularly true for Very Large Deployment. Please obtain details of the performance data and dimensioning recommendations for the relevant external systems from the associated product documentation.

OpenScape UC Application can be connected to further different external systems. Such connections enable OpenScape users to access features that are then not provided by OpenScape UC Application but by the connected systems.

Systems of the following groups must or can be connected to OpenScape UC Application.

- Unified Messaging systems

For example OpenScape Xpressions

Very Large Deployment requires a connection to OpenScape Xpressions for each cluster. For all other deployment scenarios, connecting a Unified Messaging system is optional.

- groupware systems
 - Microsoft Exchange
 - IBM Lotus Domino

You find details of the versions of supported groupware systems in [Planning for Groupware Systems](#) on page 119.

OpenScape UC Application must be connected to a groupware system if no external Unified Messaging system is used – e. g. OpenScape Xpressions. This groupware system serves in particular as voice message store then.

- Presence systems

- Openfire
- Microsoft Lync Server / Skype for Business

If presence features are to be used with OpenScape UC Application, OpenScape UC Application must be connected to an external presence system.

NOTICE: Connecting Microsoft Lync Server / Skype for Business to OpenScape UC Application requires a project-specific release.

- instant-messaging systems

- Openfire
- Microsoft Lync Server / Skype for Business

If instant-messaging features are to be used with OpenScape UC Application, OpenScape UC Application must be connected to an external instant-messaging system.

NOTICE: Connecting Microsoft Lync Server / Skype for Business to OpenScape UC Application requires a project-specific release.

- Web conferencing system OpenScape Web Collaboration

If web conferences are to be used with OpenScape UC Application, OpenScape UC Application must be connected to an external web conferencing system OpenScape Web Collaboration.

- LDAP directories and Active Directory

Connecting LDAP directories or Active Directories is optional.

- OpenScape E/A Cockpit

Connecting OpenScape E/A Cockpit is optional.

8.2 Planning for External Unified Messaging Systems

OpenScape UC Application uses a workflow for incoming calls. This workflow always ends in the voicemail box of the called user. In this way no call is lost even if the called user cannot answer the phone.

In most cases it is advisable to provide a common Unified Messaging solution for all UC Application users. But in the following cases the deployment of different systems may be required:

- There are user groups of which each expects a preferred system solution.
- An existing solution shall be slowly migrated to a new system.
- To save costs, most users may only deploy basic features and only some are given access to a solution of higher quality.

OpenScape UC Application offers with the voice portal an integrated Unified Messaging solution. This solution requires OpenScape UC Application be connected to an external groupware system which is used in particular as voice message store.

As alternative to this integrated Unified Messaging solution, you can use one of the following external solutions.

- OpenScape Xpressions
- Third-Party Unified Messaging or voicemail system

The Unified Messaging system used determines which features are available to a UC Application user.

To connect an external Unified Messaging system to OpenScape UC Application you need to execute the following planning steps.

- [Verifying Restrictions](#)
- [Planning the Connection](#)
- [Planning the m × n Connection of OpenScape Xpressions](#)
- [Planning required Licenses](#)

8.2.1 Verifying Restrictions

If you want to connect an external Unified Messaging system to OpenScape UC Application, you need to check if the relevant system can be smoothly operated at OpenScape UC Application.

The scope of this check depends on the system you want to connect to OpenScape UC Application.

- [OpenScape Xpressions](#)
- [Unified Messaging system by a third-party supplier](#)

OpenScape Xpressions

If you connect OpenScape Xpressions as external Unified Messaging system to OpenScape UC Application, the following restrictions apply:

- The XPR server and OpenScape UC Application must be connected to the same communications system.
- The XPR server and the communications system must be connected to each other via an SIP trunk.
- The Trusted Transfer Mode supports only 1:1 relationships between a PhoneMail entity and an address binding of the voice portal.
- The start character in the TTM originator number must not be removed by the communications system or a gateway between XPR Server and OpenScape UC Application.
- The relevant OpenScape users deploy the PhoneMail TUI of OpenScape Xpressions as Unified Messaging access.
- Via the OpenScape Xpressions PhoneMail TUI the users can access the following features:
 - The OpenScape Xpressions Unified Messaging features
 - The OpenScape UC Application voice portal features

The following versions of OpenScape Xpressions can be connected to OpenScape UC Application:

- V5 R4
- V6
- V7

Unified Messaging system by a third-party supplier

Unified Messaging solutions by third-party suppliers must be checked in each single case.

Please note: Every configured voice portal access of OpenScape UC Application routes all Unified Messaging users of a 3rd-party supplier system to a common, preconfigured direct-access number when they want to retrieve their messages. This restriction affects the support of third-party supplier systems at OpenScape UC Application.

8.2.2 Planning the Connection

You need to execute the following general planning steps for an external Unified Messaging system.

- 1) Check whether the desired Unified Messaging system cooperates with OpenScape UC Application (cf. [Section 7.2.1, "Verifying Restrictions", on page 166](#)).
- 2) Install the Unified Messaging system and configure it when it complies with all requirements. Identify the access numbers for the Unified Messaging system. Determine which UC Application users are to be assigned to the single available access numbers.

The language-specific planning occurs in the steps 3 and 4. First, the system planner needs to know which language is used by which system access. Then, he/she must assign each UC Application user the number of the system access that deploys the associated language.

Example: There are the users Joe (American), Karl and Franz (German). [Figure 3](#) shows to which language-specific access these users route calls or via which access number they access their voice mailbox.

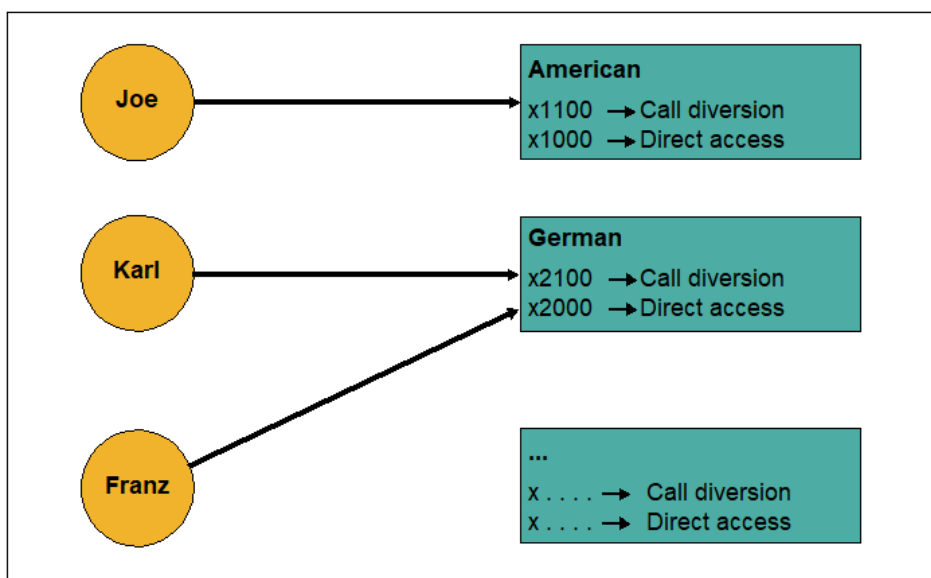


Figure 3: Language-specific System Accesses

8.2.3 Planning the $m \times n$ Connection of OpenScape Xpressions

You can connect several OpenScape Xpressions systems to several UC Application systems with any assignment ($m \times n$ connection). The following schematic representation exemplifies such an environment:

In this example there are two UC Application systems the users of which are distributed among three OpenScape Xpressions systems in altogether four groups.

You configure such an environment in the following essential configuration steps:

Configuring the PhoneMail entities with their Direct Access for the Trusted Transfer Mode on the OpenScape Xpressions systems. If an OpenScape Xpressions system is connected to several UC Application systems, an individual PhoneMail entity must be configured in the OpenScape Xpressions system for each of these connections.

- 1) Configuring the voice portal access for the Trusted Transfer Mode on the UC Application systems. If a UC Application system is connected to several OpenScape Xpressions systems, an individual voice portal access must be configured in the UC Application system for each of these connections.
- 1) Exporting the UC user accounts from each UC Application system by means of the CMP's export function.
- 2) Creating one file for each UC user group from the export files of the UC user accounts manually.
- 1) Importing the export file of each UC user group in the associated OpenScape Xpressions system by means of the import script, thus creating an associated XPR user account for each UC user account. An individual value for the **CONSRV** database field is set in the XPR user database for the users of each user group during the import. This value serves as reference to the UC Application system a user is assigned to.

NOTICE: In the configuration description of the *OpenScape UC Application, Configuration and Administration* manual this value is referred to as *System ID*.

- 2) Exporting the XPR user accounts specific to groups from each OpenScape Xpressions system by means of the Infotool's export function. In this process, all required **##ExternalId** entries are exported for each user account for the relevant OpenScape Xpressions system.
- 1) Importing the export file of each UC user group in the associated UC Application system by means of the CMP's import function, thus creating the required **##ExternalId** entries for each UC user account for the relevant OpenScape Xpressions system.

- 1) Configuring the connection data of the relevant UC Application systems by means of an XPR configuration file in the OpenScape Xpressions systems that manage users of several UC Application systems. In this process, the **CONSRV** database field of each XPR user account serves for determining the relevant connection in the configuration file.
- 2) Configuring the connection data of the connected OpenScape Xpressions systems in all UC Application systems by means of a UC Application configuration file. In this process, the relevant **##ExternalId** entry of each UC Application user account serves for determining the relevant connection in the configuration file.

The configuration steps are described in detail in the *OpenScape UC Application, Configuration and Administration, Administrator Documentation* manual.

8.2.4 Planning required Licenses

In [Planning for Licenses](#) on page 188 you plan which licenses you need for an individual communications solution.

8.3 Planning for Groupware Systems

OpenScape UC Application must be connected to a groupware system if no external Unified Messaging system is used – e. g. OpenScape Xpressions. This groupware system serves in particular as voice message store then.

For the time being you can connect one of the following groupware systems to OpenScape UC Application via the OpenScape UC Application groupware connection.

- Microsoft Exchange 2003
- Microsoft Exchange 2007
- Microsoft Exchange 2010
- Microsoft Exchange 2013
- Microsoft Exchange 2016
- Microsoft Exchange Online
- IBM Lotus Domino 8.5.x
- IBM Lotus Domino 9.0.x

To connect a groupware system to OpenScape UC Application you need to execute the following planning steps.

- [Verifying Restrictions](#)
- [Planning the Use of Microsoft Exchange Autodiscover](#)
- [Planning required Licenses](#)

8.3.1 Verifying Restrictions

- OpenScape UC Application can always only be connected to a single groupware system. Operating several groupware systems at OpenScape UC Application in parallel is thus ruled out.
- Mixed operation of Microsoft Exchange / Notes or Microsoft Outlook is not possible.

Additional restrictions on an IBM-Lotus-Domino connection

- So that an OpenScape user can administer his/her Notes contacts in the OpenScape clients, he/she must be configured as roaming user in the IBM Lotus Domino server or have his/her private address book actively stored on the IBM Lotus Domino server.

Additional restrictions on a Microsoft Exchange connection

- The Microsoft Exchange 2003 connection is based on WebDAV.
- The Microsoft Exchange 2007 connection may be based on WebDAV or on Web Services.

NOTICE: We recommend using the connection via Web Services for a new installation of OpenScape UC Application, because more recent Microsoft Exchange versions do not support the WebDAV interface anymore.

- Connecting Microsoft Exchange 2010 / 2013 / 2016 / Online is based on Web Services.
- If a Microsoft Exchange connection based on web services shall be used, the following applies:
 - In the user accounts of all UC Application users, the **primary** Microsoft Exchange e-mail address must be configured as e-mail address. The Groupware-Exchange connector uses a technical user account for accessing the Web Services interface of a CAS. This user account must successfully authenticate against the EWS website of the relevant CAS.
- If the Microsoft Exchange Autodiscover service should be used for a web-services-based Microsoft Exchange connection, the following applies:

The Groupware-Exchange connector uses a technical user account for accessing the Web Services interface of a CAS. This user account must successfully authenticate against the Autodiscover website of the relevant CAS.
- The Persona Concept of Microsoft Exchange 2013 is not supported.

8.3.2 Planning the Use of Microsoft Exchange Autodiscover

The Groupware-Exchange connector of OpenScape UC Application supports the web-services-based Autodiscover service for the Microsoft Exchange connection of Microsoft Exchange 2007 / 2010 / 2013 / 2016 / Online.

Utilising the Autodiscover service may be useful in the following scenarios:

- In case of Microsoft Exchange organizations in which different web services URLs are required for accessing the mailboxes of Microsoft Exchange users.
- In case of Microsoft Exchange organizations in which Microsoft Exchange users frequently move from one Microsoft Exchange forest to another.
- In case of Microsoft Exchange organizations in which Microsoft Exchange users frequently move from one AD site to another within an Microsoft Exchange forest.
- In case of Microsoft Exchange organizations that use so-called Database Availability Groups (DAG).
- In case of Microsoft Exchange organizations in which more than one web services URL is needed for accessing all required mailboxes.

The producer documentation describes under the following link in section *Proxying for Exchange Web Services* situations in which several web services URLs are required for a Microsoft Exchange organization:

<http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb310763.aspx>

Planning technical conditions for Microsoft Exchange Autodiscover

If Autodiscover is activated for the Groupware-Exchange connector, the Groupware-Exchange connector accesses the Microsoft Exchange mailboxes in a two-stage process.

- 1) Using the Autodiscover service: Determining the appropriate Web Services URL for the mailbox of the relevant OpenScape user.

To do this, the Groupware-Exchange connector addresses the Autodiscover service in one of the following manners:

- Via a statically configured Autodiscover URL (static Autodiscover).
- Via an Autodiscover URL created dynamically as soon as the Groupware-Exchange connector wants to access an individual mailbox (dynamic Autodiscover).

NOTICE: The *OpenScape UC Application, Configuration and Administration* manual contains details of the dynamic and static mode of the Autodiscover service.

- 2) Accessing the mailbox of the relevant OpenScape user via the determined Web Services URL and executing the desired mailbox operation.

The Web Services URL for accessing the mailbox is thus not configured statically as is the case when no Autodiscover is active for the Groupware-Exchange connector.

This work mode of the Autodiscover service results in the following important aspects to be planned for a Microsoft Exchange organization if Autodiscover shall be used.

- If the Groupware-Exchange connector shall communicate with the systems of the Microsoft Exchange organization securely, SSL certificates must exist for the host part of every Autodiscover URL and every web services URL via

which the Groupware-Exchange connector communicates with the Microsoft Exchange organization.

This may require several different host-individual SSL certificates or a common SAN-SSL certificate³⁵ for all relevant hosts.

NOTICE: Dynamic Autodiscover uses exclusively encrypted communication (HTTPS).

- **If static Autodiscover is used:** The statically configured URL of the Autodiscover service must refer to a CAS server that can publish Web Services URLs for all required user mailboxes.

The host part of the Autodiscover URL must be resolvable via DNS.

- **If dynamic Autodiscover is used:** All dynamically derived URLs of the Autodiscover service must refer to CAS servers that can publish Web Services URLs for the relevant user mailboxes (if required, use prefix for adjustment). This concerns all organizationally possible URLs of the following format:
 - `https://comp.com/autodiscover/autodiscover.xml`
 - `https://<prefix>.comp.com/autodiscover/autodiscover.xml`

The host part of all derived Autodiscover URLs must be resolvable via DNS.

8.3.3 Planning required Licenses

In [Licenses for Connecting 3rd-Party Systems](#) on page 197 you plan which licenses you need for an individual communications solution.

8.4 Planning for Presence Systems

Each UC Application system uses a defined integration mode for its presence features. This integration mode is selected during the system setup and tunes the UC Application system to a specific presence system.

For selection are:

- **Integration mode Standard** This integration mode must be used if the UC Application system is to be connected to the instant-messaging system Openfire.
- **Integration mode harmonized with Microsoft Lync Server / Skype for Business** If the Microsoft Lync-based integration mode is used for a UC Application system, OpenScape UC Application must be connected to a

³⁵ SAN certificates are not only issued for a single fully qualified host name but for several host names.

corresponding 3rd-party system. This foreign system then serves as source for the presence values.

An additional UCMA proxy must be installed for the server communication between OpenScape UC Application and Microsoft Lync Server / Skype for Business. The required software is shipped with OpenScape UC Application.

To connect a presence system to OpenScape UC Application you need to execute the following planning steps:

- [Verifying Restrictions](#)
- [Planning System Requirements for the Presence System](#)
- [Planning required Licenses](#)

8.4.1 Verifying Restrictions

OpenScape UC Application can always only be connected to one of the following external presence systems:

1) Openfire

NOTICE: The connection to an existing Openfire server assumes a project-specific release. Furthermore, the system must be individually configured by service personnel.

- Microsoft Lync Server 2010
- Microsoft Lync Server 2013
- Skype for Business

NOTICE: Connecting Microsoft Lync Server / Skype for Business to OpenScape UC Application requires a project-specific release.

NOTICE: OpenScape UC Application uses UCMA 2.0 for connecting Microsoft Lync Server and UCMA 5.0 is used for connecting Skype for Business. This combination of Microsoft Lync Server / Skype for Business and UCMA version is supported by Microsoft.

NOTICE: When UCMA connection is used, connecting Microsoft Lync / Skype for Business is not supported for Very Large Deployment. If UCMA connection is not used, connecting Microsoft Lync / Skype for Business is supported for Very Large Deployment with Fusion for Office which includes integration to Skype for Business. For use cases of Skype for Business integration, see Fusion for Office Installation Guide. In this case there is no presence synchronization between UC and Skype for Business. Also,

instant messaging is not supported. Instead the instant messaging of Skype for Business will be used.

If OpenScape UC Application is operated at Microsoft Lync / Skype for Business, the connection to the instant-messaging server Openfire cannot be used at the same time.

General Restrictions

Every UC Application user can monitor the presence status of at most 400 other users.

Restrictions on connecting Microsoft Lync Server / Skype for Business

- OpenScape UC Application communicates with Microsoft Lync / Skype for Business via the API UCMA of Microsoft.
- User presence information is synchronized in both directions, between Microsoft Lync / Skype for Business and OpenScape UC Application.
- Media presence information is transferred from OpenScape UC Application to Microsoft Lync / Skype for Business.
- Under OpenScape UC Application only the following presence statuses are available:
 - **Available (3500)**
 - **Busy (6500)**
 - **Do not disturb (9500)**
 - **Be right back (12500)**
 - **Away (15500)**
 - **Offline (18000)**

You cannot set any other states for the Microsoft Lync / Skype for Business system in any UC Application client.

The presence statuses of OpenScape UC Application and the Microsoft Lync / Skype for Business system are assigned as follows:

Status in UC Application		Status to be processed in Microsoft Lync / Skype for Business
Available (3500)	<	Available (3000 – 4999)
	>	
	<	Available-Idle (4500 – 5999)
	>	
Busy (6500)	<	Busy (6000 – 7499)
	>	
	<	Busy-Idle (7500 – 8999)
	>	
Do not disturb (9500)	<	Do not disturb (9000 – 11999)
	>	
Be right back (12500)	<	Be right back (12000 – 14999)
	>	
Away (15500)	<	Away (15000 – 17999)
	>	

Status in UC Application		Status to be processed in Microsoft Lync / Skype for Business
Offline (18500)	< >	Offline (> 18000)

- As long as a user is not logged in at the Microsoft Lync / Skype for Business system by means of a Microsoft Lync / Skype for Business client, the UC Application clients display the presence status **Offline**.
- Displaying the presence status **Offline** is exclusively managed automatically. Users cannot set this status in their UC Application client manually.
- If a Microsoft Lync / Skype for Business client changes to the **Auto-Away** status, the status of the respective UC Application user changes to **Away** and cannot be changed in the UC Application client as long as the Microsoft Lync / Skype for Business client is in the described state.

8.4.2 Planning System Requirements for the Presence System

The hardware and software requirements for the Openfire or UCMA proxy system correspond to those in [Planning System Requirements for the Instant-Messaging System](#) on page 127.

8.4.3 Planning required Licenses

In [Planning for Licenses](#) on page 188 you plan which licenses you need for an individual communications solution.

8.5 Planning for Instant-Messaging Systems

Each UC Application system uses a defined integration mode for its instant-messaging features. This integration mode is selected during the system setup and tunes the UC Application system to a specific instant-messaging system.

For selection are:

- 1) Integration mode Standard This integration mode must be used if the UC Application system is to be connected to the instant-messaging system Openfire.
 - Integration mode harmonized with Microsoft Lync Server / Skype for Business If the Microsoft Lync-based integration mode is used for a UC Application system, OpenScape UC Application must be connected to a corresponding 3rd-party system. This foreign system then serves as instant messaging system.

To connect an Instant-Messaging system to OpenScape UC Application you need to execute the following planning steps:

- [Verifying Restrictions](#)
- [Planning System Requirements for the Instant-Messaging System](#)
- [Planning required Licenses](#)

8.5.1 Verifying Restrictions

OpenScape UC Application can always only be connected to one of the following external instant-messaging systems:

1) Openfire

NOTICE: The connection to an existing Openfire server assumes a project-specific release. Furthermore, the system must be individually configured by service personnel.

- Microsoft Lync Server 2010
- Microsoft Lync Server 2013
- Skype for Business

NOTICE: Connecting Microsoft Lync Server / Skype for Business to OpenScape UC Application requires a project-specific release.

NOTICE: OpenScape UC Application uses UCMA 2.0 for connecting Microsoft Lync Server and UCMA 5.0 for connecting Skype for Business. This combination of Microsoft Lync Server / Skype for Business and UCMA version is supported by Microsoft.

NOTICE: Connecting Microsoft Lync / Skype for Business is not supported for Very Large Deployment.

NOTICE: You can use the OpenScape Fusion for Microsoft Lync / Skype for Business client to deploy OpenScape UC Application features restrictedly. In this case no server connection needs to be configured between OpenScape UC Application and Microsoft Lync / Skype for Business. This solution is thus also released for Very Large Deployment; however, it does not support instant messaging.

The following features are supported with the listed external instant-messaging systems.

Connection to OpenFire

- The Openfire instant-messaging features can be used in OpenScape - Desktop Client and in OpenScape Web Client.
- User information can be automatically administered in the OpenFire server by OpenScape UC Application via the authentication plug-in of the OpenFire server.
- Only UC Application users may exchange messages via the Openfire server.

- In case of an initial installation of Small Deployment or Large Deployment we recommend to set up the Openfire server on the application computer of OpenScape UC Application under the following conditions:
 - If not more than 15.000 users shall be deployed with future program versions of OpenScape UC Application.
 - If not several UC Application systems shall be networked with future program versions of OpenScape UC Application.

The hardware recommendations given for the application computer of OpenScape UC Application are sufficient for operating the Openfire server.

If the described requirements do not apply we recommend to install the Openfire server on an individual computer system with the initial setup of Small Deployment or Large Deployment.

- In case of Very Large Deployment, the Openfire federation functionality is used to network the different Very Large Deployment clusters together. In case of Very Large Deployment the Openfire server must be installed on an individual computer system.

Connecting Microsoft Lync Server / Skype for Business

- OpenScape UC Application communicates with Microsoft Lync / Skype for Business via the API UCMA of Microsoft.
- When OpenScape UC Application is connected to a Microsoft Lync server / Skype for Business, no Instant Messaging is supported in the UC Application clients. In OpenScape UC Application, Instant Messaging must be disabled for all UC Application user accounts synchronized between OpenScape UC Application and Microsoft Lync server / Skype for Business. The relevant users can thus use Instant Messaging only in their Microsoft Lync / Skype for Business client.

8.5.2 Planning System Requirements for the Instant-Messaging System

- [Connection to OpenFire](#)
- [Connecting Microsoft Lync Server / Skype for Business](#)

Connection to OpenFire

Setting up the Openfire server on the application computer of OpenScape UC Application does not result in any special system requirements to be complied with by the computer system of the application computer.

If you install the Openfire server on an independent computer system, this system must comply with the following minimum requirements:

Hardware:	• 4-core CPU (e. g. Intel Xeon 56xx / 2.66 GHz 8 MB or better configuration) • 8 GB RAM 2 × 4 DDR3 1 333 MHz Note: If the Chat History feature is enabled, then the RAM must be upgraded to 16GB. • Min. 100 GB 10 k RPM HD-SAS hard disk drive In case syncUC functionality is required for the Openfire server, it is necessary to create two LVM partitions, 100 GB each. • One DVD-ROM drive • Two identical Gigabit-Ethernet network boards • Certified for SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 12 (64-bit version) • Activated hyper threading • Option of BIOS or UEFI-based booting of the computer system.
Operating system:	SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 12

Connecting Microsoft Lync Server / Skype for Business

You can gather the system requirements for Microsoft Lync Server / Skype for Business from the relevant producer documentation.

The UCMA proxy additionally required for server communication between OpenScape UC Application and Microsoft Lync Server / Skype for Business must be installed on an independent computer system. This system must comply with the following minimum requirements:

Hardware:	• 4-core CPU (e. g. Intel Xeon 56xx / 2.66 GHz 8 MB or better configuration) • 8 GB RAM 2 × 4 DDR3 1 333 MHz • Min. 30 GB 10 k RPM HD-SAS hard disk drive • One DVD-ROM drive • Two identical Gigabit-Ethernet network boards • Activated hyper threading • Option of BIOS or UEFI-based booting of the computer system.
Operating system:	• Microsoft Windows Server 2003 R2 Standard Edition (64-bit version) • Microsoft Windows Server 2008 Standard Edition (64-bit version) • Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 Standard Edition • Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 Enterprise Edition • Windows Server 2012 R2 Standard

8.5.3 Planning required Licenses

In [Planning for Licenses](#) on page 188 you plan which licenses you need for an individual communications solution.

8.6 Planning for Web Conference Systems

OpenScape UC Application expands the user cooperation by integrating web conference systems. Owing to this integration users can start a web conference in combination with a UC Application voice conference or add a web conference to a running UC Application voice conference.

NOTICE: This chapter covers the WebCollaboration solution based on Fastviewer. For deploying the WebCollaboration based on WebRTC, please consult [Planning for WebRTC functionality](#) on page 143 for more details.

To connect an external web conference system to OpenScape UC Application, you need to execute the following planning steps.

- [Planning for external OpenScape Web Collaboration](#)
- [Verifying Restrictions](#)
- [Planning System Requirements for OpenScape Web Collaboration](#)
- [Planning Bandwidth Requirements for OpenScape Web Collaboration](#)
- [Planning a Redundancy Concept](#) (optional)
- [Planning required Licenses](#)

To connect an integrated web conference system to OpenScape UC Application, you need to execute the following planning steps.

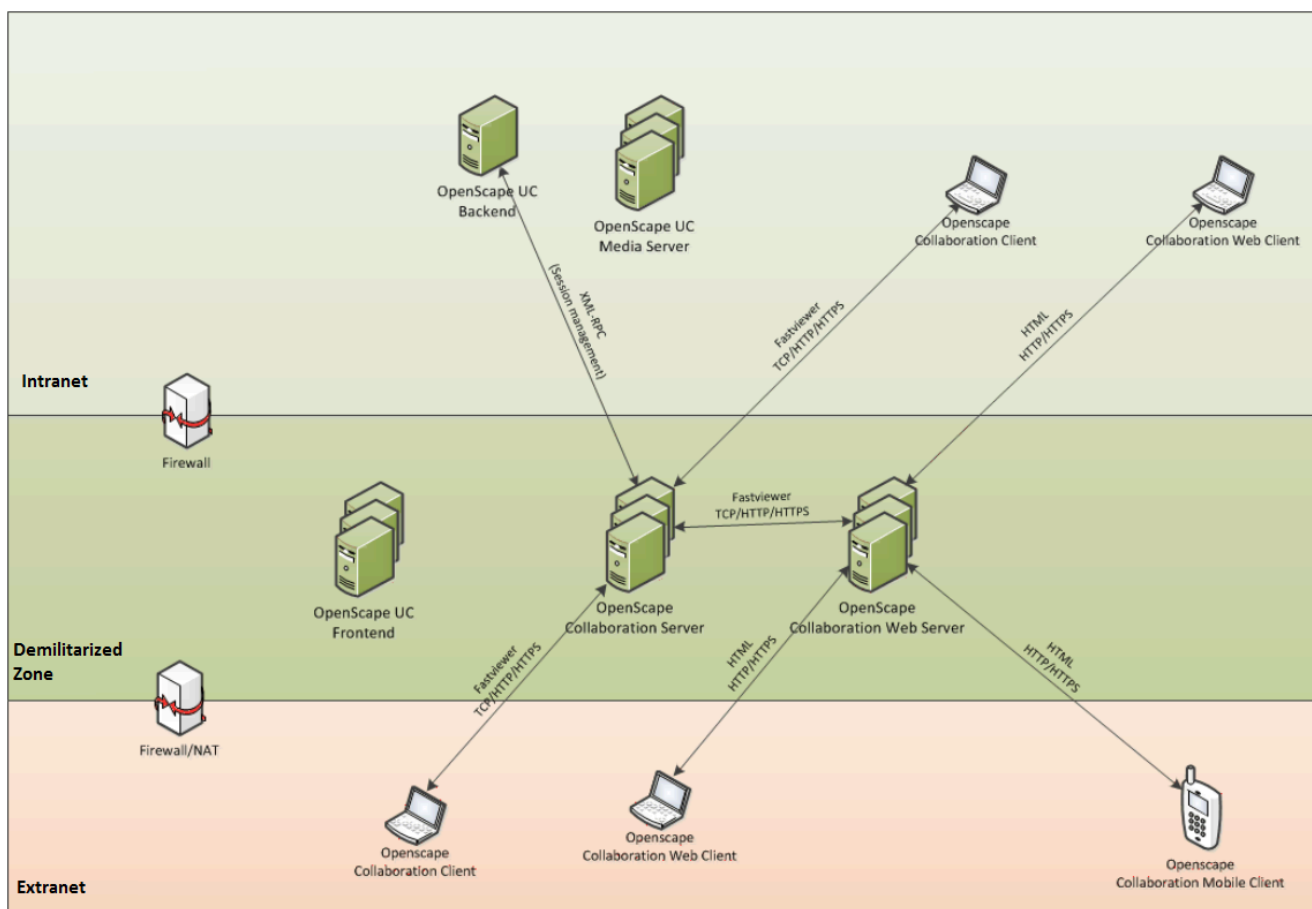
- [Planning for integrated OpenScape Web Collaboration](#)
- [Verifying Restrictions](#)
- [Planning System Requirements for OpenScape Web Collaboration](#)
- [Planning Bandwidth Requirements for OpenScape Web Collaboration](#)
- [Planning a Redundancy Concept](#) (optional)
- [Planning required Licenses](#)

8.6.1 Planning for external OpenScape Web Collaboration

This deployment includes an external Collaboration server with a conferencing connector for external collaboration servers. In the overall architecture, collaboration can be used from the Intranet and Extranet, with clients located inside and outside the Intranet. The audio, web collaboration and video streams are transmitted through separate servers. The audio streams are transmitted via the OpenScape Unified Communications Media Server, while the web collaboration and video streams are sent via the OpenScape Collaboration Server.

NOTICE: In this deployment, it is not possible to implement a synchronized recording of audio and web collaboration/ video streams. For a synchronized audio and web collaboration/ video recording streams, an integrated web collaboration server should be implemented (see section [Planning for integrated OpenScape Web Collaboration](#)).

Planning for Connecting further external Systems



8.6.1.1 Verifying Restrictions

OpenScape UC Application supports the following web conference systems:

- OpenScape Web Collaboration

Connection to OpenScape Web Collaboration

- The OpenScape Web Collaboration server may be started on a computer system only as single entity.
- The web client of OpenScape Web Collaboration must have been installed on the computer system that also hosts the server of OpenScape Web Collaboration.
- You cannot use the Web Conference Reservation Outlook Add-in of OpenScape Web Collaboration in combination with OpenScape UC Application.

8.6.1.2 Planning System Requirements for OpenScape Web Collaboration

If you use Web Collaboration under OpenScape UC Application, its computer system must comply with at least the following requirements:

Planning for Connecting further external Systems

Hardware:	• One 2.5 GHz Xeon processor • 4 GB RAM • One Gigabit-Ethernet interface • 30 GB free harddisk space (10 k RPM, HD-SAS)
Operating system:	• Windows Server 2003 • Windows Server 2008 R2 (64-bit version) with the current service pack in each case.
Miscellaneous:	OpenScape Web Collaboration is set up with the database Microsoft SQL Server 2005 Express Edition by default. Alternatively, you can use the database Microsoft SQL Server 2005 as well. If you use the web client of OpenScape Web Collaboration, the following further system requirements apply: • NET Framework 3.5 SP1 is installed on the computer system. • Webserver (ISS) is installed on the computer system.

Beyond that, the following minimum requirements apply for the OpenScape Web Collaboration client components:

Hardware:	• Desktop client for Windows Processor with 300 MHz 64 MB RAM
-----------	--

Operating system:	• Desktop client for Windows Windows 8 ³⁶ Windows Server 2000 Windows Server 2003 Windows Server 2008 • Desktop client for Mac Mac OS X 10.6 Mac OS X 10.7 Mac OS X 10.8 • Mobile Client Android 2.2 or later iPhone as of version 4 iPad as of version 2 iPod touch • Webbrowser-based Internet Explorer V7 or later (32-bit version only) Mozilla Firefox V17 or later (32-bit version only) Google Chrome V24 or later (32-bit version only) Safari (for Mac OS X only) Opera Mobile
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8.6.1.3 Planning Bandwidth Requirements for OpenScape Web Collaboration

If you use Web Collaboration under OpenScape UC Application OpenScape, each conference participant allocates a bandwidth of approximately 15kbit / s.

8.6.2 Planning for integrated OpenScape Web Collaboration

NOTICE: In case of switching from external to integrated web collaboration, the external connector is still active after an update.

NOTICE: Already created conferences will NOT be migrated in case of switching from external to integrated OpenScape Web Collaboration. Should users need to maintain conferences created before the system update, they can edit their conferences in order to remove the old web conference details.

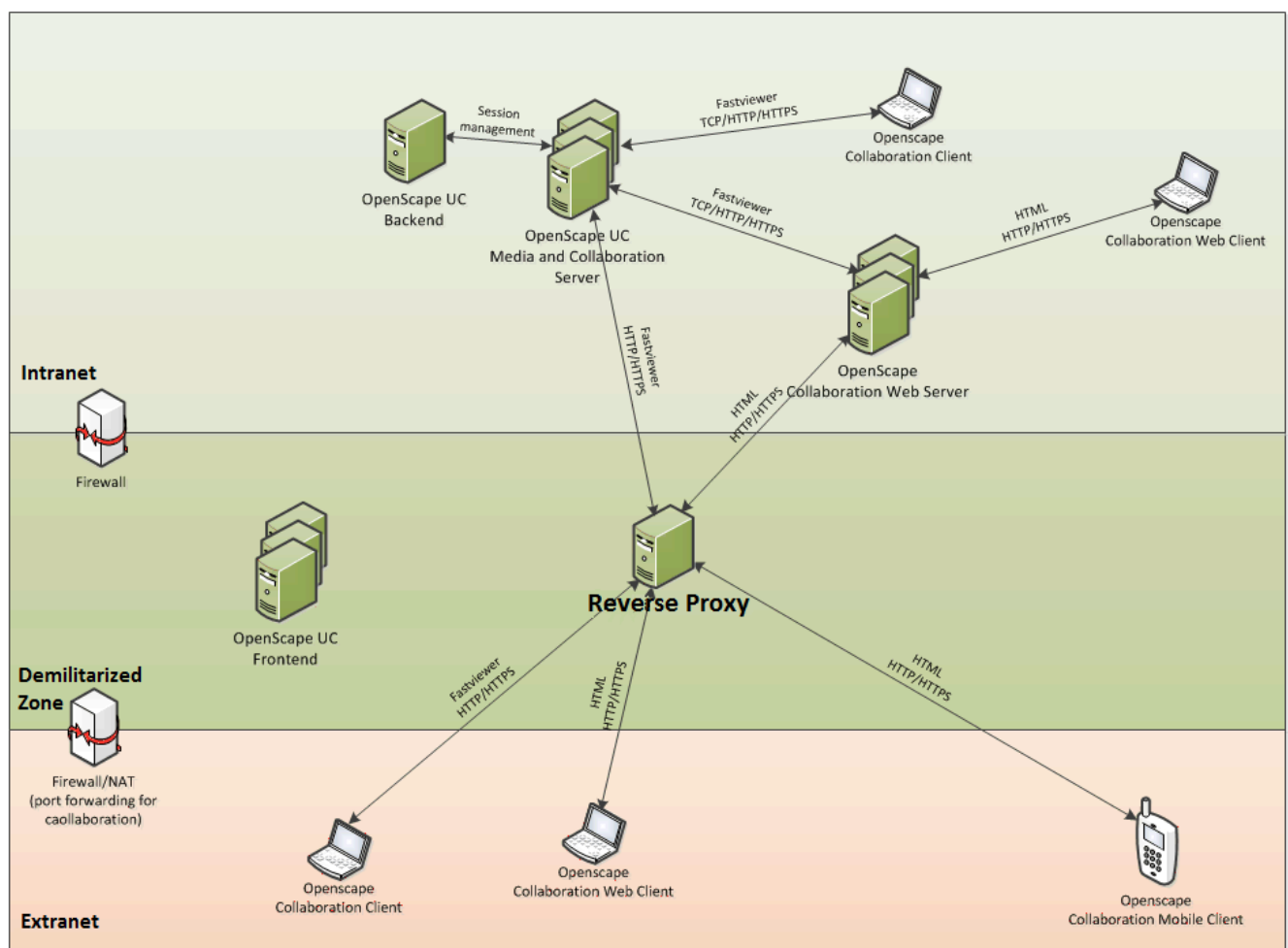
³⁶ Available only on the classic user interface, not on the modern UI

After switching to the internal OpenScape Web Collaboration, administrators should communicate to their end users that they must edit all their created conferences one by one in OpenScape Web Client, remove the web conference option, then re-enable the web conference option and save them again.

This deployment shall be used to ensure the synchronized recording of audio and web collaboration/ video streams. Moderators can start/ stop/ resume recordings of their sessions. Video and screen sharing can be recorded by moderators. Central administrators have access to all recordings and can remove recordings if needed.

The OpenScape Collaboration Web Server uses the Collaboration XML protocol and acts as a gateway to the Collaboration Server, which is located inside the Media Server. In this deployment, the Collaboration Web Server is implemented in the Intranet, as it accesses the Collaboration Server, which is also located in the Intranet.

A third party Reverse Proxy server provides security and OpenScape collaboration client access to the collaboration features for the Collaboration Server, as well as the Collaboration Web Server.



The OpenScape Collaboration Server handles the reservation and execution of web collaboration sessions, while the OpenScape Collaboration Web Server is used as a mediator by the Collaboration Web client and the Collaboration

Mobile client to connect to the Collaboration Server. As the Collaboration Web Server has some technical dependencies to the Microsoft IIS web server, it must be implemented on an external Windows machine. [Planning System Requirements for OpenScape Web Collaboration](#) on page 130

The Media Server with integrated OpenScape Web Collaboration provides the following OpenScape Collaboration services:

- The Collaboration service, which transacts with the OpenScape Collaboration clients using the collaboration protocol and exchanges the shared data within a web conference (collaboration) session.
- The Download service, which allows the downloading of the OpenScape Collaboration client executables for each session.
- The Provisioning service for the integrated collaboration configuration.

From an architecture point of view, the OpenScape Media Server includes the following components:

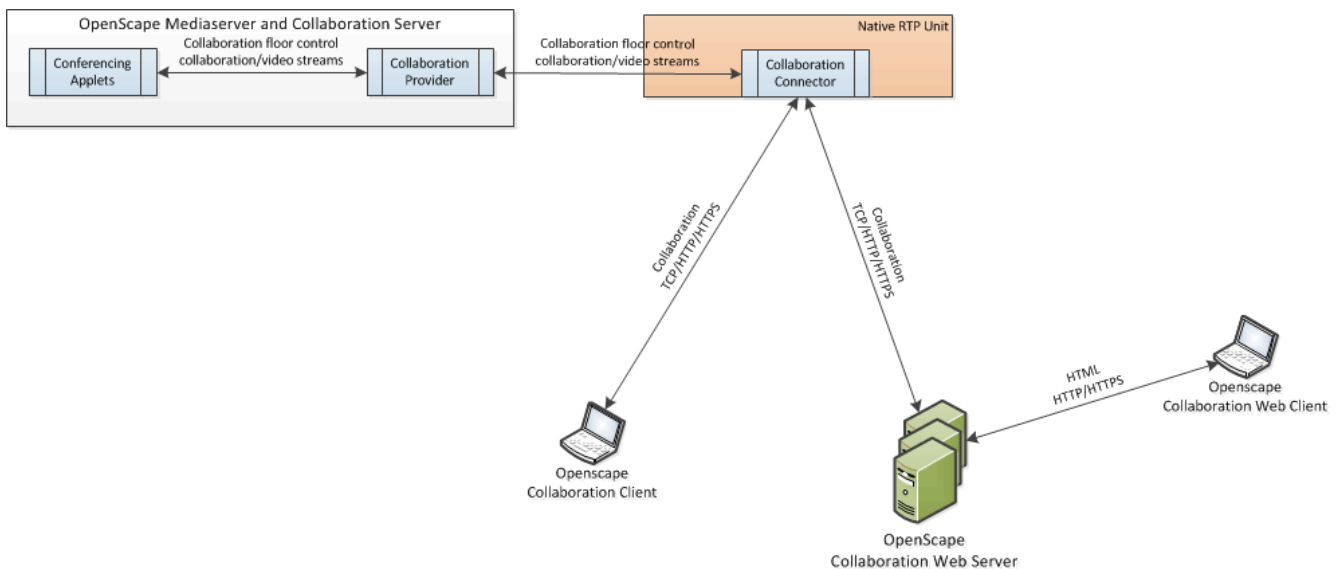
- 1) The Collaboration Connector in the native RTPUnit, which acts as the communication endpoint for the Collaboration clients and provides:
 - a) Collaboration XML protocol stack including message parsing and generation.

Transporter for TCP, HTTP and HTTPS and stream/payload handling for video and web data

Session and participant handling including participant state (also for SIP participants)

Recording API

- 2) The Collaboration Provider, which provides
- a) Virtual session and participant management
 - Recording API handling and passing requests to the Conferencing applets
 - a) The Streaming provider, which provides:
 - b) Collaboration Client download
- Configuration in the Media Server CMP plugin



NOTICE: The participants of a session are always hosted on a single Media Server node, while multiple sessions may be distributed in multiple Media Server nodes.

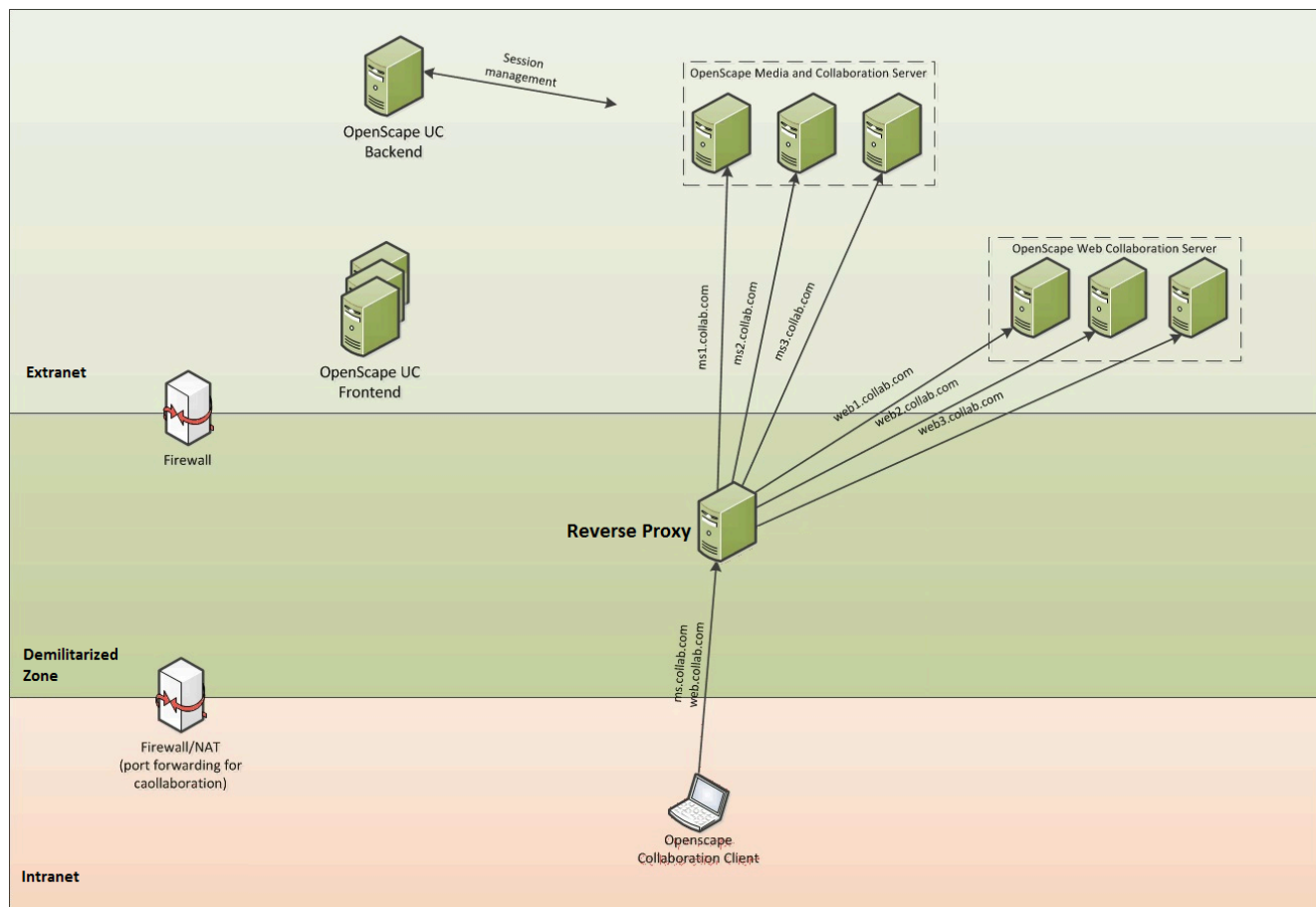
A Reverse Proxy server (HAProxy) that handles Web Collaboration traffic is introduced. HAProxy is a free, very fast and reliable solution offering high availability, load balancing and proxying TCP and HTTP-based applications.

You find further information on the HAProxy under the following links:

- <http://www.haproxy.org>
- <https://cbonte.github.io/haproxy-dconv/configuration-1.5.html>

In this deployment, the Reverse Proxy acts as application proxy for the OpenScape Collaboration and Download services within the demilitarized zone (DMZ).

Planning for Connecting further external Systems



8.6.2.1 Verifying Restrictions

- the web client OpenScape Web Collaboration must have been installed on the computer system that also hosts the server of OpenScape Web Collaboration.
- You cannot use the Web Conference Reservation Outlook Add-in of OpenScape Web Collaboration in combination with OpenScape UC Application.

8.6.2.2 Planning System Requirements for Reverse Proxy

The Reverse Proxy server must comply with at least the following requirements:

- SLES 12 Linux Server
- Access to OpenScapeUcSuiteApps-OptionalPackage-V9.x.x-XX.iso that contains haproxy.rpm
- One 4-core CPU (for example Intel Xeon 5650 / 2.66 GHz 12 MB or better configuration)
- 8 GB RAM DDR3 1333 MHz
- Two 120 GB 10k RPM HD-SAS hard disk drives in RAID-1 configuration
- One DVD-ROM drive
- Two identical Gigabit-Ethernet network boards
- Certified for SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 12 (64-bit version)

- Activated hyper threading

This system can serve traffic for up to 4 connected Media Servers hosting integrated web collaboration.

IMPORTANT: It is recommended to use two network interfaces in order to separate internet from intranet traffic.

8.6.2.3 Planning System Requirements for Integrated OpenScape Web Collaboration

In order to use the integrated web collaboration feature, the available RAM for each OpenScape Media Server node using integrated web collaboration capabilities must be extended by 4 GB RAM.

If the recording capabilities are used, additional HDD space is required both on Media Server nodes and OpenScape Unified Communications Backend server for storage of the recorded videos.

- MS HD Recording size = (Maximum number of session simultaneously recorded)*(Maximum session size in MB)

Default example calculation:

- Maximum number of session simultaneously recorded = 10
- Maximum session size in MB = 150 MB
- MS Recording HD size = 1.5 GB
- Back end Recording Storage HDD size = $3 * (\text{Number of Recorded sessions/day}) * (\text{Number of days a session is stored}) * (\text{Number of Media Servers deployed}) * (\text{Maximum session size in MB})$,

where Number of Recorded sessions/day is the gaussian integral of Maximum number of simultaneously recorded sessions in time.

Default Example calculation:

Assuming Maximum number of session simultaneously recorded= 10, $\sigma=2$ hours (Most sessions are recorded in a 4 hour period) and $h=8$ hours (typical work hours per day): the integral value is equal to $\text{erf}(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}) \approx 0.7071$. So the Number of Recorded sessions/day approximately 50. Given the maximum session size is 150 MB for 1 Media server node facilitating recording of the web collaboration sessions:

- Back end Recording Storage HD size=105 GB-> Total UC BE HDD capacity=300GB (minimum today)+105 GB=405 GB

8.6.2.4 Integrated Web Collaboration Media Server Performance

The video conferencing Media Server performance is unaffected by the usage of Integrated Web Collaboration.

In summary:

- Up to 200 participants in a single conference with Integrated Web Collaboration session (Audio stream G.711, or one G.722 channel corresponds to the performance of 2 G.711 channels, or One G.729 channel corresponds to the performance of 2.4 G.711 channels).

- Up to 1000 participants in multiple conferences using Integrated Web Collaboration (Audio stream G.711, or one G.722 channel corresponds to the performance of 2 G.711 channels, or One G.729 channel corresponds to the performance of 2.4 G.711 channels).
- Up to 10 web collaboration sessions can be recorded in parallel.

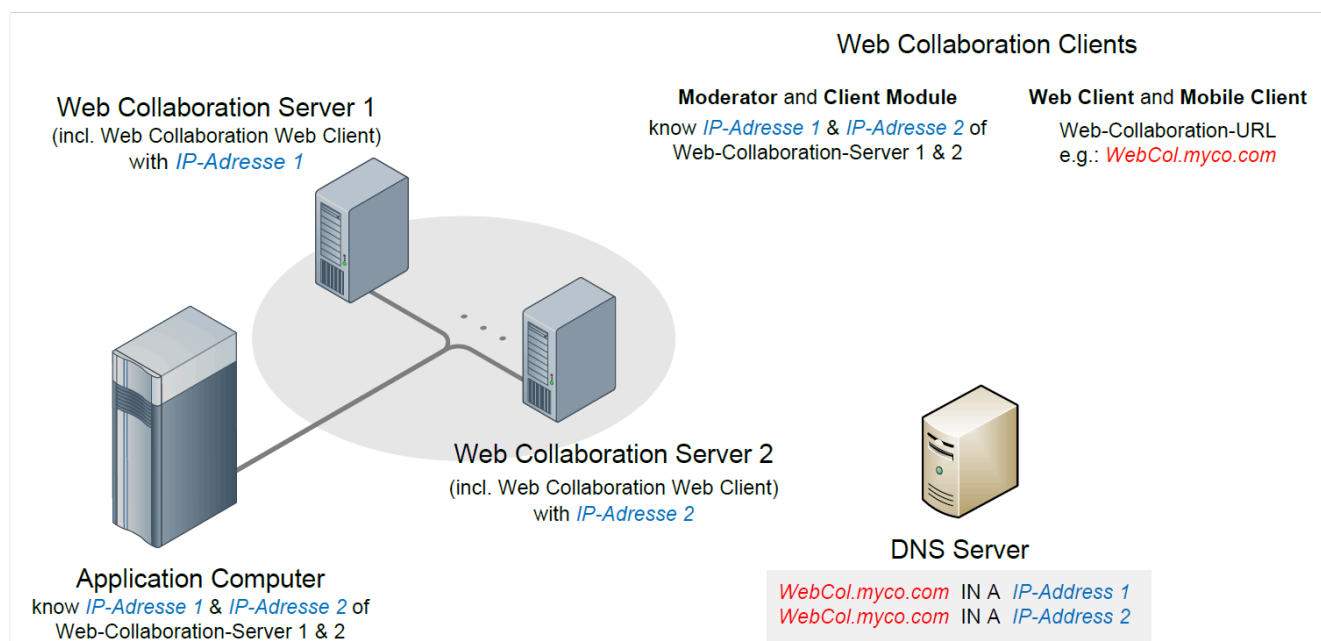
8.6.2.5 Integrated Web Collaboration Bandwidth Calculation

The bandwidth calculation for Integrated Web Collaboration is 300 kbit / s per user for the Integrated Web Collaboration. This calculation includes Audio/Moderator video stream.

8.6.3 Planning a Redundancy Concept

The OpenScope Web Collaboration server can have a redundant layout if required. This enables UC Application users to still deploy Web Collaboration services if one of the redundantly operating Web Collaboration servers fails.

In the following we describe how to use altogether two Web Collaboration servers that carry the normal operation system load in the scope of such a redundancy. You can, however, also integrate more than two Web Collaboration servers in the redundancy concept. Configuring such a solution is a logical extension of the two-server solution described here.

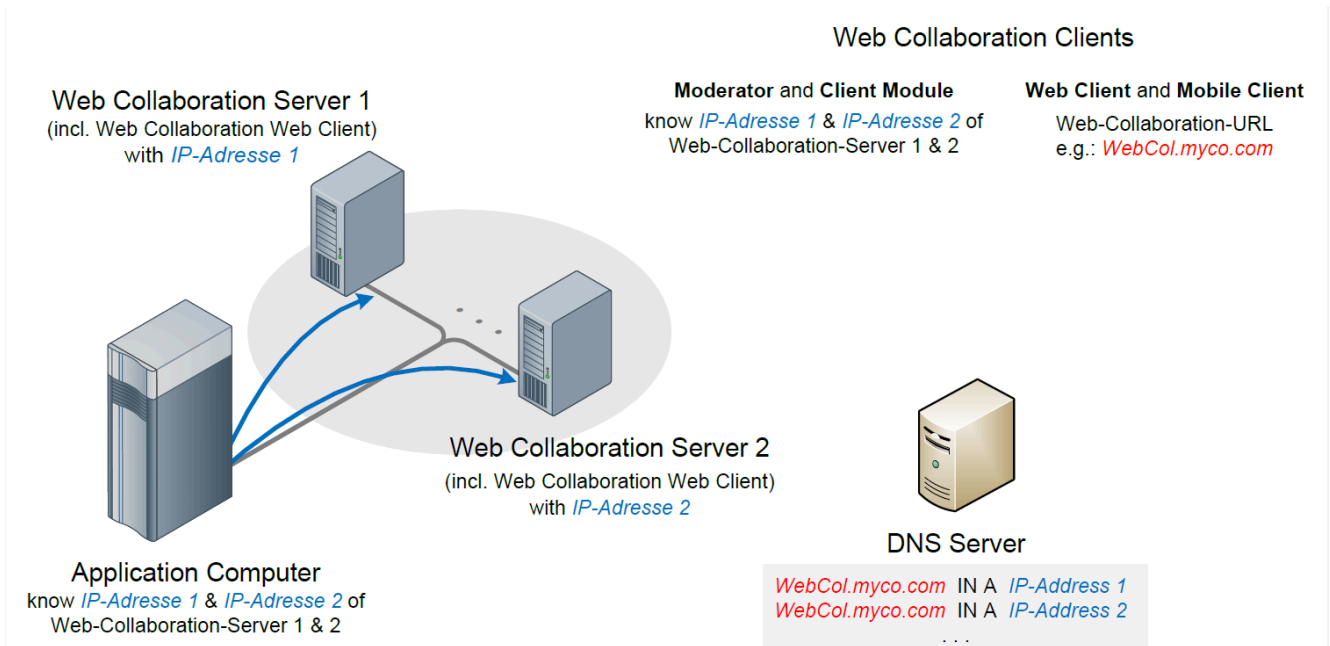


The redundancy mechanisms of the involved Web Collaboration components can be divided into types that depend on the components taking part in the communication.

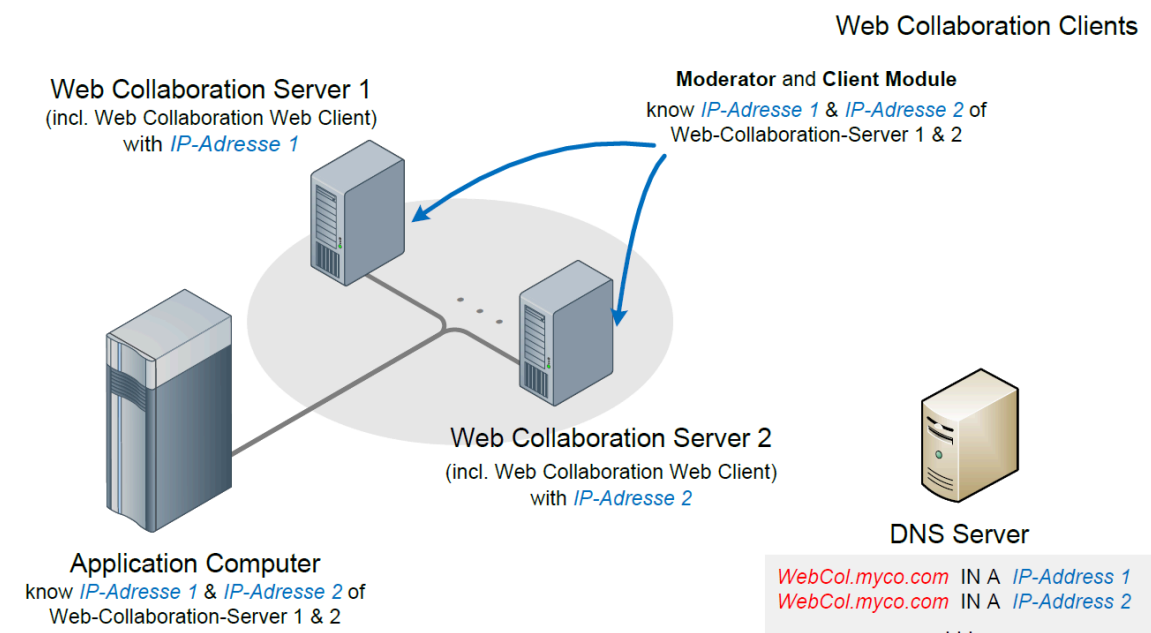
- **Communication of the application computer with the Web Collaboration servers** The IP addresses of all available Web Collaboration servers are configured on the application computer. The Web Collaboration

connector of OpenScope UC Application uses these IP addresses as follows:

- To distribute the Web Collaboration communication among the various Web Collaboration servers in normal operation.
- To send the Web Collaboration communication to still available servers when a Web Collaboration server fails.



Communication of the moderator and client module with the Web Collaboration servers The moderator and client modules have a list of all available Web Collaboration servers with their respective session number ranges.



In the moderator and client module communication we differentiate the following cases:

- **Using an Ad-hoc web conference** In this case a moderator module connects to any available Web Collaboration server to start the web conference. An invitation with a conference-specific session number is then automatically sent to the conference participants.

The client modules of the invited conference participants connect directly with the Web Collaboration server the respective session number belongs to. This Web Collaboration server is usually available, because the relevant web conference has been started on the Web Collaboration server by a moderator module only shortly before.

- **Using a planned web conference** In this case a user plans a web conference using a moderator module. An invitation with a conference-specific reservation ID is then automatically sent to the conference participants.

To start the web conference at the given time, a moderator module connects to any available Web Collaboration server. This Web Collaboration server starts a web conference and creates a conference-specific session number that it internally assigns to the requested reservation ID. The server transmits the assignment of reservation ID and session number to all other available Web Collaboration servers.

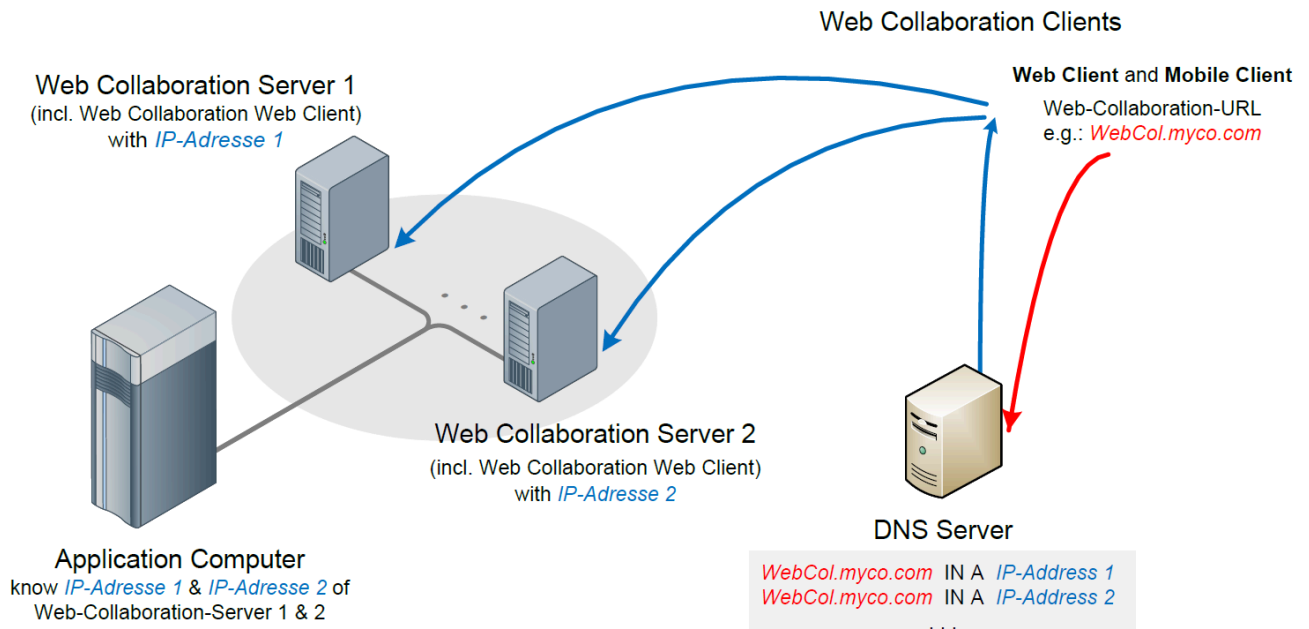
The client modules of the invited conference participants can subsequently connect to any available Web Collaboration server. This Web Collaboration server determines the Web Collaboration server on which the relevant web conference has been started with help of the requested reservation ID and assignment of session number and reservation ID. If the relevant web conference has been started on the local Web Collaboration server, the client module remains connected to this Web Collaboration server. If the relevant web conference has been started on another Web Collaboration server, the client module is rerouted to this Web Collaboration server.

The respective Web Collaboration server is usually available, because the web conference has been started on the respective Web Collaboration server by a moderator module only shortly before.

- **Communication of a web browser / Web Collaboration Mobile Client with the Web Collaboration Web Clients** A universal URL must be invoked in the web browser for reaching the Web Collaboration Web Clients. As soon as the web browser resolves this URL in an IP address via the DNS, the DNS must return a list of all IP addresses that the computer systems of the Web Collaboration Web Clients use. If the computer system of a Web Collaboration Web Client fails, the web browser cannot connect under the

associated IP address and uses one of the other IP addresses delivered by the DNS.

The Web Collaboration Mobile Client works in the same way.



8.6.3.1 OpenScape media services

- 1) The OpenScape media services may consist of a group of up to five independent computer systems within a cluster for scaling the system performance. If required, each computer system can be configured to be used exclusively for audio-based or video-based services including integrated web collaboration. If several computer systems are used for the OpenScape media services, they operate in n+1 redundancy. The same OpenScape components are installed on all computer systems of the OpenScape media services.

8.6.4 Planning required Licenses

You plan the licenses required for upgrading OpenScape Web Collaboration with an existing UC Application environment in [Version Upgrade from OpenScape Web Collaboration](#) on page 204.

In the sales information for OpenScape Web Collaboration you learn which licenses you need for a fresh installation of OpenScape Web Collaboration.

8.7 Planning for LDAP Directories

Planning for Connecting further external Systems

Reverse Proxy

The LDAP connection allows you to connect OpenScape UC Application to any external LDAP directory – e. g. to an Active Directory if you connect Microsoft Exchange to OpenScape UC Application as groupware.

To connect an LDAP directory to OpenScape UC Application you need to execute the following planning steps.

- [Verifying Restrictions](#)
- [Planning required Licenses](#)

8.7.1 Verifying Restrictions

You can connect only LDAP directories with unique IDs to OpenScape UC Application.

8.7.2 Planning required Licenses

In [Planning for Licenses](#) on page 188 you plan which licenses you need for an individual communications solution.

8.8 Reverse Proxy

A proxy server (HAProxy) to handle Web Collaboration traffic, mobile traffic and Internet Access is introduced.

HAProxy is a free, very fast and reliable solution offering high availability, load balancing and proxying TCP and HTTP-based applications.

HAProxy is used as Reverse Proxy.

For further visit:

<http://www.haproxy.org>

<https://cbonte.github.io/haproxy-dconv/configuration-1.5.html>

Reverse proxy has two different installation modes:

- [Standalone Mode](#)
- [Facade](#)

Result of Performance tests are under [Capacities](#).

8.8.1 Standalone Mode

This mode is used for WebCollaboration and Internet Access.

This can be used for integrated / small / large / very large Deployments.

In this case there is no mobile device.

NOTICE: Internet Access is released only for Fusion for Office and Web Client.

8.8.2 Facade

This mode is used when at least one mobile device is used.

The installation with Facade supports also for small or integrated deployments WebCollaboration and Internet Access, so that there is no need for a separate Standalone server to be installed.

NOTICE: Internet Access is released only for Fusion for Office and Web Client.

NOTICE: When OpenScape Mobile Pro (OSMO Pro) is used, then a Reverse Proxy is mandatory.

8.8.3 Capacities

For 15k users per FE require a under mixed feature configuration requires a maximum of 150000 connections per listener.

NOTICE: This value is specified in the configuration file generated with haproxymanager (refer to Administration Guide Configuration and Administration). This value is not configurable.

8.9 Planning for WebRTC functionality

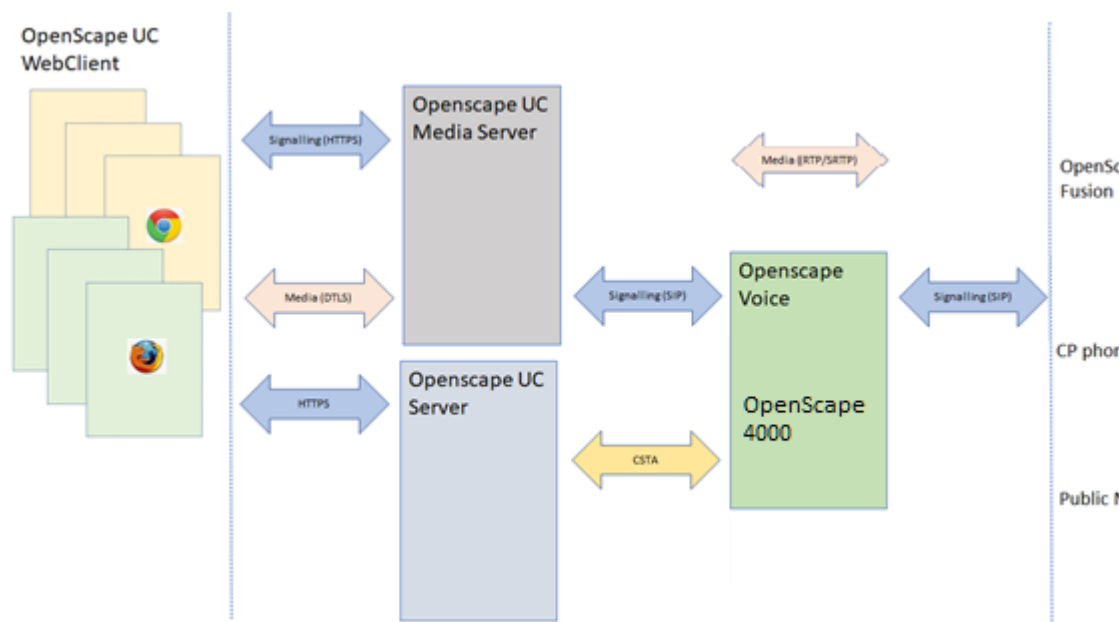
In OpenScape UC V10, you can create WebRTC with OpenScape 4000 (OS4K) or devices registered to OSV and controlled in the same way as other devices (CP phones or softphones). The WebRTC devices in UC V10 provide audio/video(H264) capabilities for users operating UC features through Chrome or Firefox (in Microsoft Windows, MAC or Linux OS).

Every WebRTC endpoint is connected to the OpenScape Media Server that registers an exclusive SIP subscriber in OSV to be used as ONS or OND by the user. OpenScape UC can control this device via CSTA protocol.

Furthermore, this WebRTC device can also communicate with any other OSV device and/or the external telephony networks.

WebRTC offers a WebCollaboration approach with the activation of the Screen Sharing functionality, alternatively to the fastviewer solution, allowing seamless integration with OpenScape UC Clients User Interface.

NOTICE: The Fastviewer solution is still available but it cannot coexist with WebRTC Screen Sharing in the system, requiring you to choose either using one or the other solution to be deployed.



8.9.1 Restrictions

NOTICE: Consult also the Release Notes to see the restrictions that apply to a specific OpenScape UC release version.

To use the WebRTC functionality you need UC V10 FR7 (Standard Duplex Small, Large or Very Large Deployment). The following restrictions apply:

- Control of Audio device buttons is not available in WebClient.
- Only Chrome and Microsoft Edge Chromium are fully supported;
- Limited Mode is not supported (OSB).
- TURN with IPV6 is not supported.

Additional Restrictions for WebRTC connected to OpenScape 4000:

- Hold/retrieve not supported
- Digest authentication for WebRTC SIP subscriber not supported

IMPORTANT: Due to security reasons WebRTC resources should not be configured on a gateway which is directly connected to the Internet or a gateway configured on a SBC (with Internet access), because of missing authentication.

- SIP subscriber not supported
- Second call for WebRTC

8.9.2 Prerequisites

The following are basic prerequisites for using the WebRTC functionality:

- Functional UC V10 (Standard Duplex Small, Large or Very Large Deployment).
- Maximum number of WebRTC concurrent call legs is 200 for Small deployments (with only one Media Server for calls, announcements and meetings) and 1.000 concurrent call legs for Large or Very Large deployments per deployed media server. Media server capacity for meetings has to be additionally planned. Typically, a total of five media servers can be deployed in one UC system.
- Valid server certificate and its private key issued by the MS node by a trusted Root CA.
- The Root CA certificate.
- WebRTC licenses.
- Xpressions must have the fix "Telematic-811FR5-20337".
- Only Chrome and Microsoft Edge (Chromium based) browsers are supported.
- HAProxy (for internet usage)

Additional Prerequisites for WebRTC connected to OpenScape 4000:

- RMX V10 R0.28.9
- Assistant / Manager V10 R0.28.3
- Specific LW-Hotfix V10 R0.28.2

WebRTC with OpenScape 4000 is supported starting with UC 10R2 FR2.

- In case of ONS/OND WebRTC setup the OND (SIP) has to be configured on the same system with the ONS device.
- The UC WebRTC users functionality is supported only on OpenScape 4000 STMIX boards and SoftGate (virtual HG). STM12 and STM14 boards are not supported for WebRTC functionality.

IMPORTANT: After upgrading from a version lower than V10 R0.28.3 to a version greater or equal to V10 R0.28.3, an upload all in assistant/manager is necessary in order to populate database with needed parameters of WebRTC feature for already created SIP/UFIP stations. After that, a full synchronization of upgraded nodes is required in UC CMP under Maintenance > Inventory > Nodes

8.9.3 Planning required WebRTC licenses

WebRTC licenses are required prior to the installation.

For Small deployment the Maximum number of WebRTC licenses is 200.

For Large or Very Large deployment the Maximum number of WebRTC licenses per MediaServer is the following:

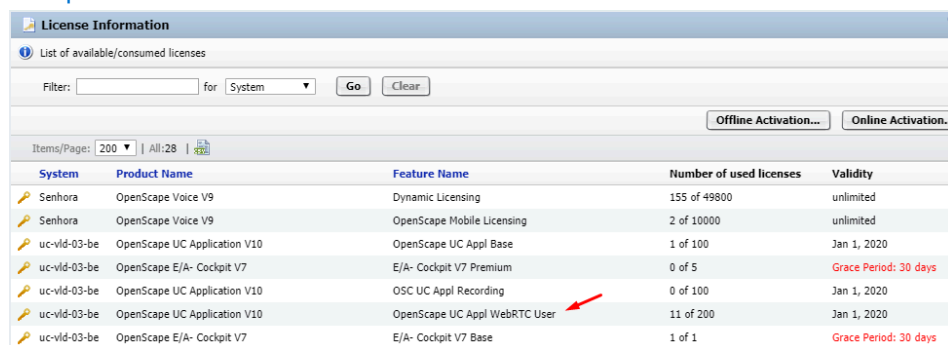
- Concurrent WebRTC media channels: 1000
- OR
- Registered WebRTC users: 5000

The aforementioned maximum number of WebRTC licenses is only related to the simultaneous use of licenses. This means that more licenses can be

Planning for Connecting further external Systems

imported into the system but only the mentioned max number can be consumed simultaneously at any given time.

You can find additional information about WebRTC channels, according to your specific deployment, can be found in [Planning for central UC Application Components](#).



System	Product Name	Feature Name	Number of used licenses	Validity
Senhora	OpenScape Voice V9	Dynamic Licensing	155 of 49800	unlimited
Senhora	OpenScape Voice V9	OpenScape Mobile Licensing	2 of 10000	unlimited
uc-vld-03-be	OpenScape UC Application V10	OpenScape UC Appl Base	1 of 100	Jan 1, 2020
uc-vld-03-be	OpenScape E/A- Cockpit V7	E/A- Cockpit V7 Premium	0 of 5	Grace Period: 30 days
uc-vld-03-be	OpenScape UC Application V10	OSC UC Appl Recording	0 of 100	Jan 1, 2020
uc-vld-03-be	OpenScape UC Application V10	OpenScape UC Appl WebRTC User	11 of 200	Jan 1, 2020
uc-vld-03-be	OpenScape E/A- Cockpit V7	E/A- Cockpit V7 Base	1 of 1	Grace Period: 30 days

8.9.4 Planning Media Server to support WebRTC communication

By default, OpenScape Media Server does not support WebRTC. Therefore, it is required to install the WebRTC packages while UC is down, i.e., it is required to stop UC nodes if the system is already running.

The following commands should be used for this purpose:

8.9.4.1 BE side

```
osc-setup in OpenScapeUC_webrtcbe
```

8.9.4.2 Media Server side

```
osc-setup in mediaserver_webrtc
osc-setup in OpenScapeUC_webrtcms
```

NOTICE: These commands should be executed exactly in the aforementioned order.

NOTICE: The execution of osc-setup will work only if repositories are mounted in Media Server.

8.9.4.3 Standard Small Duplex Deployment

```
osc-setup in mediaserver_webrtc
osc-setup in OpenScapeUC_webrtc
```

8.9.5 WebRTC Bandwidth Requirements

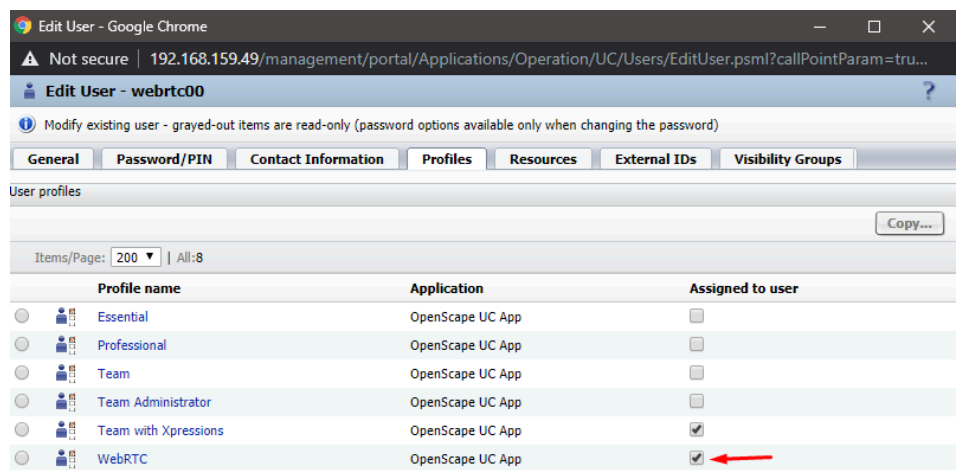
The bandwidth requirements for UC WebRTC client are:

Table 14: UC WebRTC client usage requirements

Media type	Codec	Bandwidth
Audio	G.711, G.722	80 kbps
Video	H.264	512 kbps
Screensharing	VP8	256 kbps

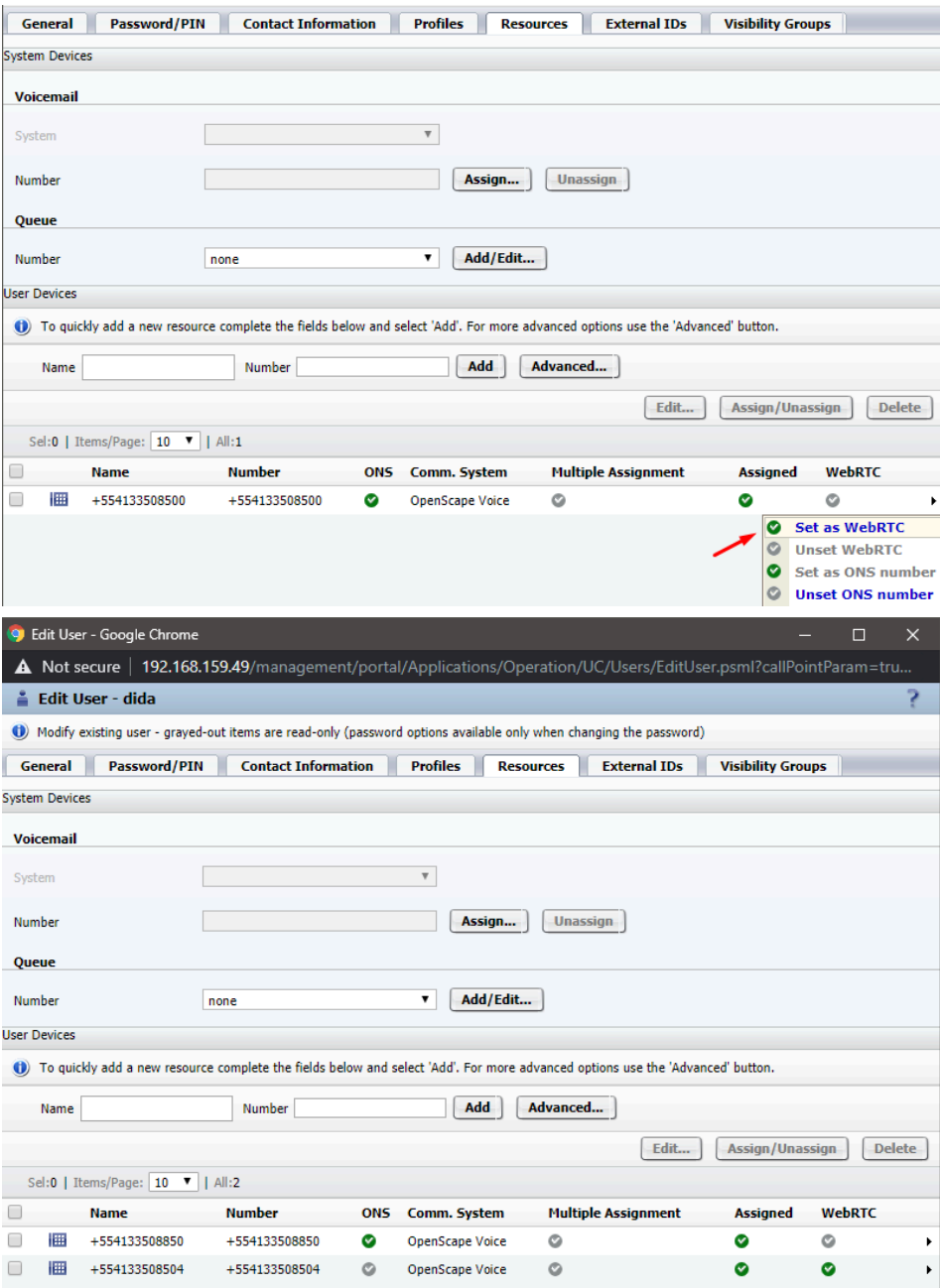
8.9.6 Planning for UC user profiles

It is required to define the users that are allowed to use WebRTC licenses, i.e. WebRTC capability needs to be assigned to the specific profiles of the users that will use the WebRTC features.



8.9.7 Planning for configuration of devices (OND or ONS)

It is required to define what device will be assigned to control WebRTC activities for the user. It can be any OND or the ONS.



8.9.8 WebRTC Screen Sharing

WebRTC offers a WebCollaboration approach with the activation of the Screen Sharing functionality, alternatively to the Fastviewer solution, allowing seamless integration with OpenScape UC Clients User Interface.

NOTICE: The Fastviewer solution is still available but it cannot coexist with WebRTC Screen Sharing in the system, requiring the choice of using one or the other solution to be deployed.

9 Planning for the Connection of OpenScape Clients

This chapter provides information about the following topics:

- [OpenScape Clients at OpenScape UC Application](#)
- [Planning for OpenScape Web Client](#)
- [Planning for OpenScape Web Client](#)
- [Planning for OpenScape Mobile Client](#)
- [Planning for OpenStage Client](#)
- [Planning for OpenScape Fusion for Office](#)
- [Planning for OpenScape Conference Extension for Microsoft Outlook](#)
- [Planning for OpenScape Fusion V2 for Notes](#)
- [Planning for OpenScape Conference Extension for Notes](#)
- [Planning for OpenScape Desktop Integration \(DI Tool\)](#)
- [Planning for OpenScape UC Desktop Application](#)
- [Planning for OpenScape Conference Portal](#)
- [Planning for OpenScape Conference Portal](#)
- [Planning for OpenScape Voice Portal \(TUI\)](#)
- [Planning for OpenScape Fusion Application Builder](#)
- [Planning for OpenScape E / A Cockpit](#)

9.1 OpenScape Clients at OpenScape UC Application

OpenScape UC Application supports the following clients:

- [The following sections describe the basic features of these components.](#)
- [OpenScape Web Client](#)
- [OpenScape Mobile Client](#)
- [OpenStage Client](#)
- [OpenScape Fusion for Microsoft Lync / Skype for Business](#)
- [OpenScape Fusion for Office](#)
- [OpenScape Conference Extension for Microsoft Outlook](#)
- [OpenScape Voice Portal \(TUI\)](#)
- [OpenScape Conference Portal](#)
- [OpenScape Fusion Application Builder](#)
- [OpenScape Auto Attendant](#)
- [OpenScape E / A Cockpit](#)

Beyond that, the following client extensions exist:

- [OpenScape Conference Extension for Microsoft Outlook](#)
- [OpenScape Desktop Integration](#)
- [With the OpenScape Desktop Integration client, UC Application users can set up a connection to a phone number the user has selected in any Windows application.](#)

The following sections provide an overview of the general system environments in which the clients and client extensions can be used.

- [Software Environments for Clients and Client Extensions](#)
- [Language Support for Clients and Client Extensions](#)
- [Terminal Server Support](#)

Planning for the Connection of OpenScape Clients

The ensuing chapters document further details about the supported system environments and system requirements of the clients and client extensions.

Furthermore, the *OpenScape UC Application, Client Applications* manual contains a table that lists the most important features of the clients and client extensions.

Software Environments for Clients and Client Extensions

Table 15: Software Environments for Clients and Client Extensions

		OS Conference Extension (Microsoft Outlook)	OS Conference Extension (Notes)	OS Desktop Integration	OS Mobile Client	
Operating systems	Windows 8 ³⁷	 38		 38		(n
	Windows 8.1 ³⁷	 38		 38		(n
	Windows 10 ³⁷	 38		 38		(n
	Windows Mobile				 41	(n
	Blackberry OS				 41	(n
Web browser	Internet Explorer (for Windows operating systems only)			v9 to v11		v
	Mozilla Firefox (for Windows operating systems only)					la a

³⁷ Available only on the classic user interface, not on the modern UI

³⁸ For Microsoft Office 2010 and higher, Internet Explorer 11 only

³⁹ For Microsoft Lync 2010, Microsoft Outlook 2010 / 2013 only

⁴⁰ For Microsoft Lync 2010, 32-bit version only

⁴¹ Version depends on the mobile phone used (cf. [Section 8.3.1, “Planning System Requirements for the Mobile Phone”, on page 230](#))

Planning for the Connection of OpenScape Clients

		OS Conference Extension (Microsoft Outlook)	OS Conference Extension (Notes)	OS Desktop Integration	OS Mobile Client
	Google Chrome (for Windows operating systems only)				
	Safari (for MAC OS X only)				
	MS Edge				
Groupware	Microsoft Office /Outlook 2007	✓			
	Microsoft Office /Outlook 2010	✓			
	Microsoft Office /Outlook 2013	✓			
	Microsoft Office /Outlook 2016	✓			
	Microsoft Office /Outlook 2019	✓			
	IBM Notes		V6.5.6 to V9		
	IBM Sametime				
	Microsoft Lync Server 2010				
	Microsoft Lync Server 2013				
	Skype for Business				

Language Support for Clients and Client Extensions

Table 16: Language Support for Clients and Client Extensions

	OS Con Ext (Mic Outl	OS Con Ext (No	OS Des Inte	OS - Mol Clie	OS - Wel Clie	OS Fus for Micro Lync Skyp for Busi	OS Fus for Offi	OS Fus for Not	OS Aut Atte	Op Clie	OS Fus App Buil (GU	OS Fus App Buil (AS	OS E/ A Coc	OS Voic Port (DT con	OS Voic Port (voi con	OS Cor Port (TU	Nuance TTS Site ASR
Chinese (Mandarin)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓	✓		✓	✓
German (Germany)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
English (US)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
English (UK)									✓			✓		✓		✓	✓
Finnish (Finland)																✓	✓
French (France)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓			✓	✓		✓	✓
Italian (Italy)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓			✓	✓		✓	✓
Catalan							✓										
Dutch (Belgium)	✓				✓	✓	✓										✓
Polish (Poland)					✓											✓	✓
Portuguese (Brazil)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓					✓		✓	✓
Portuguese (Portugal)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓			✓	✓		✓	✓
Russian (Russia)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓			✓	✓		✓	✓
Spanish (Spain)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓			✓	✓		✓	✓
						42											
Czech (Czech Republic)	✓		✓		✓	✓	✓										
Japanese (Japan)																	✓

Terminal Server Support

⁴² For Microsoft Lync Server 2007 and 2010 only

Selected UC Application clients and client extensions can be used in a Citrix environment after a project-specific release.

Table 17: Terminal Server Support for Clients and Client Extensions

	OS Cor Ext (Mic Out	OS Cor Ext (No	OS Des Inte	OS - Mot Clie	OS - Wel Clie	OS Fus for Lyn Sky for Bus	OS Fus for Offi	OS Fus for Not	OS Aut Atte	OS Ope Clie	OS Fus App Buil (GU	OS Fus App Buil (AS	OS E / Coc	OS Voic Port (DT TUI	OS Voic Port (voi con TUI	OS Conference Portal (TUI d
Citrix					✓	✓	✓	✓	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Windows Server, accessed via remote desktop						✓	✓	✓	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

9.2 Planning for OpenScape Web Client

To connect the OpenScape Web Client to OpenScape UC Application you need to execute the following planning steps.

- [Planning System Requirements](#)
- [Verifying Restrictions](#)
- [Planning required Licenses](#)
- [Planning for OpenScape Mobile Client](#)

9.2.1 Planning System Requirements

The OpenScape Web Client is a web-based client. Using it assumes one of the following web browser versions:

Web browser:	• Internet Explorer 11 for Windows operating systems • Mozilla Firefox ESR 38 or latest available • Google Chrome latest available • Safari 9.x or latest available (JavaScript active No pop-up blocker No ad-blocker)
--------------	---

9.2.2 Verifying Restrictions

- In order to display all OpenScape Web Client elements in the web browser, OpenScape Web Client requires a display surface of approximately 1024 × 768 pixels. This display surface is just about reached when you maximize for example the Internet Explorer 10 window and display only the menu bar at a screen resolution of 1024 × 768 pixels. You cannot use OpenScape Web Client in the web browser's private operating mode (for example **Private Browsing** in Mozilla Firefox or **InPrivate** in Microsoft Internet Explorer).
- The OpenScape Web Client does not support multiple sessions. In other words, you should not open several browser sessions for the same user, as several services, such as the presence service, may be affected. The same applies for parallel access with the OpenScape Desktop Client and OpenScape Fusion.
- The compatibility view must not be enforced in the Internet Explorer. The expanded **Disable script debugging** setting must be active in the Internet Explorer.
- A contact image can be stored for each contact created locally. The following requirements apply for such images:
 - Max. 16 kB per contact image
 - JPEG or PNG format
- If you wish to copy contact images from a connected LDAP directory, they must comply with the following requirements:
 - Max. 16 kB per contact image
 - JPEG format
- If several images are stored in a connected LDAP directory for a contact, only the first image will be considered in each case. If this image complies with the mentioned requirements, it is copied with the contact.
- All contact images are stored on the application computer of OpenScape UC Application.

You can determine the memory required for this purpose by the following formula:

Number of users × number of contacts per user × 16 kB

The system does not automatically restrict the total amount of memory required for all contact images.

- We recommend the following sizes for contact images:

1) 24 × 24	1) 42 × 42	1) 72 × 72
1) 32 × 32	1) 56 × 56	

- 1) If you use images in another size, OpenScape Web Client will convert them into the recommended sizes.
- Changes concerning the user privileges become only effective in the OpenScape Web Client, after the respective user logs on again at the UC Application system via the OpenScape Web Client.
 - In the scope of the team function the following applies: Though the team members see calls to be picked up in the UC Application client, a user cannot pick up a call if his/her preferred device (OND) is busy (not in idle

state). And this is still not possible even if the preferred device (OND) signals the relevant call.

Example: **User A** with the ONS number **100** and **user B** with the ONS number **200** are members of the same team. **User A** configures the device with phone number **200** as **preferred device** (OND). **User B** uses the device with his/her ONS phone number **200** as **preferred device** (OND). A third user calls the phone number **100** and is forwarded to the device with phone number **200**. The device with phone number **200** rings and the call is offered to be picked up in the UC Application client of **user B**. **User B** cannot pick up the call, because his/her **preferred device** (OND) with phone number **200** is currently busy (not in idle state); for: an incoming call is being signaled on it.

9.2.3 Planning required Licenses

In [Planning for Licenses](#) on page 188 you plan which licenses you need for an individual communications solution.

9.3 Planning for OpenScape Mobile Client

To connect the OpenScape Mobile Client to OpenScape UC Application you need to execute the following planning steps.

NOTICE: When OpenScape Mobile Pro (OSMO Pro) is used, then a Reverse Proxy is mandatory

- [Planning System Requirements for the Mobile Phone](#)
- [Planning Special System Requirements for the Network](#)
- [Planning general Requirements on the Load Balancer of the Facade Servers](#)
- [Planning required Licenses](#)

9.3.1 Planning System Requirements for the Mobile Phone

The mobile phone must comply with the following requirements so that the OpenScape Mobile Client can be used with it:

Device:	You find a list of supported devices under the following link: https://osiris.unify.com/portfolio/UnifiedCommunicationsOpenScape/0500OpenScapeMobilityProdu
Software:	Blackberry • Java Runtime Environment on the device (J2ME)
	Windows Mobile • .NET Compact Framework 2.0
	Apple iOS and Android devices are supported by the product OpenScape Mobile. You find details in
Furthermore:	Mobile phone contract with data option (GPRS, UMTS)

9.3.2 Planning Special System Requirements for the Network

OpenScape UC Application must be connected to the internet via a so-called Facade server so that the OpenScape Mobile Client can communicate with OpenScape UC Application. This Facade server is an application server that serves as endpoint for the inbound internet connections of the OpenScape Mobile Clients.

NOTICE: You need to ensure that the OpenScape Mobile Client can reach the Facade server anytime and from all networks used. This may require the network routing of the infrastructure used to be adjusted. Contact the network administrator in charge on this.

We recommend to install the Facade server on an individual computer system in a DMZ of the network infrastructure.

NOTICE: The described Facade server is neither installed nor configured by the OpenScape UC Application setup.

The computer system for the Facade server must comply with at least the following requirements:

Minimum hardware requirements:	• 4-core CPU, 2.66 GHz • 4 GB RAM • 150 GB 10 k RPM HD-SAS hard disk drive • DVD-ROM drive • Two Gigabit-Ethernet interfaces
Operating system:	• SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 12 – 64 Bit In the relevant release notes on the product data carrier you find more detailed information – for example about the service pack and patch level. NOTICE: Furthermore Facade server, UC Frontend, UC Backend and media servers can be deployed in SLES 12.

To increase the number of simultaneously supported OpenScape Mobile - Clients or to operate several Facade servers in an N+1 redundancy, you can configure several Facade servers. The system requests of the OpenScape Mobile Clients must then be distributed among the different Facade servers via a load balancer.

You find information about the requirements on the load balancer in the following passage and documentation:

- [Planning general Requirements on the Load Balancer of the Facade Servers](#) on page 157
- Planning guide of the 3rd-party manufacturer

9.3.3 Planning general Requirements on the Load Balancer of the Facade Servers

NOTICE: The load balancer is neither an OpenScape UC Application component nor is it installed or configured by the OpenScape UC Application setup.

To increase the number of simultaneously supported OpenScape Mobile - Clients for Large Deployment or to operate several Facade servers in an N+1 redundancy, you can configure several Facade servers.

In this case a load balancer is required in the network. This load balancer serves the following purposes:

- Distributing the HTTPS communication of the OpenScape Mobile Clients among the available Facade servers. In this process, a client must communicate with the same Facade server during the entire connection time after the connection setup.
- If desired: Performing the TLS encryption and decryption to relieve the Facade server from this task (TLS-Off-Loading)..

The load balancer used must have at least the following general features.

- Availability of at least 99.9995%.
- Distributing requests for new HTTPS connections among different computer systems.
- Session persistence feature to hold a client during a classified connection on the original computer system.

The session persistence feature must be based at least on the source IP address.

- Detection of server availability to distribute communication to similar functioning systems in case of computer or software failure.

The availability of computer systems or software must at least be recognized based on the following criteria.

- Response time of the computer systems
- Error/cause code of the TCP / TLS and HTTP protocols
- TLS / SSL offloading to realize encryption, decryption and re-encryption for TLS and SSL on the load balancer.
- Session persistence feature for HTTP 1.1

OpenScape uses persistent HTTP connections for sending events to the clients. Therefore, existing HTTP connections must not be cleared by the network components for at least 15 minutes.

- Existing security features must be configurable so that the usual OpenScape communication does not initiate security violations.

That applies especially to the application based denial of service protection against attacks with HTTP GET requests since OpenScape UC Application uses these requests for the communication with the OpenScape clients.

Planning for the Connection of OpenScape Clients

Planning for OpenStage Client

- At “busy hours”, the load balancer must provide for OpenScape UC Application at least the following performance capacities:
 - 280 MBit for SSL data traffic
 - 75 000 simultaneous HTTPS connections

These estimations are based on 10 000 OpenScape users, which is a typical number. The load balancer solution actually required depends on the number of clients being simultaneously busy at the “busy hour”.

9.3.4 Planning required Licenses

In [Planning for Licenses](#) on page 188 you plan which licenses you need for an individual communications solution.

9.4 Planning for OpenStage Client

You need to execute the following planning steps for using OpenStage Client at OpenScape UC Application.

- [Planning System Requirements for OpenStage Client](#)

9.4.1 Planning System Requirements for OpenStage Client

OpenStage Client has been released for the following OpenStage telephones:

- OpenStage 60
- OpenStage 80

9.5 Planning for OpenScape Fusion for Office

You need to execute the following planning steps for using OpenScape Fusion for Office at OpenScape UC Application :

- [Planning OpenScape Fusion for Office System Requirements](#)
- [supported Office 365 license packages](#)
- [Presence update for Skype for Business / Lync Server](#)
- [Verifying Restrictions](#)
- [Technical Delimitation to OpenScape Desktop Client WE](#)

9.5.1 Planning OpenScape Fusion for Office System Requirements

OpenScape Fusion for Office is a Microsoft Outlook-based client. For using it, the client computer system must at least comply with the following requirements:

Planning for the Connection of OpenScape Clients

Minimum hardware requirements:	• CPU with 1 GHz (CPU with 2 GHz recommended) • 2 GB RAM If Audio shall be used: • Processor must support SSE 2.x or higher if G.729 shall be used. If Video shall be used: • 2-core CPU with 1.83 GHz; for HD resolution Core-i5 CPU • 2 GB RAM; in case of computer systems with many applications 4 GB • Graphics board with 128 MB RAM and the most recent driver software • Recommended cameras inclusive the most recent driver software Logitech C910 / C920 / C930 Logitech Pro 9000 Microsoft LifeCam • Downstream bandwidth > 192 kbit / s; for HD resolution > 12 000 kbit / s NOTE: When setting up a video connection, the remote stations will negotiate which video resolution to use. This is particularly based on the downstream bandwidth configured in the client's computer system. This setting thus enables controlling the video resolution used and thereby limiting the system performance claimed. One H video channel claims for example a maximum downstream bandwidth of approx. 2 Mbit / s; this corresponds to the setting of 12 000 kbit / s in the client's computer system.
Operating system:	• Windows 8 (available only on the classic desktop user interface, not on the modern UI) • Windows 10 • You find detailed information, e. g. about the service pack and patch level, in the release notes on the product data carrier.
Web browser:	• Internet Explorer 10 to 11 for Windows operating systems Removing Internet Explorer 11 from Windows 10 is supported. NOTE: OpenScape Fusion for Office is based on OpenScape Web Client.

Planning for the Connection of OpenScape Clients

Microsoft Outlook version according to:	• Microsoft Outlook 2010 (32-bit version / 64-bit version) Microsoft Office Professional 2010 Microsoft Office Professional Plus 2010 Microsoft Office Standard 2010 Microsoft Office Outlook 2010 • Microsoft Outlook 2013 (32-bit version / 64-bit version) Microsoft Office 2013 • Microsoft Outlook 2016 (32-bit version / 64-bit version) Microsoft Office 2016 • Microsoft Outlook 2019 (32-bit version / 64-bit version) Microsoft Office 2019
Skype for Business	• Skype for Business 2015 Full • Skype for Business 2016 Full • Skype for Business 2019 Full
MS Lync	• MS Lync 2010 • MS Lync 2013

Compatible sound devices:	EPOS / Sennheiser devices: • MB360 UC • SC 130 / 135 USB • SC 160 / 165 USB • SC 660 ANC USB • SDW 5015 • SDW 5016 • SDW 5035 • SDW 5036 • SDW 5065 • SDW 5066 • SP 30+ • D 10 USB • DW Office • DW Pro 1 / 2 • MB 660 UC • MB Pro 1 / 2 UC • Presence UC (dongle) • SD Office • SD Pro 1 / 2 • SC 30 / 60 USB CTRL • SC 40 / 70 USB CTRL • SC 45 / 75 USB CTRL • SC 230 / 260 USB • SC 230 / 260 II USB CTRL • SC 230 / 260 incl. USB-ED CC 01 • SC 635 / 665 USB • SC 630 / 660 incl. USB-ED CC 01 • SC 630/660 USB CTRL • ADAPT 360 • ADAPT 460 • ADAPT 560 • ADAPT 230/231 • ADAPT 260/261 • Expand 80 (Speaker phone)
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Compatible sound devices:	Poly/Plantronics • Blackwire 310/320 UC • Blackwire 315/325 UC • Blackwire 3200 Series • Blackwire 5200 Series • Blackwire 710/720 UC • Blackwire 7225 • Blackwire C325 • Blackwire C720 • Calisto 3200 (Speakerphone) • Calisto 7200 • Century SC 630 USB • Circle SC 230 USB • Circle SC 260 USB • D261N / DA45 USB • DA45 • DA80 • EncorePro 500 USB Series • EncorePro 700 USB Series • MB PRO 1 UC (dongle) • MB PRO 2 UC (dongle) • Presence UC (dongle) • Savi 700 Series • Savi 8220 UC • Savi 8240 UC • Savi 8245 UC • Savi W740 • Sync 20/20+ Series • Sync 40/40+ Series • Sync 60/60+ Series • Voyager 3200 UC • Voyager 5200 UC • Voyager 6200 UC • Voyager 8200 UC • Voyager Edge UC • Voyager Focus 2 • Voyager Focus UC • Voyager Legend UC BT300
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Compatible sound devices:	Jabra: • Jabra Dial 520 • Jabra UC Voice 150 • Jabra 220A (B) • UC Voice 550 • Pro 9470 • Link280 with GN2000 Headset • SPEAK 410 • SPEAK 510 • SPEAK 750 • Evolve II 65/85 • Evolve 20 Mono and Stereo • Evolve 65e • Evolve II 30 Mono and Stereo • Evolve II 40 Mono and Stereo • Evolve2 30 • Evolve2 75 • Evolve2 65 Mono and Stereo • Evolve2 85 Mono and Stereo • Engage 50 Plathosys: • Plathosys CT-220 PRO • Plathosys CT-140 PRO • Plathosys CT-400 PRO
Furthermore:	• Microsoft .NET Framework 4.0 or higher (In case SS is used, .NET Framework 4.5.2 or higher is required) • Microsoft Visual C++ 2005 SP1 • Microsoft Visual C++ 2010 • Visual Studio Tools for the Office System 4.0 Runtime (32 bit / 64 bit) as the operating system (Needed for t Outlook Plugin) • Microsoft Office 201x Primary Interop (Assemblies system) (Needed for Outlook Plugin) • refer also to OpenScape UC Application Fusion for Office Installation Guide

Automatic Root certificate updating must be disabled for the Windows operating system. You find details on this in the following technical article by the producer under *Turn off Automatic Root Certificates Update*.

[http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc734054\(v=ws.10\).aspx](http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc734054(v=ws.10).aspx)

9.5.2 supported Office 365 license packages

Office 365 plans / Fusion Integration level	Fusion Office - MS Outlook integration ⁴³	Fusion for Office - Skype for Business integration ⁴³	User Presence
Office 365 Business Essentials	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported
Office 365 Business	Outlook installed on desktop	Not supported	OSC UC presence
Office 365 Business Premium	Outlook installed on desktop	Not supported	OSC UC presence
Office 365 ProPlus	Outlook installed on desktop	S4B installed on desktop	Fusion Local Presence Sync
Office 365 E1	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported
Office 365 E3	Outlook installed on desktop	S4B installed on desktop	Fusion Local Presence Sync
Office 365 E5	Outlook installed on desktop	S4B installed on desktop	Fusion Local Presence Sync

The information above shows that Office 365 or Skype for Business can be installed only on desktop.

Furthermore it shows how the user presence is updated. Office 365 Business is synchronized via OpenScape UC presence and Office 365 ProPlus and E-series is synchronized via Fusion Local presence sync.

9.5.3 Presence update for Skype for Business / Lync Server

	S4B Presence Sync
Skype for Business Server (on premise)	UCMA presence sync
Skype for Business Online (Office 365)	Fusion Local presence sync only
Lync 2013 Server	UCMA presence sync

Here it is shown how the presence various Servers is synchronized.

⁴³ Outlook and Skype for Business web client are not supported.

9.5.4 Verifying Restrictions

The following restrictions apply independently from the Microsoft Outlook version:

- OpenScape Fusion for Office requires that the user uses a Microsoft Exchange account (Microsoft Exchange or compatible service option when adding the account in Outlook). POP3 or IMAP accounts are not supported.
- None of the following components must have been installed on the computer system of OpenScape Fusion for Office:
 - OpenScape Desktop Client WE
 - OpenScape Desktop Client PE
 - OpenScape Desktop Integraton Tool
 - Add-In Xobni
- The **Multiple Contacts** (SIP-Forking) feature of OpenScape Voice is not supported.
- You cannot operate OpenScape Fusion for Office if the Microsoft Office Application Security has been set to **High** and the **Trust all installed add-ins and templates** feature is disabled.
- The Microsoft Office Resource Kits provide different templates for managing security and protection settings. Such settings also affect the OpenScape Fusion for Office add-in. If you use such templates, the OpenScape Fusion for Office add-in must be configured in them as absolutely trustworthy. The OpenScape Fusion for Office add-in will otherwise not be fully functional.
- In the scope of the team function the following applies: Though the team members see calls to be picked up in the UC Application client, a user cannot pick up a call if his/her preferred device (OND) is busy (not in idle state). And this is still not possible even if the preferred device (OND) signals the relevant call.

Example: User A with the ONS number **100** and *user B* with the ONS number **200** are members of the same team. *User A* configures the device with phone number **200** as **preferred device** (OND). *User B* uses the device with his/her ONS phone number **200** as **preferred device** (OND). A third user calls the phone number **100** and is forwarded to the device with phone number **200**. The device with phone number **200** rings and the call is offered to be picked up in the UC Application client of *user B*. *User B* cannot pick up the call, because his/her **preferred device** (OND) with phone number **200** is currently busy (not in idle state); for: an incoming call is being signaled on it.

- If the MS Office application security is set to “Medium” and the feature “Trust all installed add-ins and templates” is set to disabled, then the MS Office runtime will ask for the Outlook add-in of OpenScape Fusion for Office and very likely for other add-ins, if the “mscoree.dll” should be loaded. All these prompts must be must be accepted to start the add-in, since the MS Office runtime offers no mean to determine which add-in is actually meant.
- The use of both Microsoft Lync/Skype for Business and Fusion for Office as softphones at same time, in the same machine, is not recommended. Two softphones with one audio device or two softphones with two audio devices will bring difficulties and restrictions affecting the usability of the solution. Even more, there are strong restrictions on selecting the audio devices to be used in this case.
- More than one user logged in the same machine at same time is not supported, therefore, the MS Windows’ switch user account between two users running Fusion for Office is not supported. In case of more than user

sharing the same machine, one user has to log off from Windows in order to other user log in.

- Quality of Service QoS on L2 is not supported (just on L3).
- Presence of the e-mail sender (contact card integration) (for Outlook 2010)
When using OpenScape Contact Card integration, it is possible that in a received email the presence of the sender (From field) is shown as “unknown” or takes a long time to show the proper presence. This problem is already known by Microsoft, but it will not be fixed by them due to the end of support of Outlook 2010. It happens only in this Outlook version. To solve this, be sure that the proxyAddresses field has the following information for each UC/Fusion user: SIP:<userid>@<domain> Example: SIP:john@domain.com The SIP address should be the Instant Message (IM) address of the user, which is normally the same as the e-mail address. Here one way how to proceed:
 - Go to Active Directory Users and Computers;
 - Open the properties of the affected user;
 - Go to the Attribute Editor tab;
 - Look for proxyAddresses attribute;
 - Add the value (for example SIP:john@domain.com) keeping any other value which might exist.
 - Click OK in the user properties window.
 - Restart Fusion Client and Microsoft Outlook.

The following restrictions apply for Microsoft Outlook 2010 in addition:

- You must install the OpenScape Fusion for Office add-in into the default setup directory of Windows. Windows automatically considers add-ins installed into this directory trustworthy. If OpenScape Fusion for Office was installed into another directory, it is not considered trustworthy. In this case the add-in in Microsoft Outlook 2010 is inactive and cannot be used.
- The features **make/accept call** (green receiver) and **terminate/reject call** (red receiver) are available in the OpenScape softphone toolbar only if:
 - the softphone number has been set as preferred device.
 - a device list has been set as preferred device that contains the softphone number as device with the highest priority. In this case the relevant device must be the first one in the device list.

If you dial the softphone number and none of the above conditions has been met, the call must be accepted via the Call Control or via the displayed desktop notification. In this case, a second call cannot be rejected via the red receiver in the OpenScape softphone toolbar.

- If you store a Microsoft Office element as *.msg file and open it from the storage location, the e-mail window does not contain any OpenScape Fusion for Office functions and controls. Microsoft Outlook starts automatically in the background, then enabling the use of OpenScape Fusion for Office functions.
- In order to have Presence related information in the Contact Card, UC mail address configured via CMP should match the value of Chat IM address assigned to the contact in MS Outlook / Exchange. If a user has two separate Chat IM addresses, it is required to have configured 2 mails in UC matching these values

- **Cached Exchange Mode**

For a better user experience "Cached Exchange Mode" should be always active when using Outlook plugins.

For more details about how to enable the "Cached Exchange Mode", please refer to Microsoft reference and details:

<https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/office/turn-on-cached-exchange-mode-7885af08-9a60-4ec3-850a-e221c1ed0c1c>

The following restrictions apply for webclients:

- Outlook Web client is not supported
- Skype for Business Web client is not supported

9.5.5 Technical Delimitation to OpenScape Desktop Client WE

OpenScape Desktop Client WE is no longer supported. It will be replaced by Fusion for Office.

Fusion for Office is based on WebClient.

Fusion for Office has the following differences to OpenScape Desktop Client WE:

- Less complex rules compared to OpenScape Desktop Client WE
- supports chat history
- supports changing of logos
- Plugin in Outlook

Both OpenScape Desktop Client WE and Fusion for Office support a Soft-phone and have a plugin for Outlook Calendar. These plugins are very similar.

9.6 Planning for OpenScape Conference Extension for Microsoft Outlook

You need to execute the following planning steps for using OpenScape Conference Extension for Microsoft Outlook:

- [Planning System Requirements](#)
- [Planning required Licenses](#)

9.6.1 Planning System Requirements

OpenScape Conference Extension for Microsoft Outlook is a Microsoft Outlook-based client. For using it, the client computer system must comply with the following requirements:

Planning for the Connection of OpenScape Clients

Planning for OpenScape Fusion V2 for Notes

Operating system:	• Windows 8 (available only on the classic user interface, not on the modern UI; Microsoft Outlook 2010 only) • Windows 10 • You find detailed information, e. g. about the service pack and patch level, in the release notes on the product data carrier.
Exchange server:	• Microsoft Exchange Server 2010 (On-Premise) • Microsoft Exchange Server 2013 (On-Premise) • Microsoft Exchange Server 2016 (On-Premise) • Microsoft Exchange Online
Microsoft Outlook version according to:	• Microsoft Office 2007 • Microsoft Office 2010 • Microsoft Office 2013 • Microsoft Office 2016 • Microsoft Office 2019
Furthermore:	• Microsoft.NET Framework 4.0

NOTICE: As of software level 71.0.153, OpenScape Conference Extension for Microsoft Outlook requires SP3 of Microsoft Outlook 2007.

9.6.2 Planning required Licenses

In [Planning for Licenses](#) on page 188 you plan which licenses you need for an individual communications solution.

9.6.3 Verifying Restrictions

- OpenScape Conference Extension for Microsoft Outlook requires that the user uses a Microsoft Exchange account (Microsoft Exchange or compatible service option when adding the account in Outlook). POP3 or IMAP accounts are not supported.

9.7 Planning for OpenScape Fusion V2 for Notes

You need to execute the following planning steps for using OpenScape Fusion V2 for Notes at OpenScape UC Application :

- [Planning OpenScape Fusion V2 for Notes System Requirements](#)
- [Verifying Restrictions](#)
- [Planning required Licenses](#)

9.7.1 Planning OpenScape Fusion V2 for Notes System Requirements

OpenScape Fusion V2 for Notes is an IBM-Notes-based client. For using it, the client computer system must at least comply with the following requirements:

Minimum hardware requirements:	• CPU with 1 GHz (CPU with 2 GHz recommended) • 2 GB RAM If Audio shall be used: • Processor must support SSE 2.x or higher if G.729 shall be used. If Video shall be used: • 2-core CPU with 1.83 GHz; for HD resolution Core-i5-CPU • 2 GB RAM; in case of computer systems with many applications 4 GB • Graphics board with 128 MB RAM and the most recent driver software • Recommended cameras inclusive the most recent driver software Logitech C910 / C920 / C930 Logitech Pro 9000 Microsoft LifeCam • Downstream bandwidth > 192 kbit / s; for HD resolution > 12 000 kbit / s NOTE: When setting up a video connection, the remote stations will negotiate which video resolution to use. This is particularly based on the downstream bandwidth configured in the client's computer system. This setting thus enables controlling the video resolution used and thereby limiting the system performance claimed. One HD video channel claims for example a maximum downstream bandwidth of approx. 2 Mbit / s; this corresponds to the setting of 12 000 kbit / s in the client's computer system.
Operating system:	You find detailed information, e. g. about the service pack and patch level, in the release notes on the product data carrier.
Web browser:	• Internet Explorer 10 to 11 for Windows operating systems Removing Internet Explorer 11 from Windows 10 is supported NOTE: OpenScape Fusion V2 for IBM Notes is based on OpenScape Web Client.

IBM Notes version:	• IBM Lotus Notes 8.5 Standard Edition (German, English, French) • IBM Lotus Notes 8.5.1 Standard Edition (German, English, French) • IBM Lotus Notes 8.5.2 Standard Edition (German, English, French) • IBM Lotus Notes 8.5.3 Standard Edition (German, English, French) • IBM Notes 9 Standard Edition (German, English, French)
Furthermore:	• Microsoft.NET Framework 4.0 (for OpenScape Fusion Client) • Additionally for video use: – Microsoft DirectX Version 9.0c or higher • Additionally for the installation process: – IBM Domino Administrator – IBM Domino Designer

9.7.2 Verifying Restrictions

- None of the following components must have been installed on the computer system of OpenScape Fusion V2 for Notes:
 - OpenScape Desktop Client WE
 - OpenScape Personal Edition
 - OpenScape Conference Extension for Notes
- The **Multiple Contacts** (SIP-Forking) feature of OpenScape Voice is not supported.
- If OpenScape Fusion V2 for Notes controls an HFA-based device: The **Drop a call** button has no function if a new connection shall be set up while another one is being held. You can then use the **Resume held call** button to switch back to the held call.
- The Softphone controls are disabled if not the Softphone has been configured as preferred device and a call is being conducted with the Softphone at the same time.

9.7.3 Planning required Licenses

In [Planning for Licenses](#) on page 188 you plan which licenses you need for an individual communications solution.

9.8 Planning for OpenScape Conference Extension for Notes

You need to execute the following planning steps for using OpenScape Conference Extension for Notes:

- [Planning System Requirements](#)
- [Verifying Restrictions](#)
- [Planning required Licenses](#)

9.8.1 Planning System Requirements

OpenScape Conference Extension for Notes is an IBM-Notes-based client. For using it, the client computer system must comply with the following requirements:

Operating system:	Windows 8 (available only on the classic desktop user interface, not on the modern UI) You find detailed information, e. g. about the service pack and patch level, in the release notes on the product data carrier.
IBM Notes version:	- IBM Lotus Notes 6.5.6 to 8.5.3 - IBM Notes 9

9.8.2 Verifying Restrictions

No multilanguage templates are supported.

9.8.3 Planning required Licenses

In [Planning for Licenses](#) on page 188 you plan which licenses you need for an individual communications solution.

9.9 Planning for OpenScape Desktop Integration (DI Tool)

You need to execute the following planning steps for using OpenScape Desktop Integration at OpenScape UC Application.

- [Planning System Requirements](#)
- [Planning required Licenses](#)

9.9.1 Planning System Requirements

The same system requirements apply for OpenScape Desktop Integration and OpenScape Web Client alike.

See [Planning for OpenScape Web Client](#) on page 153 on this.

The following system requirements must be met for using OpenScape Desktop Integration.

Web browser:	Internet Explorer 8.0x to 11 for Windows operating systems Internet Explorer 10 to 11 (OpenScape Web Client) Removing Internet Explorer 11 from Windows 10 is supported.
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9.9.2 Planning required Licenses

In [Planning for Licenses](#) on page 188 you plan which licenses you need for an individual communications solution.

9.10 Planning for OpenScape UC Desktop Application

You need to execute the following planning steps for using OpenScape UC Desktop Application:

- [Planning System Requirements](#)
- [Verifying Restrictions:](#)
- [Planning required Licenses](#)

9.10.1 Planning System Requirements

Minimum hardware requirements:	• CPU with 1 GHz (CPU with 2 GHz recommended) • 2 GB RAM	
Operating system:	If Audio shall be used: • Processor must support SSE 2.x or higher if G.729 shall be used. If Video shall be used: • 2-core CPU with 1.83 GHz; for HD resolution Core-i5-CPU • 2 GB RAM; in case of computer systems with many applications 4 GB • Graphics board with 128 MB RAM and the most recent driver software • Recommended cameras inclusive the most recent driver software Logitech C910 / C920 / C930 Logitech Pro 9000 Microsoft LifeCam • Windows 10	
Compatible sound devices:	Jabra devices:	
	Product	
	Jabra Evolve 80	
	Jabra Evolve 75e	
	Jabra Evolve 75	
	Jabra Evolve 65	
	Jabra Evolve 40	

	Jabra Evolve 30	
	Jabra Evolve 20 Mono and Stereo	
	Jabra Evolve2 40	
	Jabra Evolve2 30	
	Jabra Evolve2 65 Mono and Stereo	
	Jabra Evolve2 85 Mono and Stereo	
	Jabra Biz 2400 II CC	
	Jabra Biz 2400 II	
	Jabra Biz 2400	
	Jabra Biz 2300	
	Jabra Motion UC+	
	Jabra Motion UC	
	Jabra Speak 410	
	Jabra Speak 510	
	Jabra Speak 710	
	Jabra Speak 810	
	Jabra PRO 9470	
	Jabra PRO 9465	
	Jabra PRO 9460	
	Jabra PRO 9450	
	Jabra PRO 930	
	Jabra Engage 65	
	Jabra Engage 75	
	Epos / Sennheiser devices:	
	Product	
	SC 30 USB CTRL	
	SC 60 USB CTRL	
	SC 40 USB CTRL	
	SC 45 USB CTRL	
	SC 70 USB CTRL	
	SC 75 USB CTRL	

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	SC 135 USB	
	SC 165 USB	
	SC 130 USB	
	SC 160 USB	
	SC 230 / 260 USB	
	SC 230 / 260 II USB CTRL	
	SDW 5016	
	SDW 5036	
	SDW 5066	
	SP 30 +	
	SC 630 / 660 USB CTRL	
	SC 660 ANC USB	
	SC 230 / 260 incl. USB-ED CC 01	
	SC 630 / 660 incl. USB-ED CC 01	
	DW Office	
	SD Pro 1 / 2	
	D 10 USB	
	Presence UC	
	MB Pro 1 / 2 UC	
	MB 660 UC	
	SP 10	
	SP 20	
	SP 220	
	Team Connect Wireless	
	Logitech devices:	
	Product	
	Logitech Zone Wireless	
	Logitech Zone Wired	
	Logitech H650E Mono/Stereo	
	Logitech H570E Mono/Stereo	
	Logitech H820E Mono/Stereo	

Gigaset devices:	
Product	
Gigaset Ion	
Yealink devices:	
Product	
CP700 (Speakerphone)	
UH34 & UH34 Lite Dual/Mono	
UH36 Dual/Mono	
WH62	
WH63	
WH66	

Poly / Plantronics Devices:

The OpenScape UC Desktop App client requires the Plantronics Hub software

installed in the machine in order to have integration with the Plantronics devices. The Plantronics headsets recognized by Plantronics Hub will be also recognized by UC Desktop App.

If there are more than one Plantronics headset plugged-in, the primary Plantronics headset specified in Plantronics Hub must be selected in the Audio/Video tab of the OpenScape UC Settings Tab dialog (system tray menu Open -> Settings).

Product	
Blackwire 310 / 320 UC	
Blackwire 315 / 325 UC	
Blackwire 3200 Series	
Blackwire 510/520 mono/stereo	
Blackwire 5200 Series	
Blackwire 710/720 UC	
Blackwire 7225	
Blackwire 725 stereo	
Blackwire C325	
Blackwire C720	
Calisto 3200 (Speakerphone)	

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Calisto 5200 (Speakerphone)	
Calisto 5300 (Speakerphone)	
Calisto 610/620	
Calisto 7200	
Century SC 360 USB	
Circle SC 230 USB	
Circle SC 260 USB	
D261N / DA45 USB	
DA45	
DA80	
EncorePro 500 USB Series	
EncorePro 700 USB Series	
MB PRO 1 UC (dongle)	
MB PRO 2 UC (dongle)	
Presence UC (dongle)	
Savi 400 Series	
Savi 700 Series	
Savi 8220 UC	
Savi 8240 UC	
Savi 8245 UC	
Savi W740	
Sync 20/20+ Series	
Sync 40/40+ Series	
Sync 60/60+ Series	
Voyager 3200 UC	
Voyager 4300	
Voyager 5200 UC	
Voyager 6200 UC	
Voyager 8200 UC	
Voyager Edge UC	
Voyager Focus 2	

Voyager Focus UC	
Voyager Legend UC	

NOTICE: Please note that in case of a headset is being used by two different applications (e.g. running UC Desktop App and Microsoft Teams) in the machine, it may happen that actions in the headset controller for one application may affect the other. This may lead to unexpected behaviors in certain scenarios. The recommendation is to disable the headset controller in one of the applications. The way how to do this in OpenScape UC Desktop App is described in the User Guide.

9.10.2 Verifying Restrictions:

- The use UC Desktop App in parallel with OSC UC WebClient, Fusion or the old Desktop Integration tool is not supported.
- For displaying all of its elements in the main window, UC Desktop App requires a display surface of 1024 x 768 pixels
- The following applies in the scope of the team function:

Even if team calls are displayed to you in the client, you cannot pick up such a call if your preferred device (OND) is not idle. This is still not possible even if your preferred device (OND) signals the call.

9.10.3 Planning required Licenses

In [Planning for Licenses](#) on page 188 you plan which licenses you need for an individual communications solution.

9.11 Planning for OpenScape Conference Portal

You need to execute the following planning steps for using conferences with OpenScape UC Application:

- [Video Behavior of Conferences](#)
- [Planning System Requirements for Video \(Video MCU\)](#)
- [Verifying Restrictions](#)
- [Planning required Licenses](#)

9.11.1 Video Behavior of Conferences

The video behavior of conferences is based on the following basic concepts:

- [Video-Compatibility/Video Use of a Conference](#)
- [Allocation of video licenses and participant images within a video stream](#)
- [Routing Conferences to Individual OpenScape Media Servers](#)

Video-Compatibility/Video Use of a Conference

In order to support not only the medium audio, but additionally also video, a conference needs to be video-enabled.

This video-compatibility as such is not an indication of a conference actually using Video. Devices that exclusively use audio but no video may thus dial into a video-compatible conference. In this case, the relevant conference is still video-compatible, but no video composer that processes video information and transmits it to the devices is started in the conference portal.

This video-composer is not started until the first conference participant dials into the conference with a video device. The aim of this behavior is to optimize the use of system resources of the network and the OpenScape Media Servers involved.

The conference management of the conference portal plugin in the CMP indicates if a conference is video-enabled or not.

Allocation of video licenses and participant images within a video stream

Switching on the camera of the video device used or not does not determine if a video conference participant is allocated one of the available video licenses and - if possible - his/her participant image is shown in the video datastream. The point is, however, that the video device used must have negotiated with the conference portal the video feature for the RTP connection.

Routing Conferences to Individual OpenScape Media Servers

The conferencing infrastructure of OpenScape UC Application is provided by the configured OpenScape Media Server. If OpenScape UC Application is operated with several OpenScape Media Servers, you can optimize audio and video conferences on the basis of the following criteria and divide them between the available OpenScape Media Servers.

- Geographic assignment based on office codes
- Type of conference medium (audio or video)
- Load of the single OpenScape Media Servers

The priority of these criteria is decreasing from top to bottom.

The settings for the geographic assignment and the conference medium type are configured for each OpenScape Media Server individually in the configuration interface of the corresponding conference portal.

9.11.2 Planning System Requirements for Video (Video MCU)

- The conference portal supports video conferencing only for selected deployment scenarios.

The table in [Supported Deployment Scenarios](#) on page 29 describes which ones these are.

- No video conferences are supported via VPN.
- The following additional system requirements apply for the network between video client and OpenScape Media Server.
 - Each video channel requires a maximum transfer rate of approx. 2 Mbit / s (HD) respectively 4 Mbit / s (Full-HD). The transmission rate used

individually may vary strongly and depends on the transmitted video content.

- Package loss rate less than 5 %⁴⁴.

– 0 - 3 % package loss:	good video quality
– 3 - 5 % package loss:	restricted video quality

The conference portal supports the following outbound video resolutions with a fixed framerate of up to 30 images per second by default:

1. CIF	(352 × 288 pixels)
2. HD720p	(1280 × 720 pixels)
3. HD1080p	(1920 × 1080 pixels)
4. QVGA	(320 × 240 pixels)
5. VGA	(640 × 480 pixels)

- The conference portal supports the following inbound video resolutions by default:

1. 4CIF	(704 × 576 pixels)
2. CIF	(352 × 288 pixels)
3. HD720p	(1280 × 720 pixels)
4. HD1080p	(1920 × 1080 pixels)
5. QCIF	(176 × 144 pixels)
6. QVGA	(320 × 240 pixels)
7. VGA	(640 × 480 pixels)

The frame rate of inbound video streams is operation-irrelevant. Other resolutions are cut to the next smaller format.

- Performance values for estimating the supported number of video channels per OpenScape Media Server with a maximum CPU load of 40 % and 10 kBHCA (SIP):

CPU series	CINT2006 rate	Example system	Max. number of simultaneous video channels			
			VGA	HD 720	HD 720 with "Self-View"	HD 1080
Dual X5650	344	RX200 S6 2 × X5650, 2.66 Ghz	21	12	27	–

⁴⁴ The specified package loss rates are benchmarks. The actual perception of the described quality levels depends on the subjective feeling of the single user and on visual influences that affect the environment of the device used.

CPU series	CINT2006 rate	Example system	Max. number of simultaneous video channels			
			VGA	HD 720	HD 720 with "Self-View"	HD 1080
Dual E5-26xx	536	RX200 S7 2 × E5-2650, 2 Ghz	45	19	42	11
	644	RX200 S7 2 × E5-2670, 2.6 Ghz	54	23	51	13
	663	RX200 S7 2 × E5-2680, 2.7 Ghz	56	23	53	13
	695	RX200 S7 2 × E5-2690, 2.9 Ghz	59	25	55	14
Virtual system with the same CPU performance and number of virtual CPUs as stated above			75 %	75 %	75 %	–
			of the respectively specified number of video channels			

- Which video devices are released with OpenScape UC Application documents the sales information about the product OpenScape Video.
- For OpenScape Desktop Client WE / PE at least one of the following cameras should be used to stage video conferences:
 - Logitech C910 / C920 / C930
 - Logitech Pro 9000
 - Microsoft LifeCam

9.11.3 Verifying Restrictions

- When individual conferences are configured and planned, the system resources are not checked for being adequate for the respective conference. Furthermore, no system resources are reserved for conferences that are configured for a later time. This applies for the hardware resources of the OpenScape Media Server used as well as for the existing licenses for conference channels.
To ensure that sufficient system resources are available at the start of a conference, the conference portal system resources should be configured generously.
- In Very Large Deployment it is possible that a conference is not hosted by the same system cluster as the participants who dial in. In this case the conference control provides the participants concerned only with the following features:
 - Recognizing the active speaker
 - Initiating a web conference
 - List of conference participants who have or have not dialed in

- The following must be ensured for displaying the e-mail notifications of the conference portal in the OpenScape clients correctly:
 - The **Use UTF-8 for mailto links** option must be active for Microsoft Internet Explorer under **Tools > Internet options > Advanced > International**. The **Enable UTF-8 support for mailto: protocol** option must be active for Microsoft Outlook 2007 and later. How to activate this option depends on the Microsoft Outlook version used and is described in the associated product documentation.

NOTICE: These settings are the default settings for the respective software and should therefore be configured as demanded.

- Before the conference portal connects a call to a conference it will check whether the associated connection partner is a voicemail system. If this is the case, the conference portal terminates the call and does not connect it to the conference.

The following requirements must be complied with for the conference portal to suppress the connection to voicemail systems in this way:

- OpenScape Voice is used as directly connected communications system.
- In OpenScape Voice, the **SIP Privacy Support** flag must have been set to **Full** for the endpoint profile of the relevant ONS phone numbers. This will signal the addresses for reroutings by means of SIP.
- The user must in the CMP have been assigned the bridge number of the voicemail system used by means of the user-related voicemail number. The conference portal uses the thus configured voicemail numbers as reference value for the above check.

If, however, a user reroutes calls e. g. by means of call forwarding or via a preferred device to a voicemail system, the conference portal cannot suppress the connection to the relevant voicemail system.

9.11.4 Planning required Licenses

In [Planning for Licenses](#) on page 188 you plan which licenses you need for an individual communications solution.

9.12 Planning for video conferencing

To calculate the amount of possible video conference channels on a given hardware, the following statements must be taken into account:

- The behavior in regards of CPU usage when loading the system with UC conference video channel does not match an official benchmark (e.g. PassMark or SpecOrg).
- The performance of a VM depend on the number of assigned virtual CPUs (vCPUs). The difference between the tested CPUs (Intel E5 and AMD Epyc) is not significant.
- The number of vCPUs assigned to a VM should not be higher than the number of physical cores available on the underlying hardware.
- It is recommended to use only up to 16 vCPUs, otherwise the CPU usage may not be linear anymore.

- When putting multiple VMs on the same hardware under high load (>75%), they might have an impact on each other.
- The system load when using the “no individual views” mode depends on the number of participants in a single room. This is not the case in the mode with individual views.
- The “no individual views” mode save a lot of CPU power, enabling the system to handle more conference video channels.

The following recommendations must be taken into account when sizing a VM for using it with the UC Media Server, for running UC video conferences:

- Do not exceed 75% CPU load and keep the rest as safety buffer (Load formula CPU% 75 as maximum).
- Do not assign more than 16 vCPUs. This might result in a nonlinear behavior. Proceed with this only if you are aware of the consequences.
- Do not run more than one UC MediaServer VM for UC video conferences on the same server hardware.
- Make sure that the server hardware is equipped with all memory modules recommended for the CPU type. During testing, a serious performance issue has been noticed. The issue was caused by too less RAM modules plugged in. For example, the AMD Epyc CPU has eight memory controllers and it needs eight RAM modules per CPU, and 16 in servers with two CPUs.

9.12.1 Load formula

Use the formulas below to determine the VM size for the “individual views” and “no individual views” modes.

Formula for “individual views” mode:

$$CPU\% = \frac{p * ResolutionFactor * AmountOfChannel}{AmountOfvCPU}$$

$$AmountOfChannel = \frac{AmountOfvCPUs * CPU\%}{11,536 * ResolutionFactor}$$

The ResolutionFactor depends on the following values:

1) VGA = 1

- HD720 = 2,4
- FullHD = 5

The p variable can be adapted in case the underlying hardware is faster.

Commonly, p = 14 is suitable for most hardware.

On the faster AMD Epyc platform, the value can be decreased to p = 11,5.

Examples:

2) How much CPU load to expect when running 36 HD720 channels on a 16 vCPU VM?

$$CPU\% = \frac{14 * 2,4 * 36}{16} = 75,5$$

- 1) How much VGA channel is it possible to run on an 8 core VM, when the system's CPU usage is 75%?

$$AmountOfChannel = \frac{8 * 75}{14 * 1} \sim 43$$

Formula for "no individual views" mode:

When using the "no individual views" mode, the number of participants in a single conference room must be taken into account.

Since not every conference has the same number of participants, you need to determine an average value for the number of participants.

$$CPU\% = \frac{\left(\frac{p * ResolutionFactor * AmountOfChannel}{AmountOfvCPU} \right)}{r + (participantsPerRoom - 2) * 0,06}$$

$$AmountOfChannel = \frac{AmountOfvCPU * CPU\% * [r + (participantsPerRoom - 2) * 0,06]}{p * ResolutionFactor}$$

The r variable depends on the resolution:

- 1) For VGA, r=1,43
- For HD720, r=1,62
 - For FullHD, r=1,53

Examples:

- 2) How many CPU load can we expect on a 16 vCPU AMD Epyc VM, when 4 participants are in a conference room, using VGA as the resolution and 80 participants are connected in total?

$$CPU\% = \frac{\frac{11,5 * 1 * 80}{16}}{1,43 + (4 - 2) * 0,06} \sim 37$$

- 1) How many channels can a system handle with 75% CPU usage, when using HD720 as the video resolution and, on average, 8 participants are in a conference room on a 16-vCPU machine?

$$AmountOfChannel = \frac{16 * 75 * [1,62 + (8 - 2) * 0,06]}{11,5 * 2,4} \sim 86$$

9.13 Planning for OpenScape Voice Portal (TUI)

You need to execute the following planning steps for using the voice portal with OpenScape UC Application:

- [Estimating required TTS Ports](#)
- [Verifying Restrictions](#)

9.13.1 Estimating required TTS Ports

The voice portal TUI is enabled by the OpenScape Media Server of the OpenScape system. It is thus part of the media services.

Users can operate the voice portal via telephone keypad or voice prompts.

One of the central voice portal components in the TTS engine, which converts text information in spoken text. This feature is required when OpenScape users retrieve e. g. calendar or other text-based information via telephone.

The TTS engine is licensed port-based and language-independent. When planning the TUI you must therefore estimate how many TTS ports are required for the planned number of OpenScape users.

The following table provides a general reference value for the number of required TTS ports depending on the number of users per OpenScape Media Server. A differentiation is made as to whether the integrated voicemail and messaging features are used by OpenScape UC Application or by an external Voicemail / Unified Messaging system.

Table 18: Estimating the required TTS Ports per OpenScape Media Server

Number of OpenScape user per OpenScape Media Server	100	200	500	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	3500
Recommended number of TTS ports per OpenScape Media Server, if VM / UM features are used by UC Application	5	6	8	11	13	15	17	–	–
Recommended number of TTS ports per OpenScape Media Server if VM / UM features of an external system are used – e. g. OpenScape Xpressions	3	4	5	7	8	9	10	11	12
Used number of TTS ports by Conference				2		4		6	

The table also shows the following: Depending on the demand on the TTS feature the TTS engine of the OpenScape Media Server may not support the maximum possible number of users. This limitation can be avoided by connecting OpenScape UC Application in this case to an external voicemail / Unified Messaging system.

9.13.2 Verifying Restrictions

If you use the voice-controlled voice portal (application voice portal "Speech"), the number of contacts entered in the global contact list of OpenScape UC Application must not exceed 1000.

If the global contact list contains more than 1000 contacts, the response times of the voice portal will increase significantly and the quality of recognizing spoken contact names deteriorates.

9.14 Planning for OpenScape Fusion Application Builder

Using OpenScape Fusion Application Builder requires the deployed computer system to comply with at least the following hardware requirements:

Minimum hardware requirements:	• 2-core CPU, 2.66 GHz or better configuration • 4 GB RAM • 150 GB 10 k RPM HD-SAS hard disk drive • DVD-ROM drive • Two Gigabit-Ethernet interfaces
Operating system:	Each Windows operating system on which the following software can be operated: • Java Runtime Environment (JRE) 6 or later • Eclipse Rich Client Platform (RCP) <i>NOTE:</i> Windows Server 2012 is not supported.

9.15 Planning for OpenScape E / A Cockpit

OpenScape E/A Cockpit enables an extended, dynamic forwarding logic for calls and is based on the status of the E/A group subscribers of OpenScape Voice.

You need to execute the following planning steps for using OpenScape E/A Cockpit at OpenScape UC Application:

- [Verifying Restrictions](#)
- [Planning System Requirements for OpenScape E /A Cockpit](#)
- [Planning required Licenses](#)

9.15.1 Verifying Restrictions

The following restrictions apply for OpenScape E/A Cockpit:

- OpenScape E/A Cockpit has been released for the following OpenStage phones:
 - OpenStage 60
 - OpenStage 80
 - Desk Phone IP 55G
- OpenScape E/A Cockpit has been released for the following Desk phone:
 - Desk phone CP600
- In a UC Application environment, OpenScape E/A Cockpit may only be installed on a single computer system. Consequently, there is no redundancy for its function.
- OpenScape E/A Cockpit does not support any NAT.
- Usable for all OpenScape Voice versions released with the OpenScape UC Application version on hand.
- Communication of the OpenScape E / A Cockpit system must not be routed via a load balancer possibly configured.
- For the possible number of E/A Cockpit and UC Application users applies: Each E/A Cockpit user corresponds to five UC Application users when set off against the total number of users.

Example: A maximum of 15.000 UC Application users has been released for a UC Application environment. If 1000 E/A Cockpit users are configured in this case, only 10.000 UC Application users who exclusively use UC Application services can be simultaneously configured.

- Only those E / A Cockpit groups are released that use a maximum of four executives and two assistants.

NOTICE: If E / A Cockpit groups with more than four executives and two assistants are used, a project-specific release is required.

- The OpenStage devices used for OpenScape E/A Cockpit can only communicate via HTTP and not via HTTPS. Consequently, OpenScape E/A Cockpit communicates insecurely only.
- OpenScape E/A Cockpit authenticates neither E/A Cockpit users nor the devices used. A correctly configured device and an assignment of the device to the relevant OpenScape user is sufficient for using the E/A Cockpit features.

9.15.2 Planning System Requirements for OpenScape E /A Cockpit

OpenScape E/A Cockpit is installed on the application computer of OpenScape UC Application for the following deployment scenarios:

- Integrated Deployment
- Small Deployment

For all other deployment scenarios, OpenScape E/A Cockpit must be installed on an additional computer system. This computer system must comply with the hardware requirements that also apply for the front-end computers.

Hardware requirements on an independent E/A Cockpit solution

If OpenScape UC Application shall be used with Small Deployment for an exclusive E/A Cockpit solution, the application computer must only comply with the following reduced hardware requirements:

Table 19: Hardware Requirements Small Deployment for exclusive E/A Cockpit Solution

Hardware configuration – Small Deployment			
System component	Number of computers	Configuration	Number of users
Application computer	1	1	Max. 100 UC Application users
Configuration 1 (minimum configuration) • Intel CORE 2 DUO E7200 (or better configuration) • 8GB RAM • One 250 GB 7.2k RPM 3.5" SATA hard disk drive • One DVD-ROM drive • One Gigabit-Ethernet network board • Certified for SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 12			

NOTICE: These hardware requirements may also be generally applied to smaller UC Application test systems.

9.15.3 Planning required Licenses

In [Planning for Licenses](#) on page 188 you plan which licenses you need for an individual communications solution.

10 Planning for Licenses

This chapter provides information about the following topics:

- [Overview of the License Model of OpenScape UC Application](#)
- [Operating System Licenses for central Components](#)
- [Operating System Licenses for Client Components](#)
- [Basic License for OpenScape UC Application](#)
- [User License for OpenScape UC Application](#)
- [Resource-based Licenses](#)
- [Redundancy License for OpenScape UC Application](#)
- [Licenses for OpenScape E / A Cockpit](#)
- [Licenses for Connecting 3rd-Party Systems](#)
- [Upgrade Licenses for OpenScape UC Application](#)
- [Test Licenses](#)
- [Demo Licenses](#)

10.1 Overview of the License Model of OpenScape UC Application

The license model of OpenScape UC Application is mainly based on user licenses.

Selected OpenScape UC Application features assume in addition that you have selected resource licenses besides such user licenses. Resource licenses comprise e. g. the channel-based licenses for conferences or for the TTS functionality of the voice portal.

NOTICE: You find information about resource-based enhancement licenses in [OpenScape TTS Port License \(Text-to-Speech\)](#) on page 192.

You can divide the licenses for an UC Application environment in the following groups:

- [Operating System Licenses for central Components](#)
- [Operating System Licenses for Client Components](#)
- [Basic License for OpenScape UC Application](#)
- [User License for OpenScape UC Application](#)
- [Upgrade Licenses for OpenScape UC Application](#)
- [Redundancy License for OpenScape UC Application](#)
- [Licenses for OpenScape E / A Cockpit](#)
- [Licenses for Connecting 3rd-Party Systems](#)
- [Test Licenses](#)
- [Demo Licenses](#)

Activation period

After you have installed a UC Application system you can use the software up to 30 days in the following scope without requiring a UC Application license.

Count	License type
1	OSC UC Appl V10 SuSE Upgrade Protection License
1	OpenScape UC Application Base License with:
	1 × OpenScape CMP User Management Feature Package LDAP License
	4 × OpenScape UC Application TTS Port License
	4 × Royalty for TTS Vocalizer 5.x for Network incl. Support
	1 × Unicom (former IBM) Solid Database per User Royalty (needed only for integrated deployment)
100	OpenScape UC Application User License with:
	1 × OpenScape CMP User Management User License
	1 × OpenScape Voice V10 Client Access User License
	1 × OpenScape Voice V8 Client Access User License
	1 × OpenScape Voice V7 Client Access User License
	1 × OpenScape Xpressions V7 Voice User License
1	OpenScape UC Application V10 Standby License
12	OpenScape UC Application Video Conference Channel License
1	OpenScape UC Application Audio Conference Channel License
1	OpenScape UC Application Speech Portal Channel License
4	OpenScape UC Application ASR Port License
4	OpenScape UC Application Auto Attendant Channel License
4	OpenScape UC Application Speech Application Channel License

If you do not install any licenses until expiration of the activation period, the OpenScape UC Application system features cannot be used anymore.

The activation period can only be used once per installed UC Application system. This is also the case if the product is installed again. After having installed the license key, the activation period can no longer be used.

NOTICE: The activation period is provided in order to configure the system. It is not intended for product test or demonstration purposes. For these purposes, individual test or demonstration licenses are available.

The following chapters provide an overview of all licenses. You can obtain a detailed description of all available OpenScape licenses from your sales partner in charge.

10.2 Operating System Licenses for central Components

Various UC Application components are operated on computer systems with Linux operating systems. For each of these computer systems you need a SuSE SLES license.

You can obtain the required licenses in two ways.

- Together with the other UC Application licenses.

In this case you require for each SuSE SLES installation the following license package.

SuSE SLES

This license package contains the following licenses:

Count	License type
1	OSC UC Appl V10 SuSE 3 Year Upgrade Protection License
1	Royalty SuSE SLES 3 Year Upgrade Protection

- Independently from the other UC Application licenses by providing the required SuSE SLES licenses from another source.

In this case you require for each SuSE SLES installation one of the following licenses to suppress the alarms about the missing UC Application-own SuSE SLES licenses.

Count	License type
1	Disabler for SuSE SLES Upgrade Protection License Alarm for 1 year in case of SuSE and upgrades provided by customer

Count	License type
1	Disabler for SuSE SLES Upgrade Protection License Alarm for 2 year in case of SuSE and upgrades provided by customer

Count	License type
1	Disabler for SuSE SLES Upgrade Protection License Alarm for 3 year in case of SuSE and upgrades provided by customer

NOTICE:

When the SUSE SLES Upgrade Protection License is ordered through Mitel, full support responsibility resides with Mitel. This includes the obligation to provide Level 1 (L1) and Level 2 (L2) support for SUSE software to end users of the bundled products.

If customers or partners obtain SLES subscriptions independently (i.e., not through Mitel), they are entitled to request L1 and L2 support directly from SUSE for issues related to the SLES operating system. Support for the Mitel OpenScape

UC software remains unchanged regardless of how the SLES subscription is obtained.

10.3 Operating System Licenses for Client Components

In case of client components use we assume that you already have a sufficient number of licenses for the deployed operating systems.

10.4 Basic License for OpenScape UC Application

With OpenScape UC Application you always receive the following basic-license package. This basic-license package contains all licenses required for operating UC Application components.

OpenScape UC Application Enterprise Edition Base License

Count	License type
1	OpenScape UC Application Base License
1	OpenScape CMP User Management Feature Package LDAP License
4	OpenScape UC Application TTS Port License
4	Royalty for TTS Vocalizer 5.x for Network incl. Support
1	Unicom (former IBM) Solid Database per User Royalty (needed only for integrated deployment)

In addition to this basic license package you need a user license for each user to deploy the OpenScape UC Application features. You find information about the user license in [User License for OpenScape UC Application](#) on page 191.

Depending on the features UC Application users are to deploy, additional resource-based licenses may be required. You find information about resource-based licenses in [Resource-based Licenses](#) on page 192.

10.5 User License for OpenScape UC Application

You need the following license package for each user to deploy OpenScape UC Application features – independent from the features the relevant user shall deploy.

OpenScape Enterprise Edition User License

Count	License type
1	OpenScape UC Application User License
1	OpenScape CMP User Management User License
1	OpenScape Voice V10 Client Access User License

Count	License type
1	OpenScape Voice V9 Client Access User License
1	OpenScape Voice V8 Client Access User License
1	OpenScape Voice V7 Client Access User License
1	OpenScape Xpressions V7 Voice User License

Depending on the features UC Application users are to deploy, additional resource-based licenses may be required. You find information about resource-based licenses in [Resource-based Licenses](#) on page 192.

Resource-based licenses are managed as pool and can thus be deployed for each licensed user.

10.6 Resource-based Licenses

Users may require resource-based licenses in addition to the user license. This depends on the features a user is to deploy with OpenScape UC Application.

Resource-based licenses are managed as pool and can thus be deployed for each licensed user.

The following resource-based enhancement licenses are available:

- [OpenScape TTS Port License \(Text-to-Speech\)](#)
- [OpenScape ASR Port License \(Automatic Speech Recognition\)](#)
- [OpenScape Speech Application Channel \(Interactive Voice Response\)](#)
- [OpenScape Video Conference Channel](#)
- [OpenScape Audio Conference Channel](#)
- [OpenScape Recording Channel](#)
- [OpenScape Speech Portal Channel](#)
- [OpenScape Auto Attendant Channel](#)

OpenScape TTS Port License (Text-to-Speech)

The basic-licenses package contains licenses for four TTS channels. If you wish to use additional TTS channels, you need this license package for every additional TTS channel.

Count	License type
1	OpenScape UC Application TTS Port License
1	Royalty for TTS Vocalizer 5.x for Network incl. Support

OpenScape ASR Port License (Automatic Speech Recognition)

If users are to deploy ASR features with OpenScape UC Application, they require the following license package in a reasonable quantity:

Count	License type
1	OpenScape UC Application ASR Port License
1	Royalty for Nuance Recognizer 9.x incl. Support

OpenScape Speech Application Channel (Interactive Voice Response)

If users are to deploy IVR-based applications with OpenScape UC Application, they require the following license package in a reasonable quantity:

Count	License type
1	OpenScape UC Application Speech Application Channel License

Depending on the system solution, this license may assume the following additional license packages:

Count	License type
1	OpenScape ASR Port License (Automatic Speech Recognition)
1	OpenScape TTS Port License (Text-to-Speech)

OpenScape Video Conference Channel

If users are to deploy video conferencing with OpenScape UC Application, they require the following license package in a reasonable quantity:

Count	License type
1	OpenScape UC Application Video Conference Channel License

NOTICE: Switching on the camera of the video device used or not does not determine if a video conference participant is allocated one of the video licenses available. The point is, however, that the video device used must negotiate with the conference portal the video feature for the RTP connection.

OpenScape Audio Conference Channel

If users are to deploy audio conferencing with OpenScape UC Application, they require the following license package in a reasonable quantity:

Count	License type
1	OpenScape UC Application Audio Conference Channel License

OpenScape Recording Channel

If users are to deploy recordings of audio and video conferencing with OpenScape UC Application, they require the following license package in a reasonable quantity:

Planning for Licenses

Redundancy License for OpenScape UC Application

Count	License type
1	OpenScape UC Recording License

The Recording license includes a concurrent use model where every active recording will consume one license. The license will be consumed by the conference creator. No additional video channel licenses are consumed by Collaboration client participant video.

OpenScape Speech Portal Channel

If users are to deploy the voice-controlled voice portal with OpenScape UC Application, they require the following license package in a reasonable quantity:

Count	License type
1	OpenScape UC Application Speech Portal Channel License

Depending on the system solution, this license may assume the following additional license packages:

Count	License type
1	OpenScape ASR Port License (Automatic Speech Recognition)
1	OpenScape TTS Port License (Text-to-Speech)

OpenScape Auto Attendant Channel

If users are to deploy the Auto Attendant with OpenScape UC Application, they require the following license package in a reasonable quantity:

Count	License type
1	OpenScape UC Application Auto Attendant Channel License

Depending on the system solution, this license may require the following additional licenses:

Count	License type
1	OpenScape TTS Port License (Text-to-Speech)

10.7 Redundancy License for OpenScape UC Application

NOTICE: Using the redundancy option of OpenScape UC Application requires a project-specific release. The thus supported availability models may only be configured by Professional Services & Solutions (PS & S) of Unify Software and Solutions GmbH & Co. KG.

You need the following license to operate the application computer of OpenScape UC Application in “cold” or “warm” stand-by:

OpenScape UC Application Redundancy Option

Count	License type
1	OpenScape UC Application V10 Standby License
1	Unicom (former IBM) Solid Database V100 per User Royalty (needed only for integrated deployment)

NOTICE: When issuing new licenses for any deployment either new or redundant, the licenses must be issued with the exact same content and the only difference must be the “Locking ID” and the “license ID”.

10.8 Licenses for OpenScape E / A Cockpit

If you wish to use OpenScape UC Application with OpenScape E / A Cockpit, you need the following license packages depending on the system environment:

OpenScape E/A- Cockpit V7 Basis License Package

If you use OpenScape UC Application with OpenScape E / A Cockpit, you require the following basic license package. It contains the following licenses to operate a non-redundant OpenScape E / A Cockpit system that comprises up to four premium and eight standard users.

Count	License type
1	OpenScape E / A-Cockpit Basis License
8	OpenScape E / A-Cockpit Standard User License
4	OpenScape E / A-Cockpit Premium User License

If more than four premium and eight standard users are to deploy the OpenScape E / A Cockpit system, you need the following license packages depending on the system environment:

- For each additional standard user the following license:
 - OpenScape E / A-Cockpit Standard User License

- For each additional premium user one of the following licenses:
 - OpenScape E / A-Cockpit Standard User License
 - OpenScape E / A-Cockpit Premium User License

NOTICE: If an OpenScape E / A Cockpit system is to use groups with more than four bosses and two secretaries, a project-specific release is required.

The following table shows which OpenScape E / A Cockpit features are assigned to these user licenses.

Table 20: E / A Cockpit User Licenses and their deployable E / A Cockpit Features

OpenScape E / A Cockpit features	Standard	OpenScape E/A Cockpit Premium User License
Presence status for bosses (call forwarding)	✓	✓
Call forwarding to an assistant (one priority) – if available	✓	
Call forwarding to an assistant (five priorities) – if available – normal – always – normal (cell phone) – normal (to extension)		✓
Presence status for assistants	✓	✓
Stand-ins for assistants		✓
Displaying and managing presence status	✓	✓
Controlling E / A Cockpit features without XML user interface for bosses	✓	✓
Message Waiting Indicator (MWI)		✓
Notification of assistants about calls for bosses		✓

OpenScape E / A Cockpit features	Standard	OpenScape E/A Cockpit Premium User License
Notification about calls in case of busy line		✓
Call cell phone option		✓
Removed activation of call forwarding to cell phone		✓

10.9 Licenses for Connecting 3rd-Party Systems

When connecting a 3rd-party system to OpenScape UC Application you always need to have all licenses required for operating the relevant foreign system.

Licenses exist for the following 3rd-party systems:

- [Lotus Domino](#)
- [OpenScape Web Collaboration](#)
- [Openfire Instant Messaging](#)

10.9.1 Lotus Domino

When you use OpenScape UC Application at an IBM Lotus Domino system you need to install an additional Lotus Domino server on the UC Application application server. With this server a Notes API is installed, which is required for the Lotus Domino connection.

10.9.2 OpenScape Web Collaboration

You find information about the licenses of OpenScape Web Collaboration in the Sales Information for OpenScape Web Collaboration.

10.9.3 Openfire Instant Messaging

If you wish to use OpenScape UC Application with an Openfire server inclusive service support you need the following license:

Openfire Software Support

Count	License type
1	Support for Openfire Instant Messaging Software

10.10 Upgrade Licenses for OpenScape UC Application

Upgrade licenses can be grouped as follows:

- [Version Upgrade of System Licenses](#)
- [Version Upgrade of User Licenses](#)
- [Version Upgrade from external Systems](#)

10.10.1 Version Upgrade of System Licenses

There are the following upgrade licenses for upgrading system licenses to the current version of OpenScape UC Application:

- [OpenScape Enterprise Edition Base License Upgrade](#)
- [OpenScape Voice Upgrade and OpenScape Enterprise Edition Base License Upgrade](#)
- [ComAssistant \(Base\) to OSC UC Application \(Base\)](#)
- [OpenScape TTS Port License \(Voice Portal\) Upgrade](#)
- [OpenScape ASR Port License \(Automatic Speech Recognition\) Upgrade](#)
- [OpenScape Speech Application Channel Upgrade](#)
- [OpenScape Video Conference Channel Upgrade](#)
- [OpenScape Speech Portal Channel Upgrade](#)
- [OpenScape Auto Attendant Channel Upgrade](#)
- [OpenScape E / A Cockpit Upgrade](#)

OpenScape Enterprise Edition Base License Upgrade

You need this license package for upgrading the basic-licenses package of OpenScape UC Application

Count	License type
1	OpenScape UC Application V10 Base Upgrade from V7 or V6 License
100	OpenScape UC Application V10 User Upgrade from V7 or V6 Team License
100	OpenScape Voice V10 Client Access User License
100	OpenScape CMP V7 User Management User Upgrade from V6
1	OpenScape CMP V7 User Management Feature Package LDAP Upgrade from V6
100	OpenScape Xpressions V7 Voice User License
4	OpenScape UC Application V10 TTS Port Upgrade from V6 License
2	OpenScape UC Application V10 Speech Portal Channel. Upgrade from V7 License
2	OpenScape UC Application V10 Auto Attendant Channel Upgrade from V7 License

Count	License type
20	OpenScape UC Application V10 Audio Conference Channel License
1	OpenScape Web Collaboration V7 Upgrade Base (Embedded)
3	OpenScape Web Collaboration V7 Upgrade Room (Embedded)
1	OpenScape UC Application V10 SuSE 3 Year Upgrade Protection License
1	Royalty SuSE SLES 3 Year Upgrade Protection
2	Unicom (former IBM) Solid Database V100 per User Royalty (needed only for integrated deployment)

OpenScape Voice Upgrade and OpenScape Enterprise Edition Base License Upgrade

You need this license package for upgrading the basic-licenses package of OpenScape UC Application including OpenScape Voice.

Count	License type
1	OpenScape UC Application V10 Base Upgrade from V7 or V6 License
100	OpenScape UC Application V10 User Upgrade from V7 or V6 Team License
100	OpenScape Voice V10 Client Access User License
100	OS Voice V10 Dynamic User License
100	OpenScape CMP V7 User Management User Upgrade from V6
1	OpenScape CMP V7 User Management Feature Package LDAP Upgrade from V6
100	OpenScape Xpressions V7 Voice User License
4	OpenScape UC Application V10 TTS Port Upgrade from V7 License
2	OpenScape UC Application V10 Speech Portal Channel Upgrade from V7 License
2	OpenScape UC Application V10 Auto Attendant Channel Upgrade from V7 License
20	OpenScape UC Application V10 Audio Conference Channel License
1	OpenScape Web Collaboration V7 Upgrade Base (Embedded)
3	OpenScape Web Collaboration V7 Upgrade Room (Embedded)
1	OpenScape UC Application V10 SuSE 3 Year Upgrade Protection License
1	Royalty SuSE SLES 3 Year Upgrade Protection

Count	License type
2	Unicom (former IBM) Solid Database V100 per User Royalty (needed only for integrated deployment)
1	OpenScape Voice V10 Basis Upgrade from ≤ V8 License
3	Unicom (former IBM) Solid Database V100 per User Royalty (needed only for integrated deployment)
1	OpenScape Voice V10 UC Server License

ComAssistant (Base) to OSC UC Application (Base)

You need this license package for upgrading the basic-licenses package of ComAssistant to OpenScape UC Application.

Count	License type
1	OpenScape UC Application V10 Base License
1	OpenScape CMP V7 User Management Feature Package LDAP License
4	OpenScape UC Application V10 TTS Port License
1	OpenScape UC Application V10 Video Conference Channel License
4	Royalty for TTS Vocalizer 5.x for Network incl. Support
2	Unicom (former IBM) Solid Database V100 per User Royalty (needed only for integrated deployment)

OpenScape TTS Port License (Voice Portal) Upgrade

You need this license package for upgrading TTS port licenses for the voice portal.

Count	License type
1	OpenScape UC Application TTS Port Upgrade from V7 License

OpenScape ASR Port License (Automatic Speech Recognition) Upgrade

You need this license package for upgrading ASR port licenses.

Count	License type
1	OpenScape UC Application ASR Port Upgrade from V7 License

OpenScape Speech Application Channel Upgrade

You need this license package for upgrading channel licenses for IVR-based applications.

Count	License type
1	OpenScape UC Application Speech Application Channel Upgrade from V7 License

OpenScape Video Conference Channel Upgrade

You need this license package for upgrading licenses for video conferencing channels.

Count	License type
1	OpenScape UC Application Video Conference Channel Upgrade for V7 License

OpenScape Speech Portal Channel Upgrade

You need this license package for upgrading channel licenses for the voice-controlled voice portal.

Count	License type
1	OpenScape UC Application Speech Portal Channel Upgrade from V7 License

OpenScape Auto Attendant Channel Upgrade

You need this license package for upgrading channel licenses for the Auto Attendant.

Count	License type
1	OpenScape UC Application Auto Attendant Channel Upgrade from V7 License

OpenScape E / A Cockpit Upgrade

The following license package is available for upgrading an existing OpenScape E / A Cockpit solution. You need to order this package once at the most.

Count	License type
1	OpenScape E / A-Cockpit Upgrade to V7 License

10.10.2 Version Upgrade of User Licenses

There are the following upgrade licenses for upgrading user licenses to the current version of OpenScape UC Application:

- [OpenScape Enterprise Edition Essential User License Upgrade per 10 Users](#)
- [OpenScape Enterprise Edition Professional User License Upgrade per 10 Users](#)
- [OpenScape Enterprise Edition Team User License Upgrade per 10 Users](#)
- [ComAssistant \(User\) to OSC UC Application \(User\)](#)

- [OpenScape Xpressions OptiClient Extensions to OpenScape UC Application User License](#)

OpenScape Enterprise Edition Essential User License Upgrade per 10 Users

You need this license package for upgrading the licenses of 10 Essential users.

Count	License type
10	OpenScape UC Application V10 User Upgrade from V7 Essential License
10	OpenScape CMP V7 User Management User Upgrade
10	OpenScape Voice V10 Client Access User License
10	OpenScape Xpressions V7 Voice User License

NOTICE: Additional, resource-based licenses may be required depending on the features a user is to deploy. You find information about resource-based enhancement licenses in [Resource-based Licenses](#) on page 192.

OpenScape Enterprise Edition Professional User License Upgrade per 10 Users

You need this license package for upgrading the licenses of 10 Professional users.

Count	License type
10	OpenScape UC Application V10 User Upgrade from V7 Professional License
10	OpenScape CMP V7 User Management User Upgrade
10	OpenScape Voice V10 Client Access User License
10	OpenScape Xpressions V7 Voice User License
1	OpenScape UC Application V10 Audio Conference Channel License

NOTICE: Additional, resource-based licenses may be required depending on the features a user is to deploy. You find information about resource-based enhancement licenses in [Resource-based Licenses](#) on page 192.

OpenScape Enterprise Edition Team User License Upgrade per 10 Users

You need this license package for upgrading the licenses of 10 Team users.

Count	License type
10	OpenScape UC Application V10 User Upgrade from V7 Team License
10	OpenScape CMP V7 UM User Upgrade
10	OpenScape Voice V10 Client Access User License
10	OpenScape Xpressions V7 Voice User License
3	OpenScape UC Application V10 Audio Conference Channel License

NOTICE: Additional, resource-based licenses may be required depending on the features a user is to deploy. You find information about resource-based enhancement licenses in [Resource-based Licenses](#) on page 192.

ComAssistant (User) to OSC UC Application (User)

You need this license package for upgrading the license of every ComAssistant user to be upgraded to a user of OpenScape UC Application.

Count	License type
1	OpenScape Voice V10 Client Access User License
1	OpenScape Voice V9 Client Access User License
1	OpenScape Voice V8 Client Access User License
1	OpenScape Voice V7 Client Access User License
1	OpenScape UC Application V10 User Upgrade from ComAssistant Base User License
1	OpenScape CMP V7 User Management User License
1	OpenScape Xpressions V7 Voice User License

NOTICE: Additional, resource-based licenses may be required depending on the features a user is to deploy. You find information about resource-based enhancement licenses in [Resource-based Licenses](#) on page 192.

OpenScape Xpressions OptiClient Extensions to OpenScape UC Application User License

You need this license package for upgrading the license for OpenScape Xpressions OptiClient Extensions to a user of OpenScape UC Application.

Count	License type
1	OpenScape Voice V10 Client Access User License
1	OpenScape Voice V9 Client Access User License

Count	License type
1	OpenScape Voice V8 Client Access User License
1	OpenScape Voice V7 Client Access User License
1	OpenScape UC Application V10 User License
1	OpenScape CMP V7 User Management User License

NOTICE: Additional, resource-based licenses may be required depending on the features a user is to deploy. You find information about resource-based enhancement licenses in [Resource-based Licenses](#) on page 192.

10.10.3 Version Upgrade from external Systems

10.10.3.1 Version Upgrade from OpenScape Web Collaboration

The following license packages are available for upgrading an existing OpenScape Web Collaboration solution:

OpenScape Web Collaboration Upgrade Room License (Embedded)

You need this license package for upgrading single conference room licenses.

Count	License type
1	OpenScape Web Collaboration V7 Upgrade Room (Embedded)

NOTICE: The general upgrade license for OpenScape Web Collaboration (Embedded) is contained in the basic upgrade license for OpenScape UC Application. Compare [Version Upgrade of System Licenses](#) on page 198.

You need this license package for the Reverse Proxy server (HAProxy) in case of integrated OpenScape Web Collaboration.

Count	License type
1	Novell SUSE Update Protection Subscription license

10.11 Licenses for OpenScape Mobile

There are three types of Licenses for OpenScape Mobile (OSMO)

- [OpenScape Voice only](#)
- [OpenScape UC only](#)
- [Combined OpenScape UC and OpenScape Voice](#)

10.11.1 OpenScape Voice only

This does not belong to OpenScape UC, please refer to OpenScape Voice documentation

10.11.2 OpenScape UC only

Every softphone (e.g. OpenScape Fusion for Office) consumes a Dynamic User License (DUL).

Also every registered mobile device consumes a Dynamic User License.

10.11.3 Combined OpenScape UC and OpenScape Voice

Every softphone (e.g. OpenScape Fusion for Office) consumes a Dynamic User License (DUL).

Also every registered mobile device consumes a Dynamic User License.

Also every Desk Phone (from OpenScape Voice) requires a Dynamic User License.

So you have to consider the required licenses for both OpenScape Voice and OpenScape UC.

10.12 Test Licenses

The following test licenses are available for testing OpenScape UC Application:

OpenScape UC Application Evaluation License

This license allows testing OpenScape UC Application for 90 days in the following scope:

Count	License type
1	OpenScape UC Application Evaluation Base License with:
	100 × OpenScape Enterprise Edition User License
	10 × OpenScape Enterprise Edition HFA User License
	2 × OpenScape TTS Port License
	1 × OpenScape Speech Portal Channel License
	1 × OpenScape ASR Port License
	25 × OpenScape Audio Conference Channel License
	4 × OpenScape Video Conference Channel License
	1 × OpenScape Auto Attendant Channel License

Count	License type
	1 × OpenScape Speech Application Channel
2	Unicom (former IBM) Solid Database V100 per User Royalty (needed only for integrated deployment)
1	SuSE SLES 1 Year Upgrade Protection Key
1	Royalty SuSE SLES 1 Year Upgrade Protection

OpenScape E/A Cockpit Evaluation Package

This license allows testing OpenScape E / A Cockpit for 90 days in the following scope:

Count	License type
1	OpenScape E / A-Cockpit Evaluation Basis License with:
	16 × Standard User Evaluation License
	8 × Premium User Evaluation License

10.13 Demo Licenses

For presenting OpenScape UC Application to potential customers e. g. at fairs, the following demo licenses are available:

OpenScape UC Application Demo License

This license allows testing OpenScape UC Application indefinitely in the following scope:

Count	License type
1	OpenScape UC Application Demo Base License with:
	25 × OpenScape Enterprise Edition User License
	5 × OpenScape Enterprise Edition HFA User License
	2 × OpenScape TTS Port License
	1 × OpenScape Speech Portal Channel License
	1 × OpenScape ASR Port License
	10 × OpenScape Audio Conference Channel License
	4 × OpenScape Video Conference Channel License
	1 × OpenScape Auto Attendant Channel License
	1 × OpenScape Speech Application Channel License

Count	License type
1	SuSE SLES 1 Year Upgrade Protection Key
1	Royalty SuSE SLES 1 Year Upgrade Protection

OpenScape E / A Cockpit Demo Package

This license allows testing OpenScape E / A Cockpit infinitely in the following scope:

Count	License type
1	OpenScape E / A-Cockpit V7 Demo Basis License with:
	16 × Standard User Demo License
	8 × Premium User Demo License

11 Environment-dependent Plannings

This chapter provides information about the following topics:

- [Port Settings for existing Firewall Systems](#)

11.1 Port Settings for existing Firewall Systems

OpenScape UC Application can also be used in a network environment that deploys Firewall systems. In this case ports defined in the firewall systems must be shared for enabling the components of the UC Application environment to communicate trouble-free.

You find a detailed description of these ports in the *OpenScape UC Application, Installation and Upgrade* manual.

12 Planning Worksheets

The purpose of these worksheets is to plan out a system and then provide these sheets to the administrators who will make the system changes as well as to installers. Defining this information in advance and providing it to installers will speed up the installation process considerably.

12.1 Planning the System Units

Use the following table to plan the system units of the communications solution.

Table 21: “Planning Basics” Worksheet

Entity	Components	Check those that apply
Deployment scenario		—
Communications system		—
Groupware used	Microsoft Exchange Server	
	IBM Lotus Domino	
Presence system		
Web conference system		
Voicemail / UM system		
LDAP directory		
OpenScape Media Server		
Number of users (inclusive voice and conference portal)		
Clients	Number of OpenScape Desktop Clients _____ Thereof: CTI _____ SIP _____ HFA _____	

Entity	Components	Check those that apply
	Number of OpenScape Web Clients _____	
	Number of OpenScape Mobile Clients _____	
	Number of Outlook plug-ins _____	

12.2 Documenting System Information

Use the following worksheets to note down the planning information required during the implementation of the OpenScape project.

- [Important Customer Contacts](#)
- [Required Licenses](#)
- [Server or Device Names and IP Addresses](#)
- [Account Names and Passwords](#)
- [UC Application User](#)

12.2.1 Important Customer Contacts

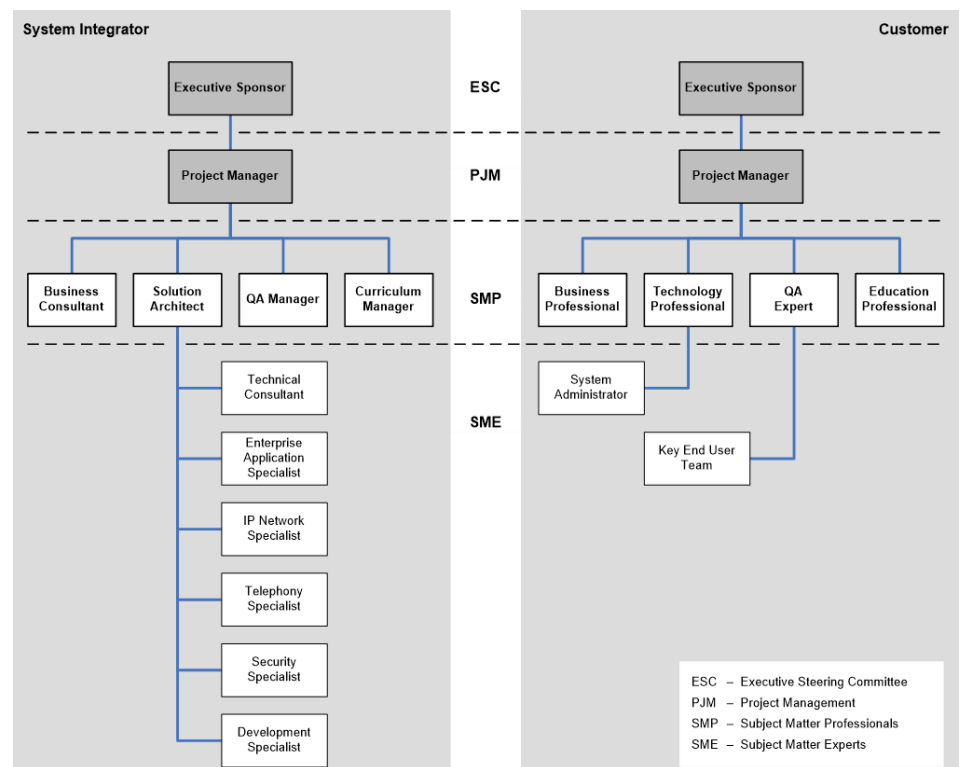
Note down the most important customer contacts here:

Table 22: “Important Customer Contacts” Worksheet

Contact	Name	E-mail	Phone	Remarks
Project manager				Most important contact
Technical person in charge of OpenScape UC Application				
Technical person in charge of the communications system				
Technical person in charge of the groupware system				

Contact	Name	E-mail	Phone	Remarks
Technical person in charge of the LDAP directory server				
Technical person in charge of the Active Directory				
Technical person in charge of LAN				
Technical person in charge of WAN				

The overall project is managed and monitored by a project manager from the outset. The people typically involved in a project are shown in this diagram.



12.2.2 Required Licenses

Various licenses are required for OpenScape UC Application to function fully. In the following table you can document the number of licenses required for your individual communication solution.

Table 23: “Licenses” Worksheet

Type of license	Count	Remark
Operating system licenses		
For central components of OpenScape UC Application that are not installed on the computer system of OpenScape Voice		Acquisition from third-party supplier
For OpenScape UC Application client components		Acquisition from third-party supplier
OpenScape UC Application basic license		
OpenScape UC Application basic license		One of these licenses is required.
Basic license OpenScape UC Application and OpenScape Voice		
Extension licenses		
Redundancy Option license		For redundant application server required once.
TTS Port license		From the fifth TTS port required port-wise.
Essential User license		From the first Essential user required user-wise.
Professional User license		From the first Professional user required user-wise.
Team User license		As of the 101st team user required user-wise. The first 100 Team users are contained in the basic licenses.
Personal SIP User license		Required from the first user who deploys the OpenScape Desktop Client (Personal Edition) as SIP client (user-wise).
Personal HFA User license		Required from the first user who deploys the OpenScape Desktop Client (Personal Edition) as HFA client (user-wise).

Type of license	Count	Remark
• Personal CTI User license		Required from the first user who deploys the OpenScape Desktop Client (Personal Edition) as CTI client (user-wise).
• Mobile Client license		Required from the first user who deploys the OpenScape Mobile Client (user-wise).
Upgrade licenses Please consult you sales partner for information on this.		
Connection to foreign systems		
• IBM Lotus Domino Server (groupware server)		Acquisition from third-party supplier
• IBM Lotus Domino connector Server (application server)	–	Acquisition from third-party supplier
• Microsoft Exchange Server		Acquisition from third-party supplier
• OpenScape Web Collaboration Base		If OpenScape Web Collaboration is to be used, required once.
• OpenScape Web Collaboration Room		As many licenses as many simultaneous conference rooms to be possible.
• OpenScape Web Collaboration Redundancy		For redundant system of OpenScape Web Collaboration required once.
• OpenScape E / A Cockpit Base		For a non-redundant OpenScape E / A Cockpit system with up to four premium and eight standard users
• OpenScape E/A Cockpit Standard User license		Required from the fifth premium and ninth standard user (user-wise).
• OpenScape E/A Cockpit Premium User license		Required from the fifth E / A Cockpit user (premium) (user-wise).
Test licenses		

Type of license	Count	Remark
• Evaluation license		100 users for OpenScape Voice 100 team users for OpenScape UC Application 100 mobile users for OpenScape UC Application 4 TTS ports (language-independent)
• Evaluation license package OpenScape Web Collaboration		10 simultaneous conference rooms
• Evaluations license package OpenScape E / A Cockpit		5 standard users 5 premium users
Further		

12.2.3 Server or Device Names and IP Addresses

Have the customer's network administrator record the names and addresses to be used for the various servers.

Table 24: "Server Information" Worksheet

Server	System name	Domain name	IP Address	Port	Initial
Communications system					
GW connected to communications system					
External PBX (NStA)					
OpenScape UC Application					
OpenScape Media Server					
OpenScape front-end server					
Facade server					
Load balancer					
Groupware					
Exchange					

[illegible]

12.2.4 Account Names and Passwords

Have the customer's network administrator record the names and passwords to be used for the various accounts.

Table 25: “User Accounts” Worksheet

[illegible]

12.2.5 UC Application User

A specific number of subscribers to the communications system uses the UC Application services. These subscribers must therefore be configured in the OpenScope UC Application. The OpenScope Media Server must also have its voice portal and conferencing extensions configured as well to allow users access to these functions.

Table 26: “UC Application User” Worksheet

[illegible]

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